

Problem Determination and Service Guide



Problem Determination and Service Guide

Note: Before using this information and the product it supports, read the general information in Appendix B, "Notices," on page 259, the IBM Safety Information and Environmental Notices and User Guide documents on the Documentation CD, and the Warranty Information document. The most recent version of this document is available at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/.

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Safety

Before installing this product, read the Safety Information.

قبل تركيب هذا المنتج، يجب قراءة الملاحظات الأمنية

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações de Segurança.

在安装本产品之前,请仔细阅读 Safety Information (安全信息)。

安裝本產品之前,請先閱讀「安全資訊」。

Prije instalacije ovog produkta obavezno pročitajte Sigurnosne Upute.

Před instalací tohoto produktu si přečtěte příručku bezpečnostních instrukcí.

Læs sikkerhedsforskrifterne, før du installerer dette produkt.

Lees voordat u dit product installeert eerst de veiligheidsvoorschriften.

Ennen kuin asennat tämän tuotteen, lue turvaohjeet kohdasta Safety Information.

Avant d'installer ce produit, lisez les consignes de sécurité.

Vor der Installation dieses Produkts die Sicherheitshinweise lesen.

Πριν εγκαταστήσετε το προϊόν αυτό, διαβάστε τις πληροφορίες ασφάλειας (safety information).

לפני שתתקינו מוצר זה, קראו את הוראות הבטיחות.

A termék telepítése előtt olvassa el a Biztonsági előírásokat!

Prima di installare questo prodotto, leggere le Informazioni sulla Sicurezza.

製品の設置の前に、安全情報をお読みください。

본 제품을 설치하기 전에 안전 정보를 읽으십시오.

Пред да се инсталира овој продукт, прочитајте информацијата за безбедност.

Les sikkerhetsinformasjonen (Safety Information) før du installerer dette produktet.

Przed zainstalowaniem tego produktu, należy zapoznać się z książką "Informacje dotyczące bezpieczeństwa" (Safety Information).

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações sobre Segurança.

Перед установкой продукта прочтите инструкции по технике безопасности.

Pred inštaláciou tohto zariadenia si pečítaje Bezpečnostné predpisy.

Pred namestitvijo tega proizvoda preberite Varnostne informacije.

Antes de instalar este producto, lea la información de seguridad.

Läs säkerhetsinformationen innan du installerar den här produkten.

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Guidelines for trained service technicians

This section contains information for trained service technicians.

Inspecting for unsafe conditions

Use the information in this section to help you identify potential unsafe conditions in an IBM product that you are working on. Each IBM product, as it was designed and manufactured, has required safety items to protect users and service technicians from injury. The information in this section addresses only those items. Use good judgment to identify potential unsafe conditions that might be caused by non-IBM alterations or attachment of non-IBM features or optional devices that are not addressed in this section. If you identify an unsafe condition, you must determine how serious the hazard is and whether you must correct the problem before you work on the product.

Consider the following conditions and the safety hazards that they present:

- Electrical hazards, especially primary power. Primary voltage on the frame can cause serious or fatal electrical shock.
- Explosive hazards, such as a damaged CRT face or a bulging capacitor.
- · Mechanical hazards, such as loose or missing hardware.

To inspect the product for potential unsafe conditions, complete the following steps:

- 1. Make sure that the power is off and the power cord is disconnected.
- 2. Make sure that the exterior cover is not damaged, loose, or broken, and observe any sharp edges.
- 3. Check the power cord:
 - Make sure that the third-wire ground connector is in good condition. Use a
 meter to measure third-wire ground continuity for 0.1 ohm or less between
 the external ground pin and the frame ground.
 - Make sure that the power cord is the correct type, as specified in "Power cords" on page 136.
 - · Make sure that the insulation is not frayed or worn.
- 4. Remove the cover.
- 5. Check for any obvious non-IBM alterations. Use good judgment as to the safety of any non-IBM alterations.
- 6. Check inside the server for any obvious unsafe conditions, such as metal filings, contamination, water or other liquid, or signs of fire or smoke damage.
- 7. Check for worn, frayed, or pinched cables.
- 8. Make sure that the power-supply cover fasteners (screws or rivets) have not been removed or tampered with.

Guidelines for servicing electrical equipment

Observe the following guidelines when you service electrical equipment:

- Check the area for electrical hazards such as moist floors, nongrounded power extension cords, and missing safety grounds.
- Use only approved tools and test equipment. Some hand tools have handles that are covered with a soft material that does not provide insulation from live electrical currents.
- Regularly inspect and maintain your electrical hand tools for safe operational condition. Do not use worn or broken tools or testers.

- Do not touch the reflective surface of a dental mirror to a live electrical circuit. The surface is conductive and can cause personal injury or equipment damage if it touches a live electrical circuit.
- Some rubber floor mats contain small conductive fibers to decrease electrostatic discharge. Do not use this type of mat to protect yourself from electrical shock.
- Do not work alone under hazardous conditions or near equipment that has hazardous voltages.
- · Locate the emergency power-off (EPO) switch, disconnecting switch, or electrical outlet so that you can turn off the power quickly in the event of an electrical accident.
- Disconnect all power before you perform a mechanical inspection, work near power supplies, or remove or install main units.
- Before you work on the equipment, disconnect the power cord. If you cannot disconnect the power cord, have the customer power-off the wall box that supplies power to the equipment and lock the wall box in the off position.
- Never assume that power has been disconnected from a circuit. Check it to make sure that it has been disconnected.
- If you have to work on equipment that has exposed electrical circuits, observe the following precautions:
 - Make sure that another person who is familiar with the power-off controls is near you and is available to turn off the power if necessary.
 - When you are working with powered-on electrical equipment, use only one hand. Keep the other hand in your pocket or behind your back to avoid creating a complete circuit that could cause an electrical shock.
 - When you use a tester, set the controls correctly and use the approved probe leads and accessories for that tester.
 - Stand on a suitable rubber mat to insulate you from grounds such as metal floor strips and equipment frames.
- · Use extreme care when you measure high voltages.
- To ensure proper grounding of components such as power supplies, pumps, blowers, fans, and motor generators, do not service these components outside of their normal operating locations.
- · If an electrical accident occurs, use caution, turn off the power, and send another person to get medical aid.

Safety statements

Important:

Each caution and danger statement in this document is labeled with a number. This number is used to cross reference an English-language caution or danger statement with translated versions of the caution or danger statement in the Safety Information document.

For example, if a caution statement is labeled "Statement 1," translations for that caution statement are in the Safety Information document under "Statement 1."

Be sure to read all caution and danger statements in this document before you perform the procedures. Read any additional safety information that comes with the server or optional device before you install the device.

Statement 1:





DANGER

Electrical current from power, telephone, and communication cables is hazardous.

To avoid a shock hazard:

- · Do not connect or disconnect any cables or perform installation, maintenance, or reconfiguration of this product during an electrical storm.
- Connect all power cords to a properly wired and grounded electrical
- · Connect to properly wired outlets any equipment that will be attached to this product.
- · When possible, use one hand only to connect or disconnect signal
- · Never turn on any equipment when there is evidence of fire, water, or structural damage.
- Disconnect the attached power cords, telecommunications systems, networks, and modems before you open the device covers, unless instructed otherwise in the installation and configuration procedures.
- · Connect and disconnect cables as described in the following table when installing, moving, or opening covers on this product or attached devices.

To Connect:

- 1. Turn everything OFF.
- 2. First, attach all cables to devices.
- 3. Attach signal cables to connectors.
- 4. Attach power cords to outlet.
- 5. Turn device ON.

To Disconnect:

- 1. Turn everything OFF.
- 2. First, remove power cords from outlet.
- 3. Remove signal cables from connectors.
- 4. Remove all cables from devices.

Statement 2:



CAUTION:

When replacing the lithium battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

Do not:

- · Throw or immerse into water
- Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- · Repair or disassemble

Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

Statement 3:



CAUTION:

When laser products (such as CD-ROMs, DVD drives, fiber optic devices, or transmitters) are installed, note the following:

- · Do not remove the covers. Removing the covers of the laser product could result in exposure to hazardous laser radiation. There are no serviceable parts inside the device.
- Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein might result in hazardous radiation exposure.



DANGER

Some laser products contain an embedded Class 3A or Class 3B laser diode. Note the following.

Laser radiation when open. Do not stare into the beam, do not view directly with optical instruments, and avoid direct exposure to the beam.



Class 1 Laser Product Laser Klasse 1 Laser Klass 1 Luokan 1 Laserlaite Appareil À Laser de Classe 1

Statement 4:









≥ 32 kg (70.5 lb)



≥ 55 kg (121.2 lb)

CAUTION:

Use safe practices when lifting.

Statement 5:





CAUTION:

The power control button on the device and the power switch on the power supply do not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one power cord. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.



Statement 8:





CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has the following label attached.



Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

Statement 12:



CAUTION:

The following label indicates a hot surface nearby.



Statement 26:



CAUTION:

Do not place any object on top of rack-mounted devices.



This server is suitable for use on an IT power-distribution system whose maximum phase-to-phase voltage is 240 V under any distribution fault condition.

Statement 27:



CAUTION: Hazardous moving parts are nearby.



Chapter 1. Start here

You can solve many problems without outside assistance by following the troubleshooting procedures in this *Problem Determination and Service Guide* and on the IBM Web site. This document describes the diagnostic tests that you can perform, troubleshooting procedures, and explanations of error messages and error codes. The documentation that comes with your operating system and software also contains troubleshooting information.

Diagnosing a problem

Before you contact IBM or an approved warranty service provider, follow these procedures in the order in which they are presented to diagnose a problem with your server:

1. Determine what has changed.

Determine whether any of the following items were added, removed, replaced, or updated before the problem occurred:

- · Hardware components
- · Device drivers and firmware
- System software
- UEFI firmware
- · System input power or network connections

If possible, return the server to the condition it was in before the problem occurred.

2. View the operator information panel LEDs and event logs.

The server is designed for ease of diagnosis of hardware and software problems.

- **System error codes:** See "POST error messages" on page 24 for information about error codes.
- **Software or operating-system error codes:** See the documentation for the software or operating system for information about a specific error code. See the manufacturer's Web site for documentation.
- Operator information panel LEDs: See "Front view" on page 9 for information about operator information panel LEDs that are lit.
- System-board LEDs: See "System-board LEDs" on page 19 for information about system-board LEDs that are lit.

3. Run Dynamic System Analysis (DSA) and collect system data.

Run Dynamic System Analysis (DSA) to collect information about the hardware, firmware, software, and operating system. Have this information available when you contact IBM or an approved warranty service provider. For instructions for running DSA, see the *Dynamic System Analysis Installation and User's Guide*.

To download the latest version of DSA code and the *Dynamic System Analysis Installation and User's Guide*, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?brand=5000008&Indocid=SERV-DSA.

4. Check for and apply code updates.

Fixes or workarounds for many problems might be available in updated UEFI firmware, device firmware, or device drivers.

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Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

a. Install Update Xpress system updates.

You can install code updates that are packaged as an Update Xpress System Pack or Update *Xpress* CD image. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.

Be sure to separately install any listed critical updates that have release dates that are later than the release date of the Update Xpress System Pack or Update Xpress image (see step 4b).

b. Install manual system updates.

1) Determine the existing code levels.

In DSA, click Firmware/VPD to view system firmware levels, or click **Software** to view operating-system levels.

2) Download and install updates of code that is not at the latest level. For information about updating the firmware, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231

5. Check for and correct an incorrect configuration.

If the server is incorrectly configured, a system function can fail to work when you enable it; if you make an incorrect change to the server configuration, a system function that has been enabled can stop working.

a. Make sure that all installed hardware and software are supported.

See http://www.ibm.com/systems/info/x86servers/serverproven/compat/us/ to verify that the server supports the installed operating system, optional devices, and software levels. If any hardware or software component is not supported, uninstall it to determine whether it is causing the problem. You must remove nonsupported hardware before you contact IBM or an approved warranty service provider for support.

b. Make sure that the server, operating system, and software are installed and configured correctly.

Many configuration problems are caused by loose power or signal cables or incorrectly seated adapters. You might be able to solve the problem by turning off the server, reconnecting cables, reseating adapters, and turning the server back on. For information about performing the checkout procedure, see "Checkout procedure" on page 36. For information about configuring the server, see "Configuring the server" on page 231.

6. See controller and management software documentation.

If the problem is associated with a specific function (for example, if a RAID hard disk drive is marked offline in the RAID array), see the documentation for the associated controller and management or controlling software to verify that the controller is correctly configured.

Problem determination information is available for many devices such as RAID and network adapters.

For problems with operating systems or IBM software or devices, go to http://www.ibm.com/supportportal/.

7. Check for troubleshooting procedures and RETAIN tips.

Troubleshooting procedures and RETAIN tips document known problems and suggested solutions. To search for troubleshooting procedures and RETAIN tips, go to http://www.ibm.com/supportportal/.

8. Use the troubleshooting tables.

See "Troubleshooting tables" on page 38 to find a solution to a problem that has identifiable symptoms.

A single problem might cause multiple symptoms. Follow the troubleshooting procedure for the most obvious symptom. If that procedure does not diagnose the problem, use the procedure for another symptom, if possible.

If the problem remains, contact IBM or an approved warranty service provider for assistance with additional problem determination and possible hardware replacement. To open an online service request, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/electronic/portal/. Be prepared to provide information about any error codes and collected data.

Undocumented problems

If you have completed the diagnostic procedure and the problem remains, the problem might not have been previously identified by IBM. After you have verified that all code is at the latest level, all hardware and software configurations are valid, and no light path diagnostics LEDs or log entries indicate a hardware component failure, contact IBM or an approved warranty service provider for assistance. To open an online service request, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/electronic/. Be prepared to provide information about any error codes and collected data and the problem determination procedures that you have used.

Chapter 2. Introduction

This *Problem Determination and Service Guide* contains information to help you solve problems that might occur in your IBM® System x3620 M3 Type 7376 server. It describes the diagnostic tools that come with the server, error codes and suggested actions, and instructions for replacing failing components.

For information about the terms of the warranty, see the *Warranty Information* document that comes with the server. For information about getting service and assistance, see "Getting help and information from the World Wide Web" on page 257.

For information about the terms of the warranty, see the printed *Warranty Information* document that comes with your server.

Related documentation

In addition to this document, the following documentation also comes with the server:

- Environmental Notices and User Guide
 - This document is in PDF on the IBM *Documentation* CD. It contains translated environmental notices.
- IBM License Agreement for Machine Code
 - This document is in PDF on the IBM *Documentation* CD. It provides translated versions of the *IBM License Agreement for Machine Code* for your product.
- IBM Warranty Information
 - This printed document contains the warranty terms and a pointer to the IBM Statement of Limited Warranty on the IBM Web site.
- · Installation and User's Guide
 - This document is in Portable Document Format (PDF) on the IBM *Documentation* CD. It provides general information about setting up and cabling the server, including information about features, and how to configure the server. It also contains detailed instructions for installing, removing, and connecting optional devices that the server supports.
- Licenses and Attributions Documents
 - This document is in PDF. It contains information about the open-source notices.
- · Rack Installation Instructions
 - This printed document contains instructions for installing the server in a rack.
- Safety Information
 - This document is in PDF on the IBM *Documentation* CD. It contains translated caution and danger statements. Each caution and danger statement that appears in the documentation has a number that you can use to locate the corresponding statement in your language in the *Safety Information* document.

Depending on the server model, additional documentation might be included on the IBM *Documentation* CD.

The System x[®] and BladeCenter Tools Center is an online information center that contains information about tools for updating, managing, and deploying firmware, device drivers, and operating systems. The System x and BladeCenter Tools Center is at http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolsctr/v1r0/index.jsp.

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The server might have features that are not described in the documentation that you received with the server. The documentation might be updated occasionally to include information about those features, or technical updates might be available to provide additional information that is not included in the server documentation. These updates are available from the IBM Web site. To check for updated documentation and technical updates, http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/.

Notices and statements in this document

The caution and danger statements in this document are also in the multilingual *Safety Information* document, which is on the *Documentation* CD. Each statement is numbered for reference to the corresponding statement in your language in the *Safety Information* document.

The following notices and statements are used in this document:

- Note: These notices provide important tips, guidance, or advice.
- **Important:** These notices provide information or advice that might help you avoid inconvenient or problem situations.
- Attention: These notices indicate potential damage to programs, devices, or data. An attention notice is placed just before the instruction or situation in which damage might occur.
- Caution: These statements indicate situations that can be potentially hazardous to you. A caution statement is placed just before the description of a potentially hazardous procedure step or situation.
- Danger: These statements indicate situations that can be potentially lethal or extremely hazardous to you. A danger statement is placed just before the description of a potentially lethal or extremely hazardous procedure step or situation.

Features and specifications

The following information is a summary of the features and specifications of the server. Depending on the model, some features might not be available, or some specifications might not apply.

Racks are marked in vertical increments of 4.45 cm (1.75 inches). Each increment is referred to as a unit, or "U." A 1-U-high device is 1.75 inches tall.

Notes:

- 1. Power consumption and heat output vary depending on the number and type of optional features that are installed and the power-management optional features that are in use.
- 2. The sound levels were measured in controlled acoustical environments according to the procedures specified by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) S12.10 and ISO 7779 and are reported in accordance with ISO 9296. Actual sound-pressure levels in a given location might exceed the average values stated because of room reflections and other nearby noise sources. The declared sound-power levels indicate an upper limit, below which a large number of computers will operate.

Microprocessor:

- Supports multi-core Intel Xeon microprocessors, with integrated memory controller and Quick Path Interconnect (QPI) architecture
- · Designed for LGA 1366 socket
- Scalable up to six cores
- 32 KB instruction cache, 32 KB data cache, and 8 MB L3 cache that is shared among the cores
- Support for Intel Extended Memory 64 Technology (EM64T)

Note:

- Do not install an Intel Xeon[™] 5500 series microprocessor and an Xeon[™] 5600 series microprocessor in the same server.
- Use the Setup utility to determine the type and speed of the microprocessors.
- For a list of supported microprocessors, see http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/ serverproven/compat/us/.

Memory:

- Twelve DIMM connectors (six per microprocessor)
- Minimum: 1 GB DIMM per microprocessor
- · Maximum: 96 GB
- Type: PC3-10600-999 800, 1066, and 1333 MHz, ECC, DDR3 registered SDRAM DIMMs only
- Sizes: 1 GB single-rank, 2 GB single-rank or dual-rank, 4 GB single-rank or dual-rank, 8 GB dual-rank, and 16 GB quad-rank
- · Chipkill supported

Optical drive (optional):

- DVD-ROM
- · Multi-burner

Expansion bays (depending on the model):

- Eight 3.5-inch SAS/SATA hot-swap hard disk drive bays
- Four 3.5-inch SATA simple-swap hard disk drive bays

PCI Expansion slots: Supports three PCI expansion slots:

- One PCle2 Express x16 slot (16, 8, 4, 1)
- One PCle2 Express x16 slot (4)
- One PCIe2 Express x8 slot (8)

Integrated functions:

- Integrated management module (IMM), which provides service processor control and monitoring functions, video controller, and (when the optional virtual media key is installed) remote keyboard, video, mouse, and remote hard disk drive capabilities
- · Integrated SATA controller
- Six-port Serial ATA (SATA) controller
- Serial over LAN (SOL) and serial redirection over Telnet or Secure Shell (SSH)
- One systems-management RJ-45 10/100 Ethernet interface for connection to a dedicated systems-management network
- Support for remote management presence through an optional virtual media key
- One Intel dual-port 10/100/1000 Ethernet controller with Wake on LAN support
- One serial port, shared with the integrated management module (IMM)
- Five Universal Serial Bus (USB) ports (two on front, two on rear of server, and one internal for an optional USB flash device)
- One video port on rear of server Note: Maximum video resolution is 1600 x 1200 at 85 Hz.
- Support for hypervisor function through an optional USB flash device

Note: In messages and documentation, the term *service processor* refers to the integrated management module (IMM).

Video controller:

- Matrox G200 video on system board
- Compatible with SVGA and VGA
- DDR2-250MHz SDRAM video memory controller
- Video memory is not expandable
- Avocent digital video compression

RAID (depending on the model):

- Software RAID capabilities that support RAID levels 0 and 1
- ServeRAID-BR10il v2 SAS/SATA adapter that provides RAID levels 0, 1, and 1E
- ServeRAID-M1015 SAS/SATA adapter that provides RAID levels 0, 1, and 10 with optional RAID 5/50 and SED (Self Encrypting Drive) upgrade
- ServeRAID-M5014 SAS/SATA adapter that provides RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 10, and 50 with and RAID 6/60 and SED upgrade
- ServeRAID-M5015 SAS/SATA adapter that provides RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 10, and 50 with optional RAID 6/60 and SED upgrade

Notes:

- When you enable software RAID on simple-swap models of the server, you will no longer be able to use the IBM Director, Dynamic System Analysis (DSA), and ServerGuide tools to configure, diagnose, or update hard drives on simple-swap models. However, you will still be able to use these tools to configure or diagnose other simple-swap server model features and components.
- ServeRAID-BR10il v2 controller is installed in a PCI Express x8 mechanical slot (x4 electrical); however, the controller runs at x4 bandwidth

Environment:

- · Air temperature:
 - Server on: 10°C to 35°C (50°F to 95°F); altitude: 0 to 915 m (3000 ft).
 - Server on: 10°C to 32°C (50°F to 90°F); altitude: 915 m (3000 ft) to 2134 m (7000 ft).
 - Server on: 10°C to 28°C (50°F to 83°F); altitude: 2134 m (7000 ft) to 3050 m (10000 ft).
 - Server off: 5°C to 45°C (41°F to 113°F)
 - Shipping: -40°C to 60°C (-40°F to 140°F)
- Humidity:
 - Server on/off: 20% to 80%; maximum dew point: 21°C; maximum rate of change: 5 °C/hr
 - Shipment: 8% to 80%; maximum dew point: 27°C
- Particulate contamination:

Attention: Airborne particulates and reactive gases acting alone or in combination with other environmental factors such as humidity or temperature might pose a risk to the server. For information about the limits for particulates and gases, see "Particulate contamination" on page 261.

Table 1. Features and specifications (continued)

Electrical input with hot-swap ac power supplies:

- · Sine-wave input (50 60 Hz) required
- Input voltage range automatically selected
- Input voltage low range:
 Minimum: 100 V ac
 Maximum: 127 V ac
- Input voltage high range:
 Minimum: 200 V ac
 Maximum: 240 V ac
- Input kilovolt-amperes (kVA) approximately:

Minimum: 0.12 kVAMaximum: 0.78 kVA

Size:

- Height: 86.5 mm (3.406 in.)
 - Depth:
 - EIA flange to rear: 719.39 mm (28.32 in.)
 - Overall: 749.39 mm (29.5 in.)
- · Width:
 - With top cover: 447 mm (17.598 in.)
 - With front bezel: 487.995 mm (19.212 in.)
- Weight: approximately 16.30 kg (35.94 lb) to 22.45 kg (49.50 lb) depending on your configuration

System fans: Up to four

Hot-swap power supplies (depending on the model):

- Up to two hot-swap power supplies for redundancy support
 - 460-watt ac
 - 675-watt ac
 - 675-watt high-efficiency ac

Note: You cannot mix 460-watt and 675-watt power supplies, or high-efficiency and non-high-efficiency power supplies in the server.

Acoustical noise emissions:

- Declared sound power, idle: 6.6 bel
- · Declared sound power, operating: 6.6 bel

Heat output: Approximate heat output:

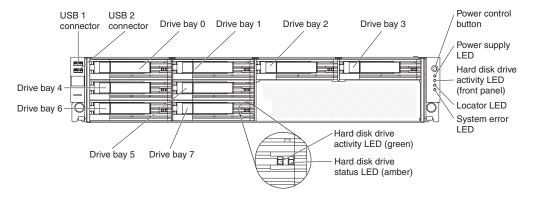
- Minimum configuration: 663 Btu per hour (194 watts)
- Maximum configuration: 2305 Btu per hour (675 watts)

Server controls, LEDs, and connectors

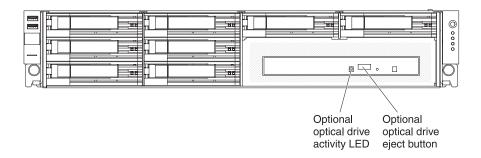
This section describes the controls, light-emitting diodes (LEDs), and connectors.

Front view

The following illustration shows the controls, connectors, and hard disk drive bays on the front of the server.



The following illustration shows the control and LED for the optional optical drive on the front of the server.



USB connectors: Connect a USB device, such as USB mouse or keyboard to either of these connectors.

Hard disk drive activity LED (front panel): When this LED is flashing, it indicates that the drive is in use. This function is reserved for simple-swap models. For existing models, please see the hot-swap hard disk drive activity and status LEDs (green and amber) that pass from the backplane as the indicators for any activity or warning.

Hard disk drive activity LED (green): This green LED is used on hot-swap SAS/SATA hard disk drives. Each hot-swap hard disk drive has an activity LED. When this LED is flashing, it indicates that the drive is in use.

Hard disk drive status LED (amber): This amber LED is used on hot-swap SAS/SATA hard disk drives. Each hot-swap hard disk drive has a status LED. When this LED is lit, it indicates that the drive has failed. When this LED is flashing slowly (one flash per second), it indicates that the drive is being rebuilt as part of a RAID configuration. When the LED is flashing rapidly (three flashes per second), it indicates that the controller is identifying the drive.

Operator information panel: This panel contains the power control button and light-emitting diodes (LEDs).

Power-control button and power-on LED: Press this button to turn the server on and off manually or to wake the server from a reduced-power state. The states of the green power-on LED are as follows:

Off: AC power is not present, or the power supply or the LED itself has failed.

Flashing rapidly (4 times per second): The server is turned off and is not ready to be turned on. The power-control button is disabled. This will last approximately 20 to 40 seconds.

Flashing slowly (once per second): The server is turned off and is ready to be turned on. You can press the power-control button to turn on the server.

Lit: The server is turned on.

Fading on and off: The server is in a reduced-power state. To wake the server, press the power-control button or use the IMM Web interface. See "Logging on to the Web interface" on page 243 for information on logging on to the IMM Web interface.

Locator LED: Use this blue LED to visually locate the server among other servers. You can use IBM Systems Director to light this LED remotely. This LED is controlled by the IMM.

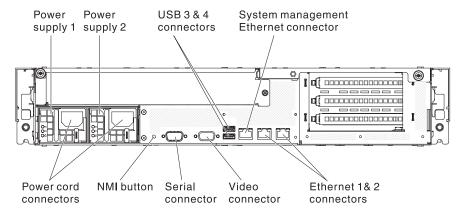
System-error LED: When this amber LED is lit, it indicates that a system error has occurred. This LED is controlled by the IMM.

Optional DVD-eject button: Press this button to release a CD or DVD from the optional DVD drive.

Optional DVD drive activity LED: When this LED is lit, it indicates that the optional DVD drive is in use.

Rear view

The following illustration shows the connectors on the rear of the server.



Power-cord connector: Connect the power cord to this connector.

Note: Power supply 1 is the default/primary power supply. If power supply 1 fails, you must replace it immediately.

NMI button: Press this button to force a nonmaskable interrupt to the microprocessor. You might have to use a pen or the end of a straightened paper clip to press the button. It allows you to blue screen the server and take a memory dump (use this button only when directed by the IBM service support).

Serial connector: Connect a 9-pin serial device to this connector. The serial port is shared with the integrated management module (IMM). The IMM can take control of the shared serial port to perform text console redirection and to redirect serial traffic, using Serial over LAN (SOL).

Video connector: Connect a monitor to this connector. The video connectors on the front and rear of the server can be used simultaneously.

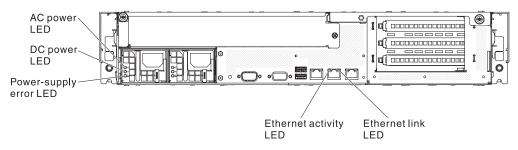
Note: The maximum video resolution is 1600 x 1200 at 85 Hz.

USB connectors: Connect a USB device, such as USB mouse or keyboard to either of these connectors.

Systems-management Ethernet connector: Use this connector to connect the server to a network for systems-management information control. This connector is used only by the IMM.

Ethernet connectors: Use any of these connectors to connect the server to a network. When you use the Ethernet 1 connector, the network can be shared with the IMM through a single network cable.

The following illustration shows the LEDs on the rear of the server.



Ethernet activity LEDs: When these LEDs are lit, they indicate that the server is transmitting to or receiving signals from the Ethernet LAN that is connected to the Ethernet port.

Ethernet link LEDs: When these LEDs are lit, they indicate that there is an active link connection on the 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-TX interface for the Ethernet port.

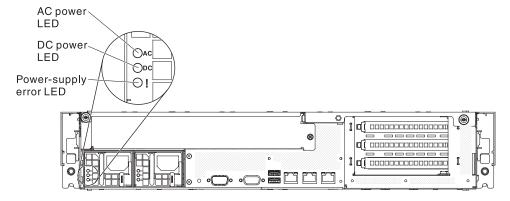
AC power LED: Each hot-swap power supply has an ac power LED and a dc power LED. When the ac power LED is lit, it indicates that sufficient power is coming into the power supply through the power cord. During typical operation, both the ac and dc power LEDs are lit. For any other combination of LEDs, see "Power-supply LEDs."

DC power LED: Each hot-swap power supply has a dc power LED and an ac power LED. When the dc power LED is lit, it indicates that the power supply is supplying adequate dc power to the system. During typical operation, both the ac and dc power LEDs are lit. For any other combination of LEDs, see "Power-supply LEDs."

Power-supply error LED: When the power-supply error LED is lit, it indicates that the power supply has failed.

Power-supply LEDs

The following illustration shows the power-supply LEDs on the rear of the server. For more information about solving power-supply problems, see "Power problems" on page 50.



The following table describes the problems that are indicated by various combinations of the power-supply LEDs and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

Table 2. Power-supply LEDs

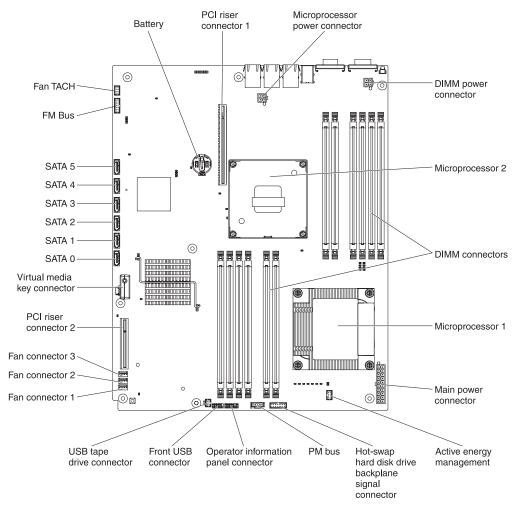
Power-supply LEDs					
AC DC Error (green) (green) (amber)		Description	Action	Notes	
On	On	Off	Normal operation		
Off	Off	Off	No ac power to the server or a problem with the ac power source	 Check the ac power to the server. Make sure that the power cord is connected to a functioning power source. Turn the server off and then turn the server back on. 	This is a normal condition when no ac power is present.
				4. If the problem remains, replace the power supply.	
Off	Off	On	No ac power to the server or a problem with the ac power source and the power supply had detected an internal problem	Replace the power supply. Make sure that the power cord is connected to a functioning power source.	This happens only when a second power supply is providing power to the server.
Off	On	Off	Faulty power supply	Replace the power supply.	
Off	On	On	Faulty power supply	Replace the power supply.	
On	Off	Off	Power supply not fully seated, faulty system board, or faulty power supply	 Reseat the power supply. Replace the power supply. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board. 	Typically indicates that a power supply is not fully seated.
On	Off or Flashing	On	Faulty power supply	Replace the power supply.	
On	On	On	Power supply is faulty but still operational	Replace the power supply.	

Internal connectors, LEDs, and jumpers

The illustrations in this section show the LEDs, connectors, and jumpers on the internal boards. The illustrations might differ slightly from your hardware.

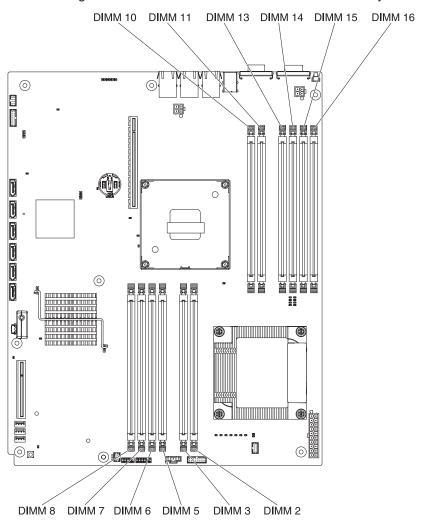
System-board internal connectors

The following illustration shows the internal connectors on the system board.



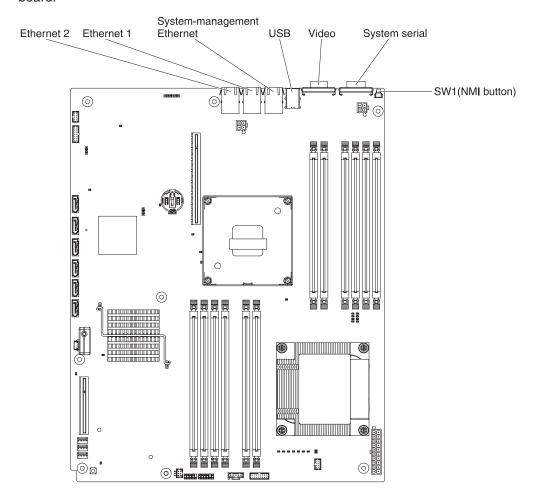
System-board DIMM connectors

The following illustration shows the DIMM connectors on the system board.



System-board external connectors

The following illustration shows the external input/output connectors on the system board.



System-board jumpers

This section describes the jumpers on the system board.

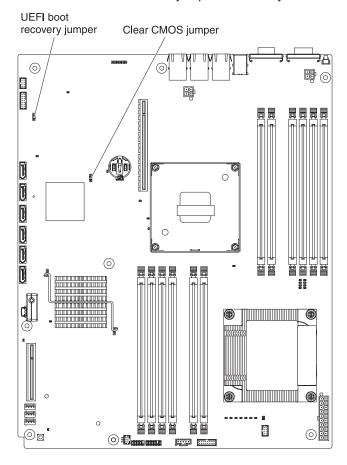


Table 3. System board jumpers

Jumper number	Jumper name	Jumper setting
JP2	Clear CMOS jumper	Pins 1 and 2: Normal (default) - This keeps the CMOS data.
		Pins 2 and 3: This clears the CMOS data such as power-on password and loads the default UEFI settings.
JP3	UEFI boot recovery jumper	Pins 1 and 2: Normal (default) Loads the primary firmware ROM page.
		Pins 2 and 3: Loads the secondary (backup) firmware ROM page.

Notes:

- If no jumper is present, the server responds as if the pins are set to 1 and 2.
- Changing the position of the UEFI recovery jumper from pins 1 and 2 to pins 2 and 3
 before the server is turned on sets the UEFI recovery process. Do not change the jumper
 pin position after the server is turned on. This can cause an unpredictable problem.

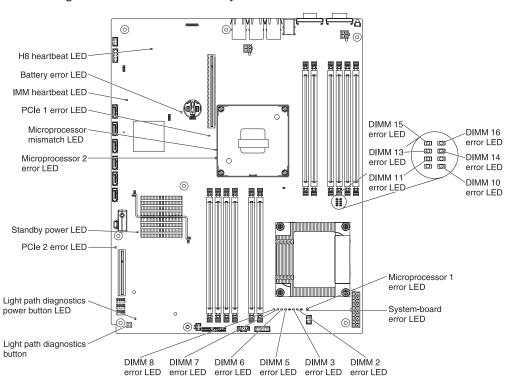
Notes:

- 1. Before you change any switch settings or move any jumpers, turn off the server; then, disconnect all power cords and external cables. (Review the information in "Safety" on page vii, "Installation guidelines" on page 139, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 141.)
- 2. Any system-board switch or jumper blocks that are not shown in the illustrations in this document are reserved.

System-board LEDs

The following illustration shows the light-emitting diodes (LEDs) on the system board.

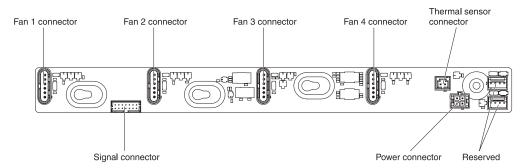
Note: Error LEDs remain lit only while the server is connected to power. If you disconnect power to the server, you can press and hold the light path diagnostics button to light the error LEDs on the system board.



LED name	Description
Error LEDs	When an error LED is lit, it indicates that the associated component has failed.
H8 heartbeat	When this LED is flashing, it indicates that the power management controller is functioning normally.
IMM heartbeat	When this LED is flashing at a constant rate of every other second, it indicates normal operation of the IMM controller. When this LED is flashing at a constant rate of every other half-second, it indicates that the IMM controller is initializing or is not functional.
Microprocessor mismatch	When this LED is lit, it indicates that microprocessor 1 is not installed, or the microprocessors do not have the same cache size and type, and clock speed.
Standby power	When this LED is lit, it indicates that the server is connected to an ac power source and that the power supply has supplied the 5-volt standby voltage to the system board.

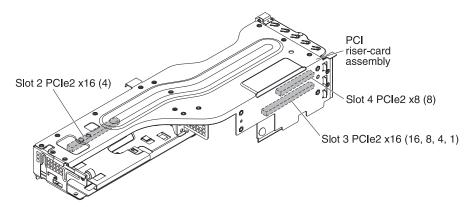
Fan board connectors

The following illustration shows the connectors on the fan board.



PCI riser-card adapter connectors

The following illustration shows the connectors on the PCI riser card for user-installable PCI adapters.



Chapter 3. Diagnostics

This chapter describes the diagnostic tools that are available to help you solve problems that might occur in the server.

If you cannot locate and correct a problem by using the information in this chapter, see Appendix A, "Getting help and technical assistance," on page 257 for more information.

Diagnostic tools

The following tools are available to help you diagnose and solve hardware-related problems:

Troubleshooting tables

These tables list problem symptoms and actions to correct the problems. See "Troubleshooting tables" on page 38.

· Light path diagnostics

Use the light path diagnostics to diagnose system errors quickly. See "System-board LEDs" on page 19 or "Error LEDs" on page 53 for more information.

Dynamic System Analysis

Dynamic System Analysis (DSA) collects and analyzes system information to aid in diagnosing server problems. DSA collects the following information about the server:

- Drive health information
- Event logs for ServeRAID controllers and service processors
- Hardware inventory, including PCI and USB information
- Installed applications and hot fixes
- Kernel modules
- Light path diagnostics status
- Network interfaces and settings
- Performance data and details about processes that are running
- RAID and controller configuration
- Service processor (integrated management module) status and configuration
- System configuration
- Vital product data and firmware information

DSA creates a DSA log, which is a chronologically ordered merge of the system-event log (as the IPMI event log), the integrated management module (IMM) chassis-event log (as the ASM event log), and the operating-system event logs. You can send the DSA log as a file to IBM service or view the information as a text file or HTML file.

For more information, see "Dynamic System Analysis" on page 57.

IBM Electronic Service Agent

IBM Electronic Service Agent is a software tool that monitors the server for hardware error events and automatically submits electronic service requests to IBM service and support. Also, it can collect and transmit system configuration information on a scheduled basis so that the information is available to you and your support representative. It uses minimal system resources, is available free of charge, and can be downloaded from the Web. For more information and to download Electronic Service Agent, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/electronic/.

POST error codes and event logs

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The power-on self-test (POST) generates messages to indicate successful test completion or the detection of a problem. For more information, see "Event logs" and "POST" on page 24.

Note: When you enable software RAID on simple-swap models of the server, you will no longer be able use the IBM Director, Dynamic System Analysis (DSA), and ServerGuide tools to configure, diagnose, or update hard drives on simple-swap models. However, you will still be able use these tools to configure or diagnose other simple-swap server model features and components.

Event logs

Error codes and messages are displayed in the following types of event logs:

- POST event log: This log contains the three most recent error codes and messages that were generated during POST. You can view the POST event log through the Setup utility.
- System-event log: This log contains POST and system management interrupt (SMI) events and all events that are generated by the BMC that is embedded in the IMM. You can view the system-event log through the Setup utility and through the Dynamic System Analysis (DSA) program (as the IPMI event log).

The system-event log is limited in size. When it is full, new entries will not overwrite existing entries; therefore, you must periodically save and then clear the system-event log through the Setup utility. When you are troubleshooting, you might have to save and then clear the system-event log to make the most recent events available for analysis.

Messages are listed on the left side of the screen, and details about the selected message are displayed on the right side of the screen. To move from one entry to the next, use the Up Arrow (↑) and Down Arrow (↓) keys.

Some IMM sensors cause assertion events to be logged when their setpoints are reached. When a setpoint condition no longer exists, a corresponding deassertion event is logged. However, not all events are assertion-type events.

- Integrated management module (IMM) event log: This log contains a filtered subset of all IMM, POST, and system management interrupt (SMI) events. You can view the IMM event log through the IMM Web interface and through the Dynamic System Analysis (DSA) program (as the ASM event log).
- **DSA log:** This log is generated by the Dynamic System Analysis (DSA) program. and it is a chronologically ordered merge of the system-event log (as the IPMI event log), the IMM chassis-event log (as the ASM event log), and the operating-system event logs. You can view the DSA log through the DSA program.

Viewing event logs from the Setup utility

To view the POST event log or system-event log, complete the following steps:

- 1. Turn on the server.
- 2. When the prompt <F1> Setup is displayed, press F1. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to view the event logs.
- 3. Select **System Event Logs** and use one of the following procedures:
 - To view the POST event log, select POST Event Viewer.
 - To view the system-event log, select System Event Log.

Viewing event logs without restarting the server

If the server is not hung, methods are available for you to view one or more event logs without having to restart the server.

If you have installed Dynamic System Analysis (DSA) Portable or DSA Installable, you can use it to view the system-event log (as the IPMI event log), the IMM event log (as the ASM event log), the operating-system event logs, or the merged DSA log. You can also use DSA Preboot to view these logs, although you must restart the server to use DSA Preboot.

To install DSA Portable, DSA Installable, or DSA Preboot or to download a DSA Preboot CD image, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?brand=5000008&Indocid=SERV-DSA.

If IPMItool is installed in the server, you can use it to view the system-event log. Most recent versions of the Linux operating system come with a current version of IPMItool. For an overview of IPMI, go to http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/blueprints/ and click Using Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) on IBM Linux platforms.

You can view the IMM event log through the **Event Log** link in the IMM Web interface.

The following table describes the methods that you can use to view the event logs, depending on the condition of the server. The first two conditions generally do not require that you restart the server.

Table 4. Methods for viewing event logs

Condition	Action
The server is not hung and is connected to a network.	Use any of the following methods: Run DSA Portable or DSA Installable to view the event logs or create an output file that you can send to IBM service. In a Web browser, type the IP address of the IMM and go to the Event Log page. Use IPMItool to view the system-event log.
The server is not hung and is not connected to a network.	Use IPMItool locally to view the system-event log.
The server is hung.	 If DSA Preboot is installed, restart the server and press F2 to start DSA Preboot and view the event logs. If DSA Preboot is not installed, insert the DSA Preboot CD and restart the server to start DSA Preboot and view the event logs. Alternatively, you can restart the server and press F1 to start the Setup utility and view the POST event log or system-event log. For more information, see "Viewing event logs from the Setup utility" on page 22.

POST

When you turn on the server, it performs a series of tests to check the operation of the server components and some optional devices in the server. This series of tests is called the power-on self-test, or POST. This server does not use beep codes for server status.

If a power-on password is set, you must type the password and press Enter, when you are prompted, for POST to run.

POST error messages

The following table describes the POST error messages and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
0010002	Microprocessor not supported	(Trained service technician only) Reseat the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: a. Microprocessor 1 b. Microprocessor 2 (if installed) (Trained service technician only) Remove microprocessor
		2 and restart the server.
		3. (Trained service technician only) Remove microprocessor 1 and install microprocessor 2 in the microprocessor 1 connector. Restart the server. If the error is corrected, microprocessor 1 is bad and must be replaced.
		4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
		a. Microprocessor 1
		b. Microprocessor 2
		c. System board
0011000	Invalid microprocessor type	Update the system firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 231).
		(Trained service technician only) Remove and replace the affected microprocessor (error LED is lit) with a supported type.
0011002	Microprocessor mismatch	Run the Setup utility and view the microprocessor information to compare the installed microprocessor specifications.
		2. (Trained service technician only) Remove and replace one of the microprocessors so that they both match.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

trained service technician.		
Error code	Description	Action
0011004	Microprocessor failed BIST	Update the system firmware (see "Updating the firmware" on page 231).
		2. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor 2.
		3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
		a. Microprocessor
		b. System board
001100A	Microcode update failed	Update the system firmware (see "Updating the firmware' on page 231).
		(Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor.
0018010	Microprocessors of the same model have mismatched stepping ID.	 Run the Setup utility and select System Information → System Summary → Processor Details to view the microprocessor information to compare the installed microprocessor specifications.
		2. (Trained service technician only) Remove and replace one of the microprocessors so that they both match.
	Microprocessors have mismatched core speed.	 Run the Setup utility and select System Information → System Summary → Processor Details to view the microprocessor information to compare the installed microprocessor specifications.
		2. (Trained service technician only) Remove and replace one of the microprocessors so that they both match.
001800B	Microprocessors have one or more cache levels with mismatched size.	 Run the Setup utility and select System Information → System Summary → Processor Details to view the microprocessor information to compare the installed microprocessor specifications.
		2. (Trained service technician only) Remove and replace one of the microprocessors so that they both match.
0018005	Microprocessors have mismatched number of COREs.	 Run the Setup utility and select System Information → System Summary → Processor Details to view the microprocessor information to compare the installed microprocessor specifications.
		(Trained service technician only) Remove and replace one of the microprocessors so that they both match.
0018006	Microprocessors have mismatched QPI speed.	Run the Setup utility and select System Information → System Summary → Processor Details to view the microprocessor information to compare the installed microprocessor specifications.
		2. (Trained service technician only) Remove and replace one of the microprocessors so that they both match.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
0018007	Microprocessors have mismatched power segments.	 Run the Setup utility and select System Information > System Summary > Processor Details to view the microprocessor information to compare the installed microprocessor specifications. (Trained service technician only) Remove and replace one of the microprocessors so that they both match.
0018008	Microprocessors have mismatched internal DDR3 frequency.	 Run the Setup utility and select System Information → System Summary → Processor Details to view the microprocessor information to compare the installed microprocessor specifications. (Trained service technician only) Remove and replace
		one of the microprocessors so that they both match.
0050001	DIMM disabled	1. Make sure the DIMM is installed correctly (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
		2. If the DIMM was disabled because of a memory fault, follow the suggested actions for that error event and restart the server.
		3. Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory event. If no memory fault is recorded in the logs and no DIMM connector error LED is lit, you can re-enable the DIMM through the Setup utility or the Advanced Settings Utility (ASU).

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
0051003	Uncorrectable DIMM error	Note: Each time you install or remove a DIMM, you must disconnect the server from the power source; then, wait 10 seconds before restarting the server.
		 Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory error.
		2. Manually re-enable all affected DIMMs if the server firmware version is older than UEFI v1.10. If the server firmware version is UEFI v1.10 or newer, disconnect and reconnect the server to the power source and restart the server.
		3. If the problem remains, replace the failing DIMM (see "Removing a memory module (DIMM)" on page 180 and "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
		4. (Trained service technician only) If the problem occurs on the same DIMM connector, check the DIMM connector. If the connector contains any foreign material or is damaged, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
		5. (Trained service technician only) Remove the affected microprocessor and check the microprocessor socket pins for any damaged pins. If a damage is found, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
		6. (Trained Service technician only) Replace the affected microprocessor (see "Removing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 219 and "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221).
0051006	DIMM mismatch detected	Note: Each time you install or remove a DIMM, you must disconnect the server from the power source; then, wait 10 seconds before restarting the server. Make sure that the DIMMs match and are installed in the correct sequence (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181).

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
0051009	No memory detected	Note: Each time you install or remove a DIMM, you must disconnect the server from the power source; then, wait 10 seconds before restarting the server.
		1. Make sure one or more DIMMs are installed in the server.
		2. Reseat the DIMMs and restart the server (see "Removing a memory module (DIMM)" on page 180 and "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
		3. Make sure that the DIMMs are installed in the correct sequence (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181 for more information).
		4. (Trained service technician only) Replace the microprocessor that controls the failing DIMMs (see "Removing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 219 and "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221).
		5. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
005100A	No usable memory detected.	1. Make sure one or more DIMMs are installed in the server.
		2. Reseat the DIMMs and restart the server (see "Removing a memory module (DIMM)" on page 180 and "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
		3. Make sure that the DIMMs are installed in the correct sequence (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181 for more information).
		4. Clear CMOS memory to ensure that all DIMM connectors are enabled (see "Removing the system battery" on page 156 and "Installing the system battery" on page 157). Note that all firmware settings will be reset to the default settings.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
0058001	PFA threshold exceeded	Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory error.
		2. Swap the affected DIMMs (as indicated by the error LEDs on the system board or the event logs) to a different memory channel or microprocessor (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181 for memory population).
		If the error still occurs on the same DIMM, replace the affected DIMM.
		4. (Trained service technician only) If the problem occurs on the same DIMM connector, check the DIMM connector. If the connector contains any foreign material or is damaged, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
		5. (Trained service technician only) Remove the affected microprocessor and check the microprocessor socket pins for any damaged pins. If a damage is found, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
		6. (Trained Service technician only) Replace the affected microprocessor (see "Removing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 219 and "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221).
0058007	Unsupported DIMM population.	Note: Each time you install or remove a DIMM, you must disconnect the server from the power source; then, wait 10 seconds before restarting the server.
		1. Reseat the DIMMs and restart the server (see "Removing a memory module (DIMM)" on page 180 and "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
		2. Make sure that the DIMMs are installed in the proper sequence (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181).

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
0058008	DIMM failed memory test.	Note: Each time you install or remove a DIMM, you must disconnect the server from the power source; then, wait 10 seconds before restarting the server.
		Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory error.
		2. Manually re-enable all affected DIMMs if the server firmware version is older than UEFI v1.10. If the server firmware version is UEFI v1.10 or newer, disconnect and reconnect the server to the power source and restart the server.
		3. Swap the affected DIMMs (as indicated by the error LEDs on the system board or the event logs) to a different memory channel or microprocessor (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181 for memory population).
		4. If the problem is related to a DIMM, replace the failing DIMM (see "Removing a memory module (DIMM)" on page 180 and "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
		5. (Trained service technician only) If the problem occurs on the same DIMM connector, check the DIMM connector. If the connector contains any foreign material or is damaged, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
		6. (Trained service technician only) Remove the affected microprocessor and check the microprocessor socket pins for any damaged pins. If a damage is found, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
		7. (Trained service technician only) If the problem is related to microprocessor socket pins, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
		8. (Trained Service technician only) Replace the affected microprocessor (see "Removing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 219 and "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221).
0058015	Start to activate spare memory channel	Information only. A failed DIMM has been detected to activate the memory online-spare feature. Check the event log for uncorrected DIMM failure events.
00580A1	Invalid DIMM population for mirroring mode.	Note: Each time you install or remove a DIMM, you must disconnect the server from the power source; then, wait 10 seconds before restarting the server.
		 If a fault LED is lit, resolve the failure. Install the DIMMs in the correct sequence (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181).

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
00580A4	Memory population changed.	Information only. Memory has been added, moved, or changed.
00580A5	Mirror failover complete.	Information only. Memory redundancy has been lost. Check the event log for uncorrected DIMM failure events "Event logs" on page 22.
00580A6	Spare memory channel activated	Information only. Memory online-spare channel has been activated to back up a failed DIMM. Check the event log for uncorrected DIMM failure events.
0068002 CMOS battery	CMOS battery cleared	 Reseat the battery. Clear the CMOS memory (see "System-board jumpers" on page 17).
		3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
		a. Battery
		b. (Trained service technician only) System board
2011001	PCI-X SERR	Check the PCI error LEDs.
		2. Reseat all affected adapters and riser cards.
		3. Update the PCI device firmware.
		4. Remove the adapter from the riser card.
		5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
		a. Riser card
		b. (Trained service technician only) System board
2018001	PCI Express uncorrected or uncorrected error	Check the PCI error LEDs.
		2. Reseat all affected adapters and riser cards.
		3. Update the PCI device firmware.
		4. Remove any adapters from the riser cards.
		5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
		a. Riser card
		b. (Trained service technician only) System board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
2018002	Option ROM resource allocation failure	Informational message that some devices might not be initialized.
		 If possible, rearrange the order of the adapters in the PCI slots to change the load order of the optional-device ROM code.
		Run the Setup utility, select Start Options, and change the boot priority to change the load order of the optional-device ROM code.
		3. Run the Setup utility and disable some other resources, if their functions are not being used, to make more space available:
		 Select Start Options and Planar Ethernet (PXE/DHCP) to disable the integrated Ethernet controller ROM.
		 Select Advanced Functions, then PCI Bus Control, then PCI ROM Control Execution to disable the ROM of adapters in the PCI slots.
		 Select Devices and I/O Ports to disable any of the integrated devices.
		4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
		a. Each adapter
		b. (Trained service technician only) System board
3 <i>xx</i> 0007 (<i>xx</i>	Firmware fault detected, system	Recover the server firmware to the latest level.
can be 00 - 19)	halted	Undo any recent configuration changes, or clear CMOS memory to restore the settings to the default values.
		Remove any recently installed hardware.
3038003	Firmware corrupted	Run the Setup utility, select Load Default Settings , and save the settings to recover the server firmware.
		(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
3048005	Booted secondary (backup) UEFI image	Information only. The backup switch was used to boot the secondary bank.
3048006	Booted secondary (backup) UEFI image because of ABR	Run the Setup utility, select Load Default Settings , and save the settings to recover the primary UEFI settings.
		2. Turn off the server and remove it from the power source.
		3. Reconnect the server to the power source, and then turn on the server.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
305000A	RTC date/time is incorrect	 Adjust the date and time settings in the Setup utility, and then restart the server. Reseat the battery. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: a. Battery b. (Trained service technician only) System board
3058001	System configuration invalid	 b. (Trained service technician only) System board Run the Setup utility, and select Save Settings. Run the Setup utility, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings. Reseat the following components one at a time in the order shown, restarting the server each time: Battery Failing device (if the device is a FRU, then it must be reseated by a trained service technician only) Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: Battery Failing device (if the device is a FRU, then it must be replaced by a trained service technician only) (Trained service technician only) System board
3058004	Three boot failures	 Undo any recent system changes, such as new settings or newly installed devices. Make sure that the server is attached to a reliable power source. Remove all hardware that is not listed on the ServerProven Web site. Make sure that the operating system is not corrupted. Run the Setup utility, save the configuration, and then restart the server. See "Problem determination tips" on page 129.
3108007	System configuration restored to default settings	Information only. This is message is usually associated with the CMOS battery clear event.
3138002	Boot configuration error	 Remove any recent configuration changes that you made in the Setup utility. Run the Setup utility, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
3808000	IMM communication failure	 Remove power from the server for 30 seconds, and then reconnect the server to power and restart it. Update the IMM firmware. Make sure that the IMM key is seated and not damaged. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system
3808002	Error updating system configuration to IMM	 Remove power from the server, and then reconnect the server to power and restart it. Run the Setup utility and select Save Settings. Update the firmware.
3808003	Error retrieving system configuration from IMM	 Remove power from the server, and then reconnect the server to power and restart it. Run the Setup utility and select Save Settings. Update the IMM firmware.
3808004	IMM system event log full	 When out-of-band, use the IMM Web interface or IPMItool to clear the logs from the operating system. When using the local console: Run the Setup utility. Select System Event Log. Select Clear System Event Log. Restart the server.
3818001	Core Root of Trust Measurement (CRTM) update failed	 Run the Setup utility, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
3818002	Core Root of Trust Measurement (CRTM) update aborted	 Run the Setup utility, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
3818003	Core Root of Trust Measurement (CRTM) flash lock failed	 Run the Setup utility, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
3818004	Core Root of Trust Measurement (CRTM) system error	 Run the Setup utility, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
3818005	Current Bank Core Root of Trust Measurement (CRTM) capsule signature invalid	 Run the Setup utility, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Error code	Description	Action
3818006	Opposite bank CRTM capsule signature invalid	Switch the server firmware bank to the backup bank (see "Starting the backup server firmware" on page 238).
		Run the Setup utility, select Load Default Settings, and save the settings.
		3. Switch the bank back to the primary bank.
		(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
3818007	CRTM update capsule signature invalid	Run the Setup utility, select Load Default Settings , and save the settings.
		(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
3828004	AEM power capping disabled	Check the settings and the event logs.
		 Make sure that the Active Energy Manager feature is enabled in the Setup utility. Select System Settings, Power, Active Energy, and Capping Enabled.
		3. Update the server firmware.
		4. Update the IMM firmware.

Checkout procedure

The checkout procedure is the sequence of tasks that you should follow to diagnose a problem in the server.

About the checkout procedure

Before you perform the checkout procedure for diagnosing hardware problems, review the following information:

- · Read the safety information that begins on page vii.
- The diagnostic programs provide the primary methods of testing the major components of the server, such as the system board, Ethernet controller, keyboard, mouse (pointing device), serial ports, and hard disk drives. You can also use them to test some external devices. If you are not sure whether a problem is caused by the hardware or by the software, you can use the diagnostic programs to confirm that the hardware is working correctly.
- When you run the diagnostic programs, a single problem might cause more than one error message. When this happens, correct the cause of the first error message. The other error messages usually will not occur the next time you run the diagnostic programs.

Exception: If multiple error codes or light path diagnostics LEDs indicate a microprocessor error, the error might be in the microprocessor or in the microprocessor socket. See "Microprocessor problems" on page 46 for information about diagnosing microprocessor problems.

- Before you run the diagnostic programs, you must determine whether the failing server is part of a shared hard disk drive cluster (two or more servers sharing external storage devices). If it is part of a cluster, you can run all diagnostic programs except the ones that test the storage unit (that is, a hard disk drive in the storage unit) or the storage adapter that is attached to the storage unit. The failing server might be part of a cluster if any of the following conditions is true:
 - You have identified the failing server as part of a cluster (two or more servers sharing external storage devices).
 - One or more external storage units are attached to the failing server and at least one of the attached storage units is also attached to another server or unidentifiable device.
 - One or more servers are located near the failing server.

Important: If the server is part of a shared hard disk drive cluster, run one test at a time. Do not run any suite of tests, such as "quick" or "normal" tests, because this might enable the hard disk drive diagnostic tests.

- If the server is halted and a POST error code is displayed, see "Event logs" on page 22. If the server is halted and no error message is displayed, see "Troubleshooting tables" on page 38 and "Solving undetermined problems" on page 128.
- For information about power-supply problems, see "Solving power problems" on page 127.
- For intermittent problems, check the error log; see "Event logs" on page 22 and "DSA messages" on page 59.

Performing the checkout procedure

To perform the checkout procedure, complete the following steps:

- 1. Is the server part of a cluster?
 - **No:** Go to step 2.
 - Yes: Shut down all failing servers that are related to the cluster. Go to step 2.
- 2. Complete the following steps:
 - a. Check the power supply LEDs, see "Power-supply LEDs" on page 12.
 - b. Turn off the server and all external devices.
 - c. Check all internal and external devices for compatibility at http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/.
 - d. Make sure the server is cabled correctly.
 - e. Check all cables and power cords.
 - f. Set all display controls to the middle positions.
 - g. Turn on all external devices.
 - h. Turn on the server. If the server does not start, see "Troubleshooting tables" on page 38.
 - i. Check the system-error LED on the operator information panel. If it is flashing, check the light path diagnostics LEDs (see "System-board LEDs" on
 - j. Check for the following results:
 - Successful completion of POST (see "POST" on page 24 for more information).
 - · Successful completion of startup, which is indicated by a readable display of the operating-system desktop.

Troubleshooting tables

Use the troubleshooting tables to find solutions to problems that have identifiable symptoms.

If you cannot find a problem in these tables, see "Dynamic System Analysis" on page 57 for information about testing the server.

If you have just added new software or a new optional device and the server is not working, complete the following steps before you use the troubleshooting tables:

- 1. Check the system-error LED on the operator information panel; if it is lit, check the LEDs on the system board (see "System-board LEDs" on page 19).
- 2. Remove the software or device that you just added.
- 3. Run the diagnostic tests to determine whether the server is running correctly.
- 4. Reinstall the new software or new device.

DVD drive problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

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Symptom	Action	
The DVD drive is not	1. Make sure that:	
recognized.	 The SATA channel to which the DVD drive is attached (primary) is enabled in the Setup utility. 	
	 All cables and jumpers are installed correctly (see "Internal cable routing and connectors" on page 141). 	
	The signal cable and connector are not damaged and the connector pins are not bent.	
	All damaged parts are repaired or replaced.	
	The correct device driver is installed for the DVD drive.	
	2. Run the DVD drive diagnostic programs and select the optical drive test. See "Dynamic System Analysis" on page 57.	
	3. Reseat the following components:	
	a. DVD drive	
	b. SATA or USB signal cable	
	4. Replace the components listed in step 3 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time.	
The DVD drive is not working	1. Clean the CD or DVD.	
correctly.	2. Run the DVD drive diagnostic programs.	
	3. Check the connector and signal cable for bent pins or damage.	
	4. Replace any damaged parts.	
	5. Reseat the DVD drive.	
	6. Replace the DVD drive.	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action	
The DVD drive tray is not working.	Make sure that the server is turned on. Insert the end of a straightened paper clip into the manual tray-release opening.	
	3. Reseat the DVD drive.	
	4. Replace the DVD drive.	

General problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action
A cover thumbscrew is broken, an LED is not working, or a similar problem has occurred.	If the part is a CRU, replace it. If the part is a FRU, the part must be replaced by a trained service technician.
The server is hung while the screen is on. Cannot start the Setup utility by pressing F1.	 See "Nx boot failure" on page 98 for more information. See "Recovering the server firmware" on page 94 for more information.

Hard disk drive problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
The state of the s	Replace the failed hard disk drive (see "Removing a hot-swap hard disk drive" on page 149 and "Installing a hot-swap hard disk drive" on page 149).

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

trained service technician.		
Symptom	Action	
An installed hard disk drive is not recognized.	Observe the associated amber hard disk drive status LED. If the LED is lit, it indicates a drive fault.	
	2. If the LED is lit, remove the drive from the bay, wait 45 seconds, and reinsert the drive, making sure that the drive assembly connects to the hard disk drive backplane.	
	3. Observe the associated green hard disk drive activity LED and the amber status LED:	
	 If the green activity LED is flashing and the amber status LED is not lit, the drive is recognized by the controller and is working correctly. Run the DSA hard disk drive test to determine whether the drive is detected. 	
	 If the green activity LED is flashing and the amber status LED is flashing slowly, the drive is recognized by the controller and is rebuilding. 	
	 If neither LED is lit or flashing, check the hard disk drive backplane (go to step 4). 	
	 If the green activity LED is flashing and the amber status LED is lit, replace the drive. If the activity of the LEDs remains the same, go to step 4. If the activity of the LEDs changes, return to step 1. 	
	4. Make sure that the hard disk drive backplane is correctly seated. When it is correctly seated, the drive assemblies correctly connect to the backplane without bowing or causing movement of the backplane.	
	5. Move the hard disk drives to different bays to determine if the drive or the backplane is not functioning.	
	6. Reseat the backplane power cable and repeat steps 1 through 3.	
	7. Reseat the backplane signal cable and repeat steps 1 through 3.	
	8. Suspect the backplane signal cable or the backplane:	
	a. Replace the affected backplane signal cable.	
	b. Replace the affected backplane.	
	9. See "Problem determination tips" on page 129.	
Multiple hard disk drives fail.	Make sure that the hard disk drive, RAID controller, and server device drivers and firmware are at the latest level. Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.	
Multiple hard disk drives are offline.	Review the storage subsystem logs for indications of problems within the storage subsystem, such as backplane or cable problems.	
	2. See "Problem determination tips" on page 129.	
A replacement hard disk drive does not rebuild.	Make sure that the hard disk drive is recognized by the controller (the green hard disk drive activity LED is flashing).	
	Review the RAID controller documentation to determine the correct configuration parameters and settings.	

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Symptom	Action
A green hard disk drive activity LED does not accurately represent the actual state of the associated drive.	 If the green hard disk drive activity LED does not flash when the drive is in use, run the DSA disk drive test. Use one of the following procedures: If the drive passes the test, replace the backplane. If the drive fails the test, replace the drive.
An amber hard disk drive status LED does not accurately represent the actual state of the associated drive.	 If the amber hard disk drive LED and the RAID controller software do not indicate the same status for the drive, complete the following steps: a. Turn off the server. b. Reseat the RAID controller. c. Reseat the backplane signal cable and backplane power cable. d. Reseat the hard disk drive. e. Turn on the server and observe the activity of the hard disk drive LEDs. See "Problem determination tips" on page 129.

Hypervisor problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action
If an optional USB hypervisor key is not listed in the expected	Make sure that the optional USB hypervisor key is selected on the boot menu (in the Setup utility and in F12).
boot order, does not appear in the list of boot devices at all, or a similar problem has occurred.	2. Make sure that the USB hypervisor key is seated in the connector correctly (see "Removing a USB hypervisor key" on page 187 and "Installing a USB hypervisor key" on page 188).
	3. See the documentation that comes with your optional USB hypervisor key for setup and configuration information.
	4. Make sure that other software works on the server.

Intermittent problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- · If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- · Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Ac	tion
A problem occurs only occasionally and is difficult to diagnose.	1.	Make sure that: All cables and cords are connected securely to the rear of the server and attached devices. When the server is turned on, air is flowing from the fan grille. If there is no airflow, the fans are not working. This can cause the server to overheat and shut down.
	2.	Check the system event log or IMM event log (see "Event logs" on page 22).
	3.	Make sure that the server and IMM firmware has been updated to the most recent code levels.
	4.	Review the operating system logs.
	5.	Contact your operating-system vendor to set up any available tools that are capable of monitoring the server.
	6.	If an error occurs, run the DSA program and forward the results to IBM service and support for analysis.
	7.	See "Solving undetermined problems" on page 128.
The server resets (restarts) occasionally.	1.	If the reset occurs during POST and the POST watchdog timer is enabled (click Advanced Setup> Integrated Management Module (IMM) Setting> IMM Post Watchdog in the Setup utility to see the POST watchdog setting), make sure that sufficient time is allowed in the watchdog timeout value (IMM POST Watchdog Timeout). See the Installation and User's Guide for information about the settings in the Setup utility.
		If the server continues to reset during POST, see "POST" on page 24 and "DSA messages" on page 59.
	2.	If the reset occurs after the operating system starts, disable any automatic server restart (ASR) utilities, such as the IBM Automatic Server Restart IPMI Application for Windows, or any ASR devices that are installed. Note: ASR utilities operate as operating-system utilities and are related to the IPMI device driver.
		If the reset continues to occur after the operating system starts, the operating system might have a problem; see "Software problems" on page 52.
	3.	If neither condition applies, check the system-event log (see "Event logs" on page 22).

USB keyboard, mouse, or pointing-device problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action
All or some keys on the keyboard do not work.	If you have installed a USB keyboard, run the Setup utility and enable keyboardless operation to prevent the POST error message 301 from being displayed during startup.
	2. See http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/ for keyboard compatibility.
	3. Make sure that:
	The keyboard cable is securely connected.
	The server and the monitor are turned on.
	4. Move the keyboard cable to a different USB connector.
	5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
	a. Keyboard
	 b. (Only if the problem occurred with a front USB connector) Internal USB cable, front USB connector assembly, or USB board
	c. (Trained service technician only) System board
The USB mouse or USB	1. Make sure that:
pointing device does not work.	 The mouse is compatible with the server. See http://www.ibm.com/servers/ eserver/serverproven/compat/us/.
	 The mouse or pointing-device USB cable is securely connected to the server, and the device drivers are installed correctly.
	 The server and the monitor are turned on.
	2. If a USB hub is in use, disconnect the USB device from the hub and connect it directly to the server.
	3. Move the mouse or pointing device cable to another USB connector.
	4. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
	a. Mouse or pointing device
	 b. (Only if the problem occurred with a front USB connector) Front USB connector assembly, internal USB cable, or USB board
	c. (Trained service technician only) System board

Memory problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- For additional memory troubleshooting information, refer to the "Troubleshooting Memory IBM BladeCenter and System x" document at http://www-947.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/ docdisplay?brand=5000020&Indocid=MIGR-5081319.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action
The amount of system memory that is displayed is less than the amount of installed physical	Note: Each time you install or remove a DIMM, you must disconnect the server from the power source; then, wait 10 seconds before restarting the server.
	1. Make sure that:
memory.	No DIMM error LEDs are lit on the system board.
	Memory mirroring does not account for the discrepancy.
	The memory modules are seated correctly.
	You have installed the correct type of memory.
	 If you changed the memory, you updated the memory configuration in the Setup utility.
	 All banks of memory are enabled. The server might have automatically disabled a memory bank when it detected a problem, or a memory bank might have been manually disabled.
	 There is no memory mismatch when the server is at the minimum memory configuration.
	2. Reseat the DIMMs, and then restart the server.
	3. Check the POST error log:
	 If a DIMM was disabled by a systems-management interrupt (SMI), replace the DIMM.
	 If a DIMM was disabled by the user or by POST, reseat the DIMM; then, run the Setup utility and enable the DIMM.
	4. Check that all DIMMs are initialized in the Setup utility; then, run memory diagnostics (see "Dynamic System Analysis" on page 57).
	5. Reverse the DIMMs between the channels (of the same microprocessor), and then restart the server. If the problem is related to a DIMM, replace the failing DIMM.
	6. Re-enable all DIMMs using the Setup utility, and then restart the server.
	7. (Trained service technician only) Install the failing DIMM into a DIMM connector for microprocessor 2 (if installed) to verify that the problem is not the microprocessor or the DIMM connector.
	8. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- For additional memory troubleshooting information, refer to the "Troubleshooting Memory IBM BladeCenter and System x" document at http://www-947.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/docdisplay?brand=5000020&Indocid=MIGR-5081319.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

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Symptom	Action
Multiple DIMMs in a channel are identified as failing.	Note: Each time you install or remove a DIMM, you must disconnect the server from the power source; then, wait 10 seconds before restarting the server.
	Reseat the DIMMs; then, restart the server.
	2. Remove the highest-numbered DIMM of those that are identified and replace it with an identical known good DIMM; then, restart the server. Repeat as necessary. If the failures continue after all identified DIMMs are replaced, go to step 4.
	3. Return the removed DIMMs, one at a time, to their original connectors, restarting the server after each DIMM, until a DIMM fails. Replace each failing DIMM with an identical known good DIMM, restarting the server after each DIMM replacement. Repeat step 3 until you have tested all removed DIMMs.
	4. Replace the highest-numbered DIMM of those identified; then, restart the server. Repeat as necessary.
	5. Reverse the DIMMs between the channels (of the same microprocessor), and then restart the server. If the problem is related to a DIMM, replace the failing DIMM.
	6. (Trained service technician only) Install the failing DIMM into a DIMM connector for microprocessor 2 (if installed) to verify that the problem is not the microprocessor or the DIMM connector.
	7. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

Microprocessor problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action
The server goes directly to the POST Event Viewer when turned on.	 Correct any errors that are indicated by the LEDs on the front panel. Make sure that the server supports all the microprocessors and that the microprocessors match in speed and cache size. To compare the microprocessor information, run the Setup utility and select System Information, then select System Summary, and then Processor Details.
	3. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the microprocessors.
	4. (Trained service technician only) Remove microprocessor 2 and restart the server.
	5. (Trained service technician only) Replace the following components, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
	Microprocessors
	System board

Monitor or video problems

Some IBM monitors have their own self-tests. If you suspect a problem with your monitor, see the documentation that comes with the monitor for instructions for testing and adjusting the monitor. If you cannot diagnose the problem, call for service.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action
Testing the monitor.	 Make sure that the monitor cables are firmly connected. Try using the other video port.
	 Try using a different monitor on the server, or try testing the monitor on a different server.
	 Run the diagnostic programs (see "Dynamic System Analysis" on page 57). If the monitor passes the diagnostic programs, the problem might be a video device driver.
	5. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- · If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- · Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	ion	
The screen is blank.	If the server is attached to a KVM switch, bypass the KVM switch to as a possible cause of the problem: connect the monitor cable directorrect connector on the rear of the server.	
	The IMM remote presence function is disabled if you install an optic adapter. To use the IMM remote presence function, remove the opt adapter.	
	 Make sure that: The server is turned on. If there is no power to the server, see "I problems" on page 50. The monitor cables are connected correctly. The monitor is turned on and the brightness and contrast control adjusted correctly. 	
	Make sure that the correct server is controlling the monitor, if applic	cable.
	Make sure that damaged server firmware is not affecting the video; "Recovering the server firmware" on page 94 for information about from server firmware failure.	
	Replace the following components one at a time, in the order show the server each time:	n, restarting
	a. Monitor	
	b. Video adapter (if one is installed)	
	c. (Trained service technician only) System board	
	See "Solving undetermined problems" on page 128 for information solving undetermined problems.	about
The monitor works when you	Make sure that:	
turn on the server, but the screen goes blank when you start some application	 The application program is not setting a display mode that is high capability of the monitor. 	her than the
programs.	You installed the necessary device drivers for the application.	
	Run video diagnostics (see "Dynamic System Analysis" on page 57	').
	 If the server passes the video diagnostics, the video is good; see undetermined problems" on page 128 for information about solvi undetermined problems. 	
	 If the server fails the video diagnostics, (trained service technicia replace the system board. 	n only)

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action	
The monitor has screen jitter, or the screen image is wavy, unreadable, rolling, or distorted.	1.	If the monitor self-tests show that the monitor is working correctly, consider the location of the monitor. Magnetic fields around other devices (such as transformers, appliances, fluorescent lights, and other monitors) can cause screen jitter or wavy, unreadable, rolling, or distorted screen images. If this happens, turn off the monitor.
		Attention: Moving a color monitor while it is turned on might cause screen discoloration.
		Move the device and the monitor at least 305 mm (12 in.) apart, and turn on the monitor.
		Notes:
		 To prevent diskette drive read/write errors, make sure that the distance between the monitor and any external diskette drive is at least 76 mm (3 in.).
		b. Non-IBM monitor cables might cause unpredictable problems.
	2.	Reseat the monitor cable
	3.	Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
		a. Monitor cable
		b. Video adapter (if one is installed)
		c. Monitor
		d. (Trained service technician only) System board
Wrong characters appear on the screen.	1.	If the wrong language is displayed, update the server firmware with the correct language.
	2.	Reseat the monitor cable.
	3.	Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
		a. Monitor
		b. (Trained service technician only) System board

Optional-device problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

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Symptom	Action	
An IBM optional device that was just installed does not work.	 Make sure that: The device is designed for the server (see http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/). You followed the installation instructions that came with the device and the device is installed correctly. You have not loosened any other installed devices or cables. You updated the configuration information in the Setup utility. Whenever memory or any other device is changed, you must update the configuration. Reseat the device that you just installed. 	
	3. Replace the device that you just installed.	
An IBM optional device that used to work does not work	Make sure that all of the hardware and cable connections for the device are secure.	
now.	2. If the device comes with test instructions, use those instructions to test the device.	
	3. Reseat the failing device.	
	4. Follow the instructions for device maintenance, such as keeping the heads clean, and troubleshooting in the documentation that comes with the device.	
	5. Replace the failing device.	

Power problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action
The power-control button does not work (the server does not start). Note: The power-control button will not function until approximately 40 seconds after the server has been connected to power.	 Make sure that: The power cords are correctly connected to the server and to a working electrical outlet. The LEDs on the power supply do not indicate a problem (see "Power-supply LEDs" on page 56). Both power supplies installed in the server are of the same type. Mixing different power supplies in the server will cause a system error (the system-error LED on the front panel turns on). The type of memory that is installed is correct. The microprocessors are installed in the correct sequence. The fan power cable is correctly connected to the fan board and the power-supply paddle card (see step 3 on page 215 of the "Installing the system fan cage" on page 214 procedure). Make sure that the power-control button is working correctly: Disconnect the server power cords. Reseat the operator information panel assembly cable. Reconnect the power-control button to restart the server. If the button does not work, replace the operator information panel assembly. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: Hot-swap power supplies (Trained service technician only) System board
The server does not turn off.	 Turn off the server by pressing the power-control button for 5 seconds. Restart the server. If the server fails POST and the power-control button does not work, disconnect the power cord for 20 seconds; then, reconnect the power cord and restart the server. If the problem remains, suspect the system board.
The server unexpectedly shuts down, and the LEDs on the operator information panel are not lit.	See "Solving undetermined problems" on page 128.

Serial device problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action
The number of serial ports that are identified by the operating system is less than the number of installed serial ports.	 Make sure that: Each port is assigned a unique address in the Setup utility and none of the serial ports is disabled. The serial-port adapter (if one is present) is seated correctly.
	2. Reseat the serial port adapter, if one is present.
	3. Replace the serial port adapter, if one is present.
A serial device does not work.	 Make sure that: The device is compatible with the server. The serial port is enabled and is assigned a unique address. The device is connected to the correct connector (see "Rear view" on page 11).
	2. Reseat the following components:a. Failing serial deviceb. Serial cable
	 3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: a. Failing serial device b. Serial cable c. (Trained service technician only) System board

ServerGuide problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action
The ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD will not start.	 Make sure that the server supports the ServerGuide program and has a startable (bootable) CD or DVD drive. If the startup (boot) sequence settings have been changed, make sure that the CD or DVD drive is first in the startup sequence. If more than one CD or DVD drive is installed, make sure that only one drive is set as the primary drive. Start the CD from the primary drive.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action	
The ServeRAID program cannot view all installed drives, or the operating system cannot be installed.	 Make sure that there are no duplicate IRQ assignments. Make sure that the hard disk drive is connected correctly. Make sure that the hard disk drive cables are securely connected (see "Internal cable routing and connectors" on page 141). 	
The operating-system installation program continuously loops.	Make more space available on the hard disk.	
The ServerGuide program will not start the operating-system CD.	Make sure that the operating-system CD is supported by the ServerGuide program. For a list of supported operating-system versions, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/management/serverguide/sub.html, click IBM Service and Support Site, click the link for your ServerGuide version, and scroll down to the list of supported Microsoft Windows operating systems.	
The operating system cannot be installed; the option is not available.	Make sure that the server supports the operating system. If it does, no logical drive is defined (RAID servers). Run the ServerGuide program and make sure that setup is complete.	

Software problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Symptom	Action
You suspect a software problem.	 To determine whether the problem is caused by the software, make sure that: The server has the minimum memory that is needed to use the software. For memory requirements, see the information that comes with the software. If you have just installed an adapter or memory, the server might have a memory-address conflict. The software is designed to operate on the server. Other software works on the server. The software works on another server.
	2. If you received any error messages when using the software, see the information that comes with the software for a description of the messages and suggested solutions to the problem.
	3. Contact the software vendor.

Universal Serial Bus (USB) port problems

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

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Symptom	Action
A USB device does not work.	1. Make sure that:• The correct USB device driver is installed.• The operating system supports USB devices.
	2. Make sure that the USB configuration options are set correctly in the Setup utility menu (see "Setup utility menu choices" on page 234 for more information).
	3. If you are using a USB hub, disconnect the USB device from the hub and connect it directly to the server.
	4. Move the device cable to a different USB connector.
	5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
	a. USB device
	 b. (Only if the problem occurred with a front USB connector) Internal USB cable, front USB connector assembly, or USB board

Video problems

See "Monitor or video problems" on page 46.

Error LEDs

The system board has error LEDs that will help to locate the source of the error (see "System-board LEDs" on page 19). Run the diagnostic programs to find out the cause of the error (see "Dynamic System Analysis" on page 57).

The server is designed so that some LEDs remain lit when the server is connected to an ac power source but is not turned on, provided that the power supply is operating correctly. This feature helps you to isolate the problem when the operating system is shut down.

Many errors are first indicated by a lit system-error LED on the control-panel assembly of the server. If this LED is lit, one or more LEDs elsewhere in the server might also be lit and can direct you to the source of the error.

Before working inside the server to view the LEDs, read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.

If an error occurs, view the light path diagnostics LEDs in the following order:

- 1. Look at the front of the server. If the system-error LED is lit, it indicates that an error has occurred.
- 2. Check the front and rear of the server to determine whether any component LEDs are lit.

- 3. View the error LEDs on the system board to isolate the failing component.
 - a. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
 - b. Place the server on a flat, static-protective surface.
 - c. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
 - d. Locate the light path diagnostics button on the system board (see "System-board LEDs" on page 19).
 - e. Press and hold the light path diagnostics button to light the error LEDs on the system board. The LEDs will remain lit for as long as you press the button, to a maximum of 45 seconds.

Certain components inside the server have LEDs that will be lit to indicate the location of a problem. For example, a DIMM error will light the LED next to the failing DIMM on the system board. Look at the system service label inside the cover of the server, which gives an overview of internal components. This information can often provide enough information to correct the error.

The following table describes the LEDs on the system board and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Component LED	Description	Action
DIMM error LEDs	An invalid memory configuration or a memory error has occurred	Note: Each time you install or remove a DIMM, you must disconnect the server from the power source; then, wait 10 seconds before restarting the server.
		Make sure that the DIMM configuration is supported (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181 for DIMM requirements and installation sequence information).
		2. Replace the DIMMs with a supported configuration.
		3. Update the server firmware to the latest level (see "Updating the firmware" on page 231).
		4. Reseat the DIMM.
		5. Check the system-event log in the Setup utility or IMM error messages. Follow steps indicated in "POST error messages" on page 24 and "Integrated management module error messages" on page 99.
Microprocessor error LED	Microprocessor has failed, is missing, or has been incorrectly installed.	Check the system event log to determine the reason for the lit LED.
		(Trained service technician) Reseat the failing microprocessor
		3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
		a. (Trained service technician only) Failing microprocessor
		b. (Trained service technician only) System board

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

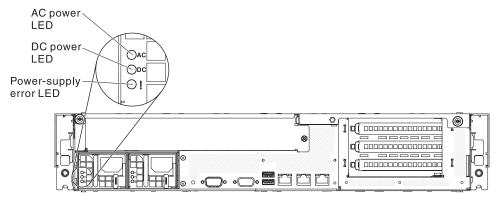
trained service tech	nician.	
Component LED	Description	Action
Microprocessor mismatch LED	An invalid microprocessor configuration or a microprocessor has failed	 Check that microprocessor 1 is installed. Check the microprocessors are compatible with each other (see "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221 for additional information about microprocessor requirements) and use the Setup utility and select System Information → System Summary → Processor Details to verify the microprocessors information. (Trained service technician only) Replace the incompatible microprocessor. Check the system-error logs for information about the error. Replace any components that are identified in the error log.
System-board error LED	System-board CPU VRD and/or power voltage regulators have failed and/or system-board cannot power on.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Battery error LED	Battery low.	 Replace the CMOS lithium battery, if necessary. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
H8 heartbeat LED	Indicates the status of power-on and power-off sequencing.	(Trained service technician only) If the server is connected to power and the LED is not flashing, replace the system board.
IMM heartbeat LED	Indicates the status of IMM heartbeat boot process.	 The following steps describe the different stages of the IMM heartbeat sequencing process. When this LED is blinking fast (approximately 4Hz), this indicates, that the IMM code is in the loading process. When this LED goes off momentarily, this indicates that the IMM code has loaded completely. When this LED goes off momentarily and then starts blinking slowing (approximately 1Hz), this indicates that IMM is fully operational. (Trained service technician only) If this LED does not blink within 30 seconds of connecting a power source to the server, replace the system board.
PCI error LEDs	An error has occurred on a PCI bus or on the system board. An additional LED is lit next to a failing PCI slot.	 Check the system event log for information about the error. If you cannot isolate the failing adapter through the LEDs and the information in the system event log, remove one adapter at a time, and restart the server after each adapter is removed. If the failure remains, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&Indocid=SERV-CALL for additional troubleshooting information.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Component LED	Description	Action
Power error LED	Previous ac power lost event or unexpected system shutdown event detected.	 Check the ac power to the server. Make sure that the power cord is connected to a functioning power source. Check the power cable connections on the system board. Replace the power-supply. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

Power-supply LEDs

The following illustration shows the locations of the power-supply LEDs.



The following table describes the problems that are indicated by various combinations of the power-supply LEDs and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

Po	Power-supply LEDs				
AC	DC	Error	Description	Action	Notes
On	On	Off	Normal operation		
Off	Off	Off	No ac power to the server or a problem with the ac power source	 Check the ac power to the server. Make sure that the power cord is connected to a functioning power source. Turn the server off and then turn the server back on. If the problem remains, replace the 	This is a normal condition when no ac power is present.
				power supply.	
Off	Off	On	No ac power to the server or a problem with the ac power source and the power supply had detected an internal problem	Replace the power supply. Make sure that the power cord is connected to a functioning power source.	This happens only when a second power supply is providing power to the server.
Off	On	Off	Faulty power supply	Replace the power supply.	
Off	On	On	Faulty power supply	Replace the power supply.	
On	Off	Off	Power supply not fully seated, faulty system board, or faulty power supply	Reseat the power supply. Replace the power supply. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.	Typically indicates that a power supply is not fully seated.
On	Off or Flashing	On	Faulty power supply	Replace the power supply.	
On	On	On	Power supply is faulty but still operational	Replace the power supply.	

Dynamic System Analysis

Dynamic System Analysis (DSA) collects and analyzes system information to aid in diagnosing server problems. DSA collects the following information about the server:

- · Drive health information
- Event logs for ServeRAID controllers and service processors
- · Hardware inventory, including PCI and USB information

- Installed applications and hot fixes
- · Kernel modules
- · Light path diagnostics status
- · Network interfaces and settings
- Performance data and details about processes that are running
- · RAID and controller configuration
- Service processor (integrated management module) status and configuration
- · System configuration
- Vital product data and firmware information

For system-specific information about the action that you should take as a result of a message that DSA generates, see the table in "DSA messages" on page 59.

If you cannot find a problem by using DSA, see "Solving undetermined problems" on page 128 for information about testing the server.

Notes:

- 1. In a multi-node environment, each server has a unique DSA interface. You can view server-specific information, such as error logs, from these unique DSA interfaces.
- DSA Preboot might appear to be unresponsive when you start the program.
 This is normal operation while the program loads. The loading process may take up to 10 minutes.

To obtain DSA code and the *Dynamic System Analysis Installation and User's Guide*, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&Indocid=SERV-DSA.

DSA editions

Three editions of Dynamic System Analysis are available:

DSA Portable

DSA Portable Edition runs within the operating system; you do not have to restart the server to run it. It is packaged as a self-extracting file that you download from the Web. When you run the file, it self-extracts to a temporary folder and performs comprehensive collection of hardware and operating-system information. After it runs, it automatically deletes the temporary files and folder and leaves the results of the data collection and diagnostics on the server.

If you are able to start the server, use DSA Portable (or DSA Installable).

DSA Bootable

DSA Bootable is run from a bootable CD; you must restart the server to run it. It is packaged as an ISO image that you download from the Web and copy to a CD. DSA Bootable performs comprehensive collection of hardware and operating-system and includes the same set of diagnostics as DSA Portable and DSA Installable.

If you are unable to start the server and you do not need the more comprehensive diagnostics that DSA Preboot provides, use DSA Bootable.

Attention: If you install a ServeRAID-M1015 SAS/SATA adapter, make sure at least 2 GB of memory is installed in the server before you use DSA Bootable.

DSA Preboot

DSA Preboot runs outside of the operating system; you must restart the server to run it. It is packaged as an ISO image that you download from the Web, or it is

provided in flash memory on the server. In addition to the capabilities of the other editions of DSA, DSA Preboot includes diagnostic routines that would be disruptive to run within the operating-system environment (such as resetting devices and causing loss of network connectivity). It has a graphical user interface that you can use to specify which diagnostics to run and to view the diagnostic and data collection results.

If you are unable to start the server or if you need comprehensive diagnostics, use DSA Preboot.

DSA messages

The following table describes the messages that DSA might generate and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

In a message number, *x* can be any numeral or letter. However, if the three-digit number in the central position of the message number is 000, 195, or 197, *do not* replace a CRU or FRU. When these numbers are in the central position of a message number, they have the following meanings:

- **000** The server passed the test. Do not replace a CRU or FRU.
- 195 The Esc key was pressed to end the test. Do not replace a CRU or FRU.
- This is a warning error, but it does not indicate a hardware failure; do not replace a CRU or FRU. Take the action that is indicated in the Action column, but *do not replace a CRU or FRU*.

Table 6. DSA messages

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
089-801-xxx	CPU	CPU Stress Test	Aborted	Internal program error.	 Turn off and restart the system. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA. Run the test again. Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231. Run the test again. Turn off and restart the system if necessary to recover from a hung state. Run the test again. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message					
number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
089-802-xxx	CPU	CPU Stress Test	Aborted	System resource	Turn off and restart the system.
		lest		availability error.	2. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					5. Run the test again.
					Turn off and restart the system if necessary to recover from a hung state.
					7. Run the test again.
					8. Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					9. Run the test again.
					If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
089-901-xxx	CPU	CPU Stress Test	Failed	Test failure.	Turn off and restart the system if necessary to recover from a hung state.
					2. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					3. Run the test again.
			4. Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.		
					5. Run the test again.
					Turn off and restart the system if necessary to recover from a hung state.
					7. Run the test again.
					8. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message					
number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
166-801-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: the IMM returned an incorrect	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				response length.	2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
166-802-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: the test cannot be	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				completed for an unknown reason.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message					
number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
166-803-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: the node is busy; try later.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				ity later.	2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
166-804-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: invalid command.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
					2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message									
number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action				
166-805-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: invalid command for the given LUN.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.				
				3	2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.				
					3. Run the test again.				
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.				
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.				
					6. Run the test again.				
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.				
166-806-xxx	G-xxx IMM IMM I2C Test Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: timeout while	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.						
				1 1 1	processing the command.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.			
					3. Run the test again.				
									4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.				
					6. Run the test again.				
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.				

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
166-807-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: out of space.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
					2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
166-808-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: reservation	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				canceled or invalid reservation ID.	2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message								
number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action			
166-809-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: request data was truncated.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.			
					After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.			
					3. Run the test again.			
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.			
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.			
					6. Run the test again.			
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.			
166-810-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted		IMM I2C test stopped: request data	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.		
				length is invalid.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.			
					3. Run the test again.			
								4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.			
					6. Run the test again.			
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.			

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action	
166-811-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: request data field length limit	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.	
				is exceeded.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.	
					3. Run the test again.	
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.	
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.	
					6. Run the test again.	
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.	
166-812-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	si p	stopped a parameter is o	stopped a parameter is out	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				of range.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.	
					3. Run the test again.	
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.	
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.	
					6. Run the test again.	
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.	

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message									
number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action				
166-813-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: cannot return the number of	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.				
				requested data bytes.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.				
					3. Run the test again.				
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.				
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.				
					6. Run the test again.				
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.				
166-814-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	Aborted	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: requested	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.		
						rec	sensor, data, or record is not present.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.	
					3. Run the test again.				
									4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.				
					6. Run the test again.				
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.				

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
166-815-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: invalid data field in the request.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				request.	2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
166-816-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: the command is	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				illegal for the specified sensor or record type.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message					
number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
166-817-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: a command response could	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				not be provided.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
166-818-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: cannot execute a	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				duplicated request.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
166-819-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: a command response could not be provided; the SDR repository is in update mode.	 Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system. Run the test again. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231. Run the test again. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
166-820-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: a command response could not be provided; the device is in firmware update mode.	 Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system. Run the test again. Make sure that the DSA code and IMM firmware are at the latest level. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231. Run the test again. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- · If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Ac	etion
166-821-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: a command response could	1.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				not be provided;	2.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
				initialization is in	3.	Run the test again.
				progress.	4.	Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5.	Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6.	Run the test again.
					7.	If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
166-822-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: the destination is	1.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				unavailable.	2.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3.	Run the test again.
					4.	Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5.	Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6.	Run the test again.
					7.	If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
166-823-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: cannot execute the command;	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				insufficient privilege level.	2. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
166-824-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Aborted	IMM I2C test stopped: cannot execute the	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				command.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
				5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.	
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

Table 6. DSA messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
166-901-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Failed	The IMM indicates a failure in the H8 bus (Bus 0)	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
				bus (bus 0)	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the later level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. Remove power from the system.
					(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
					Reconnect the system to power and turn on th system.
					10. Run the test again.
					11. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
•	IMM	Test IMM I2C Test	Failed Failed	Description The IMM indicates a failure in the light path bus (Bus 1).	 Action Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system. Run the test again. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231. Run the test again. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. Reseat the operator information panel. Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. (Trained service technician only) Reseat the system board. Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system. Run the test again. Ren the test again. Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system. Run the test again. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- · If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message							
number	Component	Test	State	Description	Act	ion	
166-903-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Failed	The IMM indicates a failure in the DIMM bus (Bus	1.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.	
				2).	2.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.	
					3.	Run the test again.	
					4.	Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.	
					5.	Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.	
					6.	Run the test again.	
					7.	Disconnect the system from the power source.	
						8.	Replace the DIMMs one at a time, and run the test again after replacing each DIMM.
					9.	Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.	
					10.	Run the test again.	
					11.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.	
					12.	Reseat all of the DIMMs.	
					13.	(Trained service technician only) Reseat the system board.	
					14.	Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.	
					15.	Run the test again.	
					16.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.	
					17.	Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.	
					18.	Run the test again.	
					19.	If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.	

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
166-904-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test	Failed	The IMM indicates a failure in the power supply, PCI slot bus (Bus 3).	 Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM. After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system. Run the test again. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231. Run the test again. Reseat the power supply. Run the test again. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. Reseat PCI adapters one at a time and run the test after each replacement. Run the test again. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. Trained service technician only) Reseat the system board. Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system. Run the test again. Run the test again. Run the test again. Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system. Run the test again. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- · If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
166-905-xxx	IMM	IMM I2C Test Failed The IMM indicates a	-	Note: Ignore the error if the hard disk drive backplane is not installed.	
				failure in the HDD bus (Bus 4).	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.
					After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3. Run the test again.
					4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the lates level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.
					8. Reseat the hard disk drive backplane.
					Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					10. Run the test again.
					11. Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.
					12. Trained service technician only) Reseat the system board.
					13. Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					14. Run the test again.
					15. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site fo more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Act	tion
166-906-xxx	indicates a failure in the	indicates a		Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source. You must disconnect the system from ac power to reset the IMM.		
				configuration bus (Bus 5).	2.	After 45 seconds, reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					3.	Run the test again.
					4.	Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5.	Make sure that the IMM firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6.	Run the test again.
			7.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.		
			8.	(Trained service technician only) Reseat the system board.		
					9.	Reconnect the system to the power source and turn on the system.
					10.	Run the test again.
					11.	If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
201-801-xxx	Memory	Memory Test	Aborted	Test canceled:	1.	Turn off and restart the system.
				the server firmware	2.	Run the test again.
			3.	Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.		
					4.	Run the test again.
					5.	If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message					
number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
201-802-xxx	Memory	Memory Test	Aborted	Test canceled:	Turn off and restart the system.
				the end address in the E820	2. Run the test again.
				function is less than 16 MB.	Make sure that all DIMMs are enabled in the Setup utility.
					4. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					5. Run the test again.
					6. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
201-803-xxx	Memory	Memory Test	Aborted	Test canceled:	Turn off and restart the system.
				could not enable the processor cache.	2. Run the test again.
					3. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					4. Run the test again.
					5. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
201-804-xxx	Memory	Memory Test	Aborted	Test canceled:	Turn off and restart the system.
				the memory controller buffer	2. Run the test again.
		request failed.	3. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.		
					4. Run the test again.
					5. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
201-805-xxx	Memory	Memory Test	Aborted	Test canceled: the memory controller display/alter write operation was not completed.	1. Turn off and restart the system. 2. Run the test again. 3. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231. 4. Run the test again. 5. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
201-806-xxx	Memory	Memory Test	Aborted	Test canceled: the memory controller fast scrub operation was not completed.	 Turn off and restart the system. Run the test again. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231. Run the test again. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
201-807-xxx	Memory	Memory Test	Aborted	Test canceled: the memory controller buffer free request failed.	 Turn off and restart the system. Run the test again. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231. Run the test again. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message					
number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
201-808-xxx	Memory	Memory Test	Aborted	Test canceled: memory controller display/alter buffer execute error.	 Turn off and restart the system. Run the test again. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information see "Updating the firmware" on page 231. Run the test again. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
201-809-xxx	Memory	Memory Test	Aborted	Test canceled program error: operation running fast scrub.	 Turn off and restart the system. Run the test again. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is showr in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information see "Updating the firmware" on page 231. Run the test again. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
201-810-xxx	Memory	Memory Test	Aborted	Test stopped: unknown error code xxx received in COMMONEXIT procedure.	 Turn off and restart the system. Run the test again. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information see "Updating the firmware" on page 231. Run the test again. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
201-901-xxx	Memory	Memory Test	Failed	Test failure: single-bit error, failing DIMM z.	Turn off the system and disconnect it from the power source.
					Reseat DIMM z. Reconnect the system to power and turn on the
					system. 4. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					5. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					6. Run the test again.
					7. Replace the failing DIMMs.
					8. Re-enable all memory in the Setup utility (see "Using the Setup utility" on page 233).
					9. Run the test again.
					10. Replace the failing DIMM.
					11. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
202-801-xxx	Memory	Memory	Aborted	Internal program	Turn off and restart the system.
		Stress Test		error.	Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					3. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					4. Run the test again.
					5. Turn off and restart the system if necessary to recover from a hung state.
					Run the memory diagnostics to identify the specific failing DIMM.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
202-802-xxx	Memory	Memory Stress Test	Failed		Make sure that all memory is enabled by checking the Available System Memory in the Resource Utilization section of the DSA event log. If necessary, enable all memory in the Setup utility (see "Using the Setup utility" on page 233).
					2. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					3. Run the test again.
					Run the standard memory test to validate all memory.
					5. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
202-901-xxx	Memory	Memory Stress Test	Failed	Test failure.	Run the standard memory test to validate all memory.
					2. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.
					3. Turn off the system and disconnect it from power.
					4. Reseat the DIMMs.
				5. Reconnect the system to power and turn on the system.	
					6. Run the test again.
					7. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

Table 6. DSA messages (continued)

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action	
215-801-xxx	Optical Drive	Verify Media Installed Read/	Aborted	Unable to communicate with the device driver.	Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA.	
		Write Test			2. Run the test again.	
	Self-Test Messages and actions	Messages			Check the drive cabling at both ends for loose or broken connections or damage to the cable. Replace the cable if it is damaged.	
					4. Run the test again.	
		apply to all three tests.	'''			For additional troubleshooting information, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559.
					6. Run the test again.	
					7. Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.	
					8. Run the test again.	
					9. Replace the CD/DVD drive.	
					If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site fo more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.	

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
215-802-xxx	Optical Drive	Verify Media Installed Read/ Write Test Self-Test Messages and actions apply to all three tests.	Aborted	A read error occurred.	 Close the media tray and wait for 15 seconds. Run the test again. Insert a new CD/DVD into the drive and wait for 15 seconds for the media to be recognized. Run the test again. Check the drive cabling at both ends for loose or broken connections or damage to the cable. Replace the cable if it is damaged. Run the test again. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA. Run the test again. For additional troubleshooting information, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559. Run the test again. Replace the CD/DVD drive. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
215-901-xxx	Optical Drive	Verify Media Installed Read/ Write Test Self-Test Messages and actions apply to all three tests.	Aborted	Drive media is not detected.	 Insert a CD/DVD into the drive or try a new media, and wait for 15 seconds. Run the test again. Check the drive cabling at both ends for loose or broken connections or damage to the cable. Replace the cable if it is damaged. Run the test again. For additional troubleshooting information, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559. Run the test again. Replace the CD/DVD drive. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
215-902-xxx	Optical Drive	Prive Verify Media Installed Read/ Write Test	Media miscom Installed Read/	Read miscompare.	 Insert a CD/DVD into the drive or try a new media, and wait for 15 seconds. Run the test again. Check the drive cabling at both ends for loose or broken connections or damage to the cable. Replace the cable if it is damaged.
		Messages and actions apply to all three tests.			 4. Run the test again. 5. For additional troubleshooting information, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559. 6. Run the test again.
			 Replace the CD/DVD drive. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL. 		
215-903-xxx	Optical Drive	Verify Media Installed Read/ Write Test Self-Test Messages and actions apply to all three tests.	Aborted	Could not access the drive.	 Insert a CD/DVD into the drive or try a new media, and wait for 15 seconds. Run the test again. Check the drive cabling at both ends for loose or broken connections or damage to the cable. Replace the cable if it is damaged. Run the test again. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1SERV-DSA. Run the test again. For additional troubleshooting information, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1MIGR-41559. Run the test again. Replace the CD/DVD drive. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site fo more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
217-900-000	SAS/SATA Hard Drive	Disk Drive Test	Failed	The hard drive self-test detected a failure.	 Reseat all backplane connections at both ends. Reseat all the drives (see "Removing a hot-swap hard disk drive" on page 149 and "Installing a hot-swap hard disk drive" on page 149). Run the test again. Make sure that the firmware is at the latest level. Run the test again. Collect the data from the DSA log and send it to IBM service. For information about contacting and sending data to IBM service, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
217-800-000	SAS/SATA Hard Drive	Disk Drive Test	Aborted	The hard drive self-test was cancelled.	 Reseat all backplane connections at both ends. Reseat all the drives (see "Removing a hot-swap hard disk drive" on page 149 and "Installing a hot-swap hard disk drive" on page 149). Run the test again. Make sure that the firmware is at the latest level. Run the test again. Collect the data from the DSA log and send it to IBM service. For information about contacting and sending data to IBM service, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
264-901-000	Tape Drive	Presence Test Self Test Load Tape Test Tape Alert Check Test Read/Write Self Test Read/Write Test Messages and actions apply to all tests.	Failed	An error was found in the tape alert log page.	 Clean the tape drive, using the appropriate cleaning media, and insert new media. Run the test again. Clear the error log. Run the test again. Make sure that the drive firmware is at the latest level. For the latest level of drive firmware and software for tape drives and libraries, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1TAPE-FILES. Run the test again. Note the tape alert flag that is returned in the tape alert log. Replace the tape drive if a hardware failure is indicated. Collect the data from the DSA log and send it to IBM service. For information about contacting and sending data to IBM service, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
264-902-000	Tape Drive	Presence Test	Failed	Media is not detected.	Clean the tape drive, using the appropriate cleaning media, and insert new media.
		Self Test			2. Run the test again.
		Load Tape			3. Clear the error log.
		TestTape Alert Check TestRead/Write			4. Make sure that the drive firmware is at the latest level. For the latest level of drive firmware and software for tape drives and libraries, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1TAPE-FILES.
		Self Test • Read/Write			5. Run the test again.
		Test			6. Replace the tape drive.
		Messages and actions apply to all tests.			7. Collect the data from the DSA log and send it to IBM service. For information about contacting and sending data to IBM service, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
264-903-000	Tape Drive	Presence Test	Failed	Media error.	Clean the tape drive, using the appropriate cleaning media, and insert new media.
		Self Test			2. Run the test again.
		 Load Tape Test Tape Alert Check Test Read/Write 			3. Make sure that the drive firmware is at the latest level. For the latest level of drive firmware and software for tape drives and libraries, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1TAPE-FILES.
	Self Test Read/Write				4. Run the test again.
				5. Replace the tape drive.	
		Test Messages and actions apply to all tests.			6. Collect the data from the DSA log and send it to IBM service. For information about contacting and sending data to IBM service, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
264-904-000	Tape Drive	Presence Test Self Test Load Tape Test Tape Alert Check Test Read/Write Self Test Read/Write Test Messages and actions apply to all tests.	Failed	Drive hardware error.	1. Check the tape drive cabling for loose or broken connections or damage to the cable. Replace the cable if it is damaged. 2. Clean the tape drive, using the appropriate cleaning media, and insert new media. 3. Run the test again. 4. Make sure that the drive firmware is at the latest level. For the latest level of drive firmware and software for tape drives and libraries, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1TAPE-FILES. 5. Run the test again. 6. Replace the tape drive. 7. Collect the data from the DSA log and send it to IBM service. For information about contacting and sending data to IBM service, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/
264-905-000	Tape Drive	Presence Toot	Failed	Software error: invalid request.	supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL. 1. If the server has stopped responding, turn off
		Test Self Test Load Tape Test Tape Alert Check Test Read/Write Self Test Read/Write Test Messages and actions apply to all tests.			 and restart the server. Run the test again. Make sure that the server firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA log, in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For the latest level of firmware, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&Indocid=MIGR & and select your system to display a matrix of available firmware. Run the test again. If the server has stopped responding, turn off and restart the server. Make sure that the drive firmware is at the latest level. For the latest level of drive firmware and software for tape drives and libraries, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1TAPE-FILES. Run the test again. Clean the tape drive, using the appropriate cleaning media, and insert new media. Replace the tape drive. Collect the data from the DSA log and send it to IBM service. For information about contacting and sending data to IBM service, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action	
264-906-000	Tape Drive	Presence Test	Failed	Unrecognized error.	Clean the tape drive, using the appropriate cleaning media, and insert new media.	
		Self Test			2. Run the test again.	
		 Load Tape Test Tape Alert Check Test Read/Write 			 Make sure that the drive firmware is at the latest level. For the latest level of drive firmware and software for tape drives and libraries, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/ docview.wss?uid=psg1TAPE-FILES. 	
		Self Test			4. Run the test again.	
		Read/Write Test Messages	Read/Write Test Messages	Test		5. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-DSA.
		apply to all			6. Run the test again.	
		tests.	tests.			7. Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA log, in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For the latest level of firmware, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&Indocid=MIGR& and select your system to display a matrix of available firmware.
					8. Run the test again.	
					9. Replace the tape drive.	
				10. Collect the data from the DSA log and send it to IBM service. For information about contacting and sending data to IBM service, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?Indocid=SERV-CALL?brandind=500000		

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
264-907-000	Tape Drive	Presence Test Self Test Load Tape Test Tape Alert Check Test Read/Write Self Test Read/Write Test Messages and actions apply to all tests.	Failed	An error was found in the block address: WRONG ADDR, block size=512 bytes. SensorKey is XXX	 Clean the tape drive, using the appropriate cleaning media, and insert new media. Run the test again. Make sure that the drive firmware is at the latest level. For the latest level of drive firmware and software for tape drives and libraries, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1TAPE-FILES. Run the test again. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-DSA. Run the test again. Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA log, in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For the latest level of firmware, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&Indocid=MIGR & and select your system to display a matrix of available firmware. Run the test again. Replace the tape drive. Collect the data from the DSA log and send it to IBM service. For information about contacting and sending data to IBM service, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?Indocid=SERV-CALL?brandind=500000

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
264-908-000	Tape Drive	Presence Test Self Test Load Tape Test Tape Alert Check Test Read/Write Self Test Read/Write Test Messages and actions apply to all tests.	Failed	An error was found in getting tape capacity.	 Make sure a tape is present in the tape drive. Clean the tape drive, using the appropriate cleaning media, and insert new media. Run the test again. Make sure that the drive firmware is at the latest level. For the latest level of drive firmware and software for tape drives and libraries, go to http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=psg1TAPE-FILES. Run the test again. Make sure that the DSA code is at the latest level. For the latest level of DSA code, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-DSA. Run the test again. Make sure that the system firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the DSA log, in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For the latest level of firmware, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008&Indocid=MIGR & and select your system to display a matrix of available firmware. Run the test again. Replace the tape drive. Collect the data from the DSA log and send it to IBM service. For information about contacting and sending data to IBM service, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?Indocid=SERV-CALL?brandind=500000
405-901-xxx	Intel Ethernet Device	Test Adapter Registers	Failed	A failure was detected during register test.	 Make sure that the component firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231. Run the test again. Replace the component that is causing the error. If the error is caused by an adapter, replace the adapter. Check the PCI Information and Network Settings information in the DSA event log to determine the physical location of the failing component. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?Indocid=SERV-CALL?brandind=500000

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message					
number	Component	Test	State	Description	Action
405-903-xxx	Intel Ethernet Device	Test EEPROM	Failed	A failure was detected during EEPROM test.	Make sure that the component firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					2. Run the test again.
					3. Replace the component that is causing the error. If the error is caused by an adapter, replace the adapter. Check the PCI Information and Network Settings information in the DSA event log to determine the physical location of the failing component.
					4. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.
405-904-xxx	Intel Ethernet Device	Test FIFO	Failed	A failure was detected during FIFO test.	Make sure that the component firmware is at the latest level. The installed firmware level is shown in the diagnostic event log in the Firmware/VPD section for this component. For more information, see "Updating the firmware" on page 231.
					2. Run the test again.
					3. Replace the component that is causing the error. If the error is caused by an adapter, replace the adapter. Check the PCI Information and Network Settings information in the DSA event log to determine the physical location of the failing component.
					4. If the failure remains, go to the IBM Web site for more troubleshooting information at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=SERV-CALL.

Tape alert flags

If a tape drive is installed in the server, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-5079217&brandind=5000008 for the *Tape Storage Products Problem Determination and Service Guide*. This document describes troubleshooting and problem determination information for your tape drive.

Tape alert flags are numbered 1 through 64 and indicate specific media-changer error conditions. Each tape alert is returned as an individual log parameter, and its state is indicated in bit 0 of the 1-byte Parameter Value field of the log parameter. When this bit is set to 1, the alert is active.

Each tape alert flag has one of the following severity levels:

C: Critical

W: Warning I: Information

Different tape drives support some or all of the following flags in the tape alert log:

- Flag 2: Library Hardware B (W) This flag is set when an unrecoverable mechanical error occurs.
- Flag 4: Library Hardware D (C) This flag is set when the tape drive fails the power-on self-test or a mechanical error occurs that requires a power cycle to recover. This flag is internally cleared when the drive is powered-off.
- Flag 13: Library Pick Retry (W) This flag is set when a high retry count threshold is passed during an operation to pick a cartridge from a slot before the operation succeeds. This flag is internally cleared when another pick operation is attempted.
- Flag 14: Library Place Retry (W) This flag is set when a high retry count threshold is passed during an operation to place a cartridge back into a slot before the operation succeeds. This flag is internally cleared when another place operation is attempted.
- Flag 15: Library Load Retry (W) This flag is set when a high retry count threshold is passed during an operation to load a cartridge into a drive before the operation succeeds. This flag is internally cleared when another load operation is attempted. Note that if the load operation fails because of a media or drive problem, the drive sets the applicable tape alert flags.
- Flag 16: Library Door (C) This flag is set when media move operations cannot be performed because a door is open. This flag is internally cleared when the door is closed.
- Flag 23: Library Scan Retry (W) This flag is set when a high retry count threshold is passed during an operation to scan the bar code on a cartridge before the operation succeeds. This flag is internally cleared when another bar code scanning operation is attempted.

Recovering the server firmware

Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

If the server firmware has become corrupted, such as from a power failure during an update, you can recover the server firmware in one of two ways:

- In-band method: Recover server firmware, using either the boot block jumper (Automated Boot Recovery) and a server Firmware Update Package Service Pack.
- Out-of-band method: Use the IMM Web Interface to update the firmware, using the latest server firmware update package.

Note: You can obtain a server firmware update package from one of the following sources:

- Download the server firmware update from the World Wide Web.
- · Contact your IBM service representative.

To download the server firmware update package from the World Wide Web, complete the following steps.

Note: Changes are made periodically to the IBM Web site. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

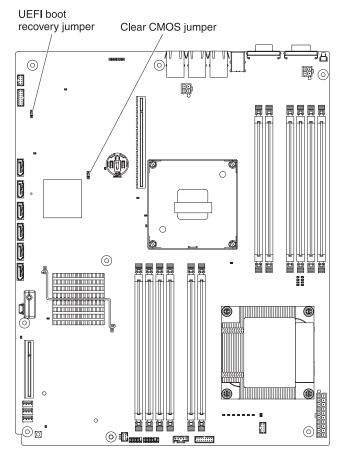
- 1. Go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/.
- 2. Under Product support, click System x.
- 3. Under Popular links, click Software and device drivers.
- Click System x3620 M3 to display the matrix of downloadable files for the server.
- 5. Download the latest server firmware update.

The flash memory of the server consists of a primary bank and a backup bank. It is essential that you maintain the backup bank with a bootable firmware image. If the primary bank becomes corrupted, you can either manually boot the backup bank with the boot block jumper, or in the case of image corruption, this will occur automatically with the Automated Boot Recovery function.

In-band manual recovery method

To recover the server firmware and restore the server operation to the primary bank, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 141. This information will help you work safely.
- 2. Turn off the server, and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the server cover. See "Removing the cover" on page 159 for more information.
- 4. Locate the UEFI boot recovery jumper block (JP3) on the system board.



- 5. Remove any adapters that impede access to the boot recovery jumper block (JP3) (see "Removing an adapter from the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 168).
- 6. Move the UEFI boot recovery jumper block (JP3) from pins 1 and 2 to pins 2 and 3 to enable the UEFI recovery mode.
- 7. Reinstall any adapter that you removed before (see "Installing an adapter on the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 169).
- 8. Reinstall the server cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 9. Reconnect all power cords and external cables and restart the server. The power-on self-test (POST) starts.
- 10. Boot the server to an operating system that is supported by the firmware update package that you downloaded.
- 11. Perform the firmware update by following the instructions that are in the firmware update package readme file.
- 12. Copy the downloaded firmware update package into a directory.
- 13. From a command line, type *filename*-s, where *filename* is the name of the executable file that you downloaded with the firmware update package. Monitor the firmware update until completion.
- 14. Turn off the server and disconnect all power cords and external cables, and then remove the server cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159
- 15. Remove any adapters that impede access to the UEFI boot recovery jumper block (JP3) (see "Removing an adapter from the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 168).
- 16. Move the UEFI boot block recovery jumper (JP3) from pins 2 and 3 back to the primary position (pins 1 and 2).

- 17. Reinstall any adapter that you removed before (see "Installing an adapter on the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 169).
- 18. Reinstall the server cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160); then, reconnect all power cords.
- 19. Restart the server. The power-on self-test (POST) starts. If this does not recover the primary bank, continue with the following steps.
- 20. Remove the server cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 21. Reset the CMOS by removing the system battery (see "Removing the system battery" on page 156).
- 22. Leave the system battery out of the server for approximately 5 to 15 minutes.
- 23. Reinstall the system battery (see "Installing the system battery" on page 157).
- 24. Reinstall the server cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160); then, reconnect all power cords.
- 25. Restart the server. The power-on self-test (POST) starts.
- 26. If these recovery efforts fail, contact your IBM service representative for support.

See "System-board jumpers" on page 17 for more information about the switches and jumpers.

In-band automated boot recovery method

Note: Use this method if the system board error LED on the system board is lit and there is a log entry or Booting Backup Image is displayed on the firmware splash screen; otherwise, use the in-band manual recovery method.

- 1. Boot the server to an operating system that is supported by the firmware update package that you downloaded.
- 2. Perform the firmware update by following the instructions that are in the firmware update package readme file.
- 3. Restart the server.
- 4. At the firmware splash screen, press F3 when prompted to restore to the primary bank. The server boots from the primary bank.

Out-of-band method: For information about using the IMM web interface to recover the server firmware, see the IMM documentation.

Automated boot recovery (ABR)

While the server is starting, if the integrated management module II detects problems with the server firmware in the primary bank, the server automatically switches to the backup firmware bank and gives you the opportunity to recover the firmware in the primary bank. For instructions for recovering the UEFI firmware, see "Recovering the server firmware" on page 94. After you have recovered the firmware in the primary bank, complete the following steps:

- 1. Restart the server.
- 2. When the prompt Press F3 to restore to primary is displayed, press F3 to start the server from the primary bank.

Nx boot failure

Configuration changes, such as added devices or adapter firmware updates, and firmware or application code problems can cause the server to fail POST (the power-on self-test). If this occurs, the server responds in either of the following ways:

- · The server restarts automatically and attempts POST again.
- The server hangs, and you must manually restart the server for the server to attempt POST again.

After a specified number of consecutive attempts (automatic or manual), the Nx boot failure feature causes the server to revert to the default UEFI configuration and start the Setup utility so that you can make the necessary corrections to the configuration and restart the server. If the server is unable to successfully complete POST with the default configuration, there might be a problem with the system board.

To specify the number of consecutive restart attempts that will trigger the Nx boot failure feature, in the Setup utility, click **System Settings → Recovery → POST Attempts → POST Attempts Limit**. The available options are 3, 6, 9, and 255 (disable Nx boot failure).

System event messages log

The system event messages log contains messages of three types:

Information

Information messages do not require action; they record significant system-level events, such as when the server is started.

Warning

Warning messages do not require immediate action; they indicate possible problems, such as when the recommended maximum ambient temperature is exceeded.

Error Error messages might require action; they indicate system errors, such as when a fan is not detected.

Each message contains date and time information, and it indicates the source of the message (POST or the IMM).

Integrated management module error messages

The following table describes the possible integrated management module error messages and suggested actions to correct the detected problems.

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
%1 Platform Watchdog Timer expired for %2.	Error	A Platform Watchdog Timer Expired event has occurred.	Reconfigure the watchdog timer to a higher value.
(%1 = OS Watchdog or Loader Watchdog; %2 = OS Watchdog or Loader Watchdog)			Make sure that the IMM Ethernet over USB interface is enabled.
Loader Watchdog)			Reinstall the RNDIS or cdc_ether device driver for the operating system.
			4. Disable the watchdog.
			Check the integrity of the installed operating system.
A diagnostic interrupt has occurred on system %1. (%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem.	Error	An operator information panel NMI/diagnostic interrupt has occurred.	If the NMI button on the operator information panel has not been pressed, complete the following steps:
ElementName)			Make sure that the NMI button is not pressed.
			Replace the operator information panel cable.
			Replace the operator information panel.

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
A software NMI has occurred on system %1. (%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem. ElementName)	Error	A software NMI has occurred.	Check the device driver. Reinstall the device driver.
An Uncorrectable Bus Error has occurred on system %1. (%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem. ElementName)	Error	A bus uncorrectable error has occurred. (Sensor = Critical Int CPU)	 Check the system-event log. Check the microprocessor error LEDs. Remove the failing microprocessor from the system board. Check for a UEFI firmware update. Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code. Make sure that the two microprocessors are matching (see "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221 for information about microprocessor requirements). (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
An Over-Temperature Condition has been detected on the Processor CPU n Status. (n = microprocessor number)	Error	An overtemperature condition has occurred for microprocessor <i>n</i> . (<i>n</i> = microprocessor number)	 Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffle is in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed. Make sure that the heat sink for microprocessor <i>n</i> is installed correctly. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i>. (<i>n</i> = microprocessor number)

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Manage	Coverity	Description	Action
Message	Severity	Description	Action
An SMBIOS Uncorrectable CPU complex error for Processor CPU <i>n</i> Status has asserted. (<i>n</i> = microprocessor number)	Error	An SMBIOS uncorrectable CPU complex error has asserted.	Check for a UEFI firmware update. Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code. Make sure that the installed
			microprocessors are compatible with each other (see "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221 for information about microprocessor requirements).
			3. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor <i>n</i> .
			4. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i> .
			(n = microprocessor number)
Attempting to %1 server %2 by user %3. (%1 = Power Up, Power Down, Power Cycle, or Reset; %2 = IBM_ComputerSystem. ElementName; %3 = user ID)	Info	A user has used the IMM to perform a power function on the server.	No action; information only.
Certificate Authority %1 has detected a %2 Certificate Error. (%1 = IBM_Certificate Authority.CADistinguished Name; %2 = CIM_PublicKeyCertificate. ElementName)	Error	A problem has occurred with the SSL Server, SSL Client, or SSL Trusted CA certificate that has been imported into the IMM. The imported certificate must contain a public key that corresponds to the key pair that was previously generated by the Generate a New Key and Certificate Signing Request link.	 Make sure that the certificate that you are importing is correct. Try importing the certificate again.
DHCP setting changed to %1 by user %2. (%1 = DHCP addressing mode, %2 = user ID)	Info	A user has changed the DHCP mode.	No action; information only.

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

trained service technician.					
Message	Severity	Description	Action		
DHCP[%1] failure, no IP address assigned. (%1 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)	Info	A DHCP server has failed to assign an IP address to the IMM.	 Make sure that the network cable is connected. Make sure that there is a DHCP server on the network that can assign an IP address to the IMM. 		
ENET[0] DHCP-HSTN=%1, DN=%2, IP@=%3, SN=%4, GW@=%5, DNS1@=%6. (%1 = CIM_DNSProtocolEndpoint. Hostname; %2 = CIM_DNSProtocolEndpoint. DomainName; %3 = CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint IPv4Address; %4 = CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint. SubnetMask; %5 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx, %6 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxxx)	Info	The DHCP server has assigned an IMM IP address and configuration.	No action; information only.		
ENET[0] IP-Cfg:HstName=%1, IP@%2, NetMsk=%3, GW@=%4. (%1 = CIM_DNSProtocolEndpoint. Hostname; %2 = CIM_StaticIPSettingData. IPv4Address; %3 = CIM_StaticIPSettingData. SubnetMask; %4 = CIM_StaticIPSettingData. DefaultGatewayAddress)	Info	An IMM IP address and configuration have been assigned using client data.	No action; information only.		
Ethernet Data Rate modified from %1 to %2 by user %3. (%1 = CIM_Ethernet Port.Speed; %2 = CIM_EthernetPort.Speed; %3 = user ID)	Info	A user has modified the Ethernet port data rate.	No action; information only.		

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Ethernet Duplex setting modified from %1 to %2 by user %3. (%1 = CIM_ EthernetPort.FullDuplex; %2 = CIM_ EthernetPort.FullDuplex; %3 = user ID)	Info	A user has modified the Ethernet port duplex setting.	No action; information only.
Ethernet Duplex setting modified from %1 to %2 by user %3. (%1 = CIM_EthernetPort.Network Addresses; %2 = CIM_EthernetPort.Network Addresses; %3 = user ID)	Info	A user has modified the Ethernet port MAC address setting.	No action; information only.
Ethernet interface %1 by user %2. (%1 = CIM_EthernetPort.Enabled State; %2 = user ID)	Info	A user has enabled the Ethernet interface.	No action; information only.
Ethernet locally administered MAC address modified from %1 to %2 by user %3. (%1 = CIM_EthernetPort.Network Addresses; %2 = CIM_EthernetPort.Network Addresses; %3 = user ID)	Info	A user has modified the locally administered Ethernet port MAC address setting.	No action; information only.
Ethernet MTU setting modified from %1 to %2 by user %3. (%1 = CIM_EthernetPort.Active MaximumTransmissionUnit; %2 = CIM_EthernetPort.Active MaximumTransmissionUnit; %3 = user ID)	Info	A user has modified the Ethernet port MTU setting.	No action; information only.

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Failure Predicted on drive n for array %1.	Warning	Predicted failure on a drive.	Run the hard disk drive diagnostic test on drive <i>n</i> .
(n = hard disk drive number, %1 = CIM_ComputerSystem. ElementName)			Reseat the following components:
Liomonavamo			a. Hard disk drive
			b. Cable from the system board to the backplane
			3. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
			a. Hard disk drive
			b. Cable from the system board to the backplane
			c. Hard disk drive backplane
Fault in slot System board	Error	A PCI slot error has occurred.	1. Check the riser-card LEDs.
on system %1. (%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem. ElementName)			Reseat the affected adapters and riser card.
Liententivame)			3. Update the server and adapter firmware (UEFI and IMM). Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.
			4. Remove both adapters.
			5. Replace the PCIe adapter.
			6. Replace the riser card.
			7. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Flash of %1 from %2 failed for user %3. (%1 = CIM_ManagedElement. ElementName; %2 = Web or LegacyCLI; %3 = user ID)	Info	An attempt to update a firmware component from the interface and IP address has failed.	Try to update the firmware again.

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Flash of %1 from %2 succeeded for user %3. (%1 = CIM_ManagedElement. Element Name; %2 = Web or LegacyCLI; %3 = user ID)	Info	A user has successfully updated one of the following firmware components: IMM main application IMM boot ROM UEFI firmware Diagnostics System power backplane Remote expansion enclosure power backplane Integrated service processor Remote expansion enclosure processor	No action; information only.
Hostname set to %1 by user %2. (%1 = CIM_DNSProtocolEndpoint. Hostname; %2 = user ID)	Info	A user has modified the host name of the IMM.	No action; information only.
IMM clock has been set from NTP server %1. (%1 = IBM_NTPService.Element Name)	Info	The IMM clock has been set to the date and time that is provided by the Network Time Protocol server.	No action; information only.
IMM: Configuration %1 restored from a configuration file by user %2. (%1 = CIM_ConfigurationData. ConfigurationName; %2 = user ID)	Info	A user has restored the IMM configuration by importing a configuration file.	No action; information only.
IMM Network Initialization Complete.	Info	An IMM network has completed initialization.	No action; information only.
IMM reset was caused by restoring default values.	Info	The IMM has been reset because a user has restored the configuration to its default settings.	No action; information only.
IMM reset was initiated by user %1. (%1 = user ID)	Info	A user has initiated a reset of the IMM.	No action; information only.
IMM Test Alert Generated by %1. (%1 = user ID)	Info	A user has generated a test alert from the IMM.	No action; information only.

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- · If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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Message	Severity	Description	Action
IP address of default gateway modified from %1 to %2 by user %3. (%1 = CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint. GatewayIPv4Address; %2 = CIM_StaticIPAssignment SettingData.Default GatewayAddress; %3 = user ID)	Info	A user has modified the default gateway IP address of the IMM.	No action; information only.
IP address of network interface modified from %1 to %2 by user %3. (%1 = CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint. IPv4Address; %2 = CIM_StaticIPAssignment SettingData.IPAddress; %3 = user ID)	Info	A user has modified the IP address of the IMM.	No action; information only.
IP subnet mask of network interface modified from %1 to %2 by user %3. (%1 = CIM_IPProtocolEndpoint. SubnetMask; %2 = CIM_StaticIPAssignment SettingData.SubnetMask; %3 = user ID)	Info	A user has modified the IP subnet mask of the IMM.	No action; information only.
LAN: Ethernet[0] interface is no longer active.	Info	The IMM Ethernet interface has been disabled.	No action; information only.
LAN: Ethernet[0] interface is now active.	Info	The IMM Ethernet interface has been enabled.	No action; information only.
Memory DIMM Configuration Error for All DIMMs on Memory Subsystem All DIMMs.	Error	A DIMM configuration error has occurred.	Make sure that DIMMs are installed in the correct sequence and have the same size, type, speed, and technology (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
Memory DIMM Configuration Error for DIMM n Status on Memory Subsystem DIMM n Status. (n = DIMM number)	Error	A DIMM configuration error has occurred.	Make sure that DIMMs are installed in the correct sequence and have the same size, type, speed, and technology (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
Memory DIMM Configuration Error for One of the DIMMs on Memory Subsystem One of the DIMMs.	Error	A DIMM configuration error has occurred.	Make sure that DIMMs are installed in the correct sequence and have the same size, type, speed, and technology (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181).

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Memory Logging Limit Reached for DIMM All DIMMs on Memory Subsystem All DIMMs.	Error	The memory logging limit has been reached.	Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory error.
			2. Swap the affected DIMMs (as indicated by the error LEDs on the system board or the event logs) to a different memory channel or microprocessor (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181 for memory population).
			If the error still occurs on the same DIMM, replace the affected DIMM.
			4. (Trained service technician only) If the problem occurs on the same DIMM connector, check the DIMM connector. If the connector contains any foreign material or is damaged, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
			5. (Trained service technician only) Remove the affected microprocessor and check the microprocessor socket pins for any damaged pins. If a damage is found, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
			6. (Trained Service technician only) Replace the affected microprocessor (see "Removing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 219 and "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221).

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Memory Logging Limit Reached for DIMM <i>n</i> Status on Memory Subsystem DIMM <i>n</i> Status.	Error	The memory logging limit has been reached.	Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory error.
(n = DIMM number)			2. Swap the affected DIMMs (as indicated by the error LEDs on the system board or the event logs) to a different memory channel or microprocessor (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181 for memory population).
			If the error still occurs on the same DIMM, replace the affected DIMM.
		4. (Trained service technician only) If the problem occurs on the same DIMM connector, check the DIMM connector. If the connector contains any foreign material or is damaged, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).	
			5. (Trained service technician only) Remove the affected microprocessor and check the microprocessor socket pins for any damaged pins. If a damage is found, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
			6. (Trained Service technician only) Replace the affected microprocessor (see "Removing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 219 and "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221).

- Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Memory Logging Limit Reached for DIMM One of the DIMMs on Memory Subsystem One of the DIMMs.	Error	The memory logging limit has been reached.	Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory error.
DIIVIIVIS.			2. Swap the affected DIMMs (as indicated by the error LEDs on the system board or the event logs) to a different memory channel or microprocessor (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181 for memory population).
			If the error still occurs on the same DIMM, replace the affected DIMM.
			4. (Trained service technician only) If the problem occurs on the same DIMM connector, check the DIMM connector. If the connector contains any foreign material or is damaged, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
		5. (Trained service technician only) Remove the affected microprocessor and check the microprocessor socket pins for any damaged pins. If a damage is found, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).	
			6. (Trained Service technician only) Replace the affected microprocessor (see "Removing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 219 and "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221).

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Memory DIMM disabled for All DIMMs on Memory Subsystem All DIMMs.	Info	DIMM disabled	 Make sure the DIMM is installed correctly (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181). If the DIMM was disabled because of a memory fault (memory uncorrectable error or memory logging limit reached), follow the suggested actions for that error event and restart the server. Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory event. If no memory fault is recorded in the logs and no DIMM connector error LED is lit, you can re-enable the DIMM through the Setup utility or the Advanced
Memory DIMM disabled for DIMM nStatus on Memory Subsystem DIMM nStatus. (n = DIMM number)	Info	DIMM disabled	Settings Utility (ASU). 1. Make sure the DIMM is installed correctly (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181). 2. If the DIMM was disabled because of a memory fault (memory uncorrectable error or memory logging limit reached), follow the suggested actions for that error event and restart the server. 3. Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory event. If no memory fault is recorded in the logs and no DIMM connector error LED is lit, you can re-enable the DIMM through the Setup utility or the Advanced Settings Utility (ASU).

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Action
Make sure the DIMM is installed correctly (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
 If the DIMM was disabled because of a memory fault (memory uncorrectable error or memory logging limit reached), follow the suggested actions for that error event and restart the server.
3. Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory event. If no memory fault is recorded in the logs and no DIMM connector error LED is lit, you can re-enable the DIMM through the Setup utility or the Advanced Settings Utility (ASU).
1. Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory error.
2. Manually re-enable all affected DIMMs if the server firmware version is older than UEFI v1.10. If the server firmware version is UEFI v1.10 or newer, disconnect and reconnect the server to the power source and restart the server.
3. Swap the affected DIMMs (as indicated by the error LEDs on the system board or the event logs) to a different memory channel or microprocessor (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181 for memory population).
4. If the problem follows the DIMM, replace the failing DIMM (see "Removing a memory module (DIMM)" on page 180 and "Installing a memory module" on page 181). (Continued on the next page)

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Memory uncorrectable error detected for DIMM All DIMMs on Memory Subsystem All DIMMs.	Error	A memory uncorrectable error has occurred.	5. (Trained service technician only) If the problem occurs on the same DIMM connector, check the DIMM connector. If the connector contains any foreign material or is damaged, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
			6. (Trained service technician only) Remove the affected microprocessor and check the microprocessor socket pins for any damaged pins. If a damage is found, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
			7. (Trained Service technician only) Replace the affected microprocessor (see "Removing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 219 and "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221).

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Memory uncorrectable error detected for DIMM <i>n</i> Status on Memory Subsystem DIMM <i>n</i> Status. (<i>n</i> = DIMM number)	Error	A memory uncorrectable error has occurred.	Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory error.
			2. Manually re-enable all affected DIMMs if the server firmware version is older than UEFI v1.10. If the server firmware version is UEFI v1.10 or newer, disconnect and reconnect the server to the power source and restart the server.
			3. Swap the affected DIMMs (as indicated by the error LEDs on the system board or the event logs) to a different memory channel or microprocessor (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181 for memory population).
			4. If the problem follows the DIMM, replace the failing DIMM (see "Removing a memory module (DIMM)" on page 180 and "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
			(Continued on the next page)

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Memory uncorrectable error detected for DIMM <i>n</i> Status on Memory Subsystem DIMM <i>n</i> Status. (<i>n</i> = DIMM number)	Error	A memory uncorrectable error has occurred.	5. (Trained service technician only) If the problem occurs on the same DIMM connector, check the DIMM connector. If the connector contains any foreign material or is damaged, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
			6. (Trained service technician only) Remove the affected microprocessor and check the microprocessor socket pins for any damaged pins. If a damage is found, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
			7. (Trained Service technician only) Replace the affected microprocessor (see "Removing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 219 and "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221).

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Memory uncorrectable error detected for DIMM One of the DIMMs on Memory Subsystem One of the DIMMs.	Error	A memory uncorrectable error has occurred.	Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory error.
DIIVIIVIS.			2. Manually re-enable all affected DIMMs if the server firmware version is older than UEFI v1.10. If the server firmware version is UEFI v1.10 or newer, disconnect and reconnect the server to the power source and restart the server.
			3. Swap the affected DIMMs (as indicated by the error LEDs on the system board or the event logs) to a different memory channel or microprocessor (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181 for memory population).
			4. If the problem follows the DIMM, replace the failing DIMM (see "Removing a memory module (DIMM)" on page 180 and "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
			(Continued on the next page)

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Memory uncorrectable error detected for DIMM One of the DIMMs on Memory Subsystem One of the DIMMs.	Error	A memory uncorrectable error has occurred.	5. (Trained service technician only) If the problem occurs on the same DIMM connector, check the DIMM connector. If the connector contains any foreign material or is damaged, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
			6. (Trained service technician only) Remove the affected microprocessor and check the microprocessor socket pins for any damaged pins. If a damage is found, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
			7. (Trained Service technician only) Replace the affected microprocessor (see "Removing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 219 and "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221).

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Memory scrub failure detected for DIMM <i>n</i> Status on Memory Subsystem DIMM <i>n</i> Status. (<i>n</i> = DIMM number)	Error	A memory scrub failure has occurred.	Check the IBM support website for an applicable retain tip or firmware update that applies to this memory error.
(n = blivilvi ridiliber)			2. Manually re-enable all affected DIMMs if the server firmware version is older than UEFI v1.10. If the server firmware version is UEFI v1.10 or newer, disconnect and reconnect the server to the power source and restart the server.
			3. Swap the affected DIMMs (as indicated by the error LEDs on the system board or the event logs) to a different memory channel or microprocessor (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181 for memory population).
			4. If the problem is related to a DIMM, replace the failing DIMM (see "Removing a memory module (DIMM)" on page 180 and "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
			5. (Trained service technician only) If the problem occurs on the same DIMM connector, check the DIMM connector. If the connector contains any foreign material or is damaged, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
			6. (Trained service technician only) Remove the affected microprocessor and check the microprocessor socket pins for any damaged pins. If a damage is found, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
			(Continued on the next page)

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- · If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Memory scrub failure detected for DIMM <i>n</i> Status on Memory Subsystem DIMM <i>n</i> Status. (<i>n</i> = DIMM number)	Error	A memory scrub failure has occurred.	7. (Trained service technician only) If the problem is related to microprocessor socket pins, replace the system board (see "Removing the system board" on page 226 and "Installing the system board" on page 228).
			8. (Trained Service technician only) Replace the affected microprocessor (see "Removing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 219 and "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221).
Numeric sensor Ambient Temp going high (upper critical) has asserted.	Error	An upper critical sensor going high has asserted.	Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffle is in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed.
Numeric sensor Ambient Temp going high (upper non-recoverable) has asserted.	Error	An upper nonrecoverable sensor going high has asserted.	Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffle is in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed.
Numeric sensor Fan <i>n</i> Tach going low (lower critical) has asserted. (<i>n</i> = fan number)	Error	A lower critical sensor going low has asserted.	 Turn off the server and disconnect it from power. Reseat the failing fan. (Trained service technician only) Replace the failing fan.
Numeric sensor Planar 12V going high (upper critical) has asserted.	Error	An upper critical sensor going high has asserted.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Numeric sensor Planar 12V going low (lower critical) has asserted.	Error	A lower critical sensor going low has asserted.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Numeric sensor Planar 3.3V going high (upper critical) has asserted.	Error	An upper critical sensor going high has asserted.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Numeric sensor Planar 3.3V going low (lower critical) has asserted.	Error	A lower critical sensor going low has asserted.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Numeric sensor Planar 5V going high (upper critical) has asserted.	Error	An upper critical sensor going high has asserted.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Numeric sensor Planar 5V going low (lower critical) has asserted.	Error	A lower critical sensor going low has asserted.	(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
Numeric sensor Planar VBAT going low (lower critical) has asserted.	Error	A lower critical sensor going low has asserted.	Replace the 3V battery.
Numeric sensor Planar VBAT going low (lower non-critical) has asserted.	Warning	A lower non-critical sensor going low has asserted.	Replace the 3V battery.
OS Watchdog response %1 by %2. (%1 = Enabled or Disabled; %2 = user ID)	Info	A user has enabled or disabled an OS Watchdog.	No action; information only.
Please ensure that the IMM is flashed with the correct firmware. The IMM is unable to match its firmware to the server.	Error	The server does not support the installed IMM firmware version.	Update the IMM firmware to a version that the server supports. Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.
Redundancy Bckup Mem Status has been reduced.	Error	Redundancy has been lost and is insufficient to continue operation.	Check the system-event log for DIMM failure events (uncorrectable or PFA) and correct the failures. Re-enable mirroring in the Setup utility.
Remote access attempt failed. Invalid userid or password received. Userid is '%1' from TELNET client at IP address %2. (%1 = user ID; %2 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)	Error	A user has attempted to log in from a Telnet session by using an invalid login ID or password.	 Make sure that the correct login ID and password are being used. Have the system administrator reset the login ID or password.

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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Message	Severity	Description	Action	
Remote access attempt failed. Invalid userid or password received. Userid is '%1' from WEB browser at IP address %2. (%1 = user ID; %2 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)	Error	A user has attempted to log in from a Web browser by using an invalid login ID or password.	Make sure that the correct login ID and password are being used. Have the system administrator reset the login ID or password.	
Remote Login Successful. Login ID: %1 from %2 at IP address %3. (%1 = user ID; %2 = ValueMap(CIM_Protocol Endpoint.ProtocolIFType; %3 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)	Info	A user has successfully logged in to the IMM.	No action; information only.	
Running the backup IMM main application.	Error	The IMM has resorted to running the backup main application.	Update the IMM firmware. Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.	
Security: Login ID: '%1' had %2 login failures from CLI at %3. (%1 = user ID; %2 = MaximumSuccessiveLogin Failures (currently set to 5 in the firmware); %3 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)	Error	A user has exceeded the maximum number of unsuccessful login attempts from the command-line interface and has been prevented from logging in for the lockout period.	 Make sure that the correct login ID and password are being used. Have the system administrator reset the login ID or password. 	
Security: Userid: '%1' had %2 login failures from WEB client at IP address %3. (%1 = user ID; %2 = MaximumSuccessiveLogin Failures (currently set to 5 in the firmware); %3 = IP address, xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx)	Error	A user has exceeded the maximum number of unsuccessful login attempts from a Web browser and has been prevented from logging in for the lockout period.	 Make sure that the correct login ID and password are being used. Have the system administrator reset the login ID or password. 	

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Sensor CPU <i>n</i> OverTemp has transitioned to critical from a less severe state. (<i>n</i> = microprocessor number)	Error	A sensor has changed to Critical state from a less severe state.	1. Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffle is in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed.
			2. Make sure that the heat sink for microprocessor <i>n</i> is installed correctly.3. (Trained service technician only)
			Replace microprocessor <i>n</i> .
			(n = microprocessor number)
Sensor CPU <i>n</i> OverTemp has transitioned to non-recoverable from a less severe state. (<i>n</i> = microprocessor number)	Error	A sensor has changed to Nonrecoverable state from a less severe state.	 Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffle is in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed. Make sure that the heat sink for misroprocessors in initialled.
			microprocessor <i>n</i> is installed correctly.
			3. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i> .
			(n = microprocessor number)
Sensor DIMM <i>n</i> Temp has transitioned to critical from a less severe state. (<i>n</i> = DIMM number)	Error	A sensor has changed to Critical state from a less severe state.	Make sure that the fans are operating, that there are no obstructions to the airflow, that the air baffle is in place and correctly installed, and that the server cover is installed and completely closed.
			2. If a fan has failed, complete the action for a fan failure.
			3. Replace DIMM n.
			(n = DIMM number)
Sensor PS <i>n</i> Fan Fault has transitioned to critical from a less severe state. (<i>n</i> = PS number)	Error	A sensor has changed to Critical state from a less severe state.	Replace the corresponding power supply.

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- · If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

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Message	Severity	Description	Action
SSL data in the IMM configuration data is invalid. Clearing configuration data region and disabling SSL+H25.	Error	There is a problem with the certificate that has been imported into the IMM. The imported certificate must contain a public key that corresponds to the key pair that was previously generated through the Generate a New Key and Certificate Signing Request link.	 Make sure that the certificate that you are importing is correct. Try to import the certificate again.
The Chassis Event Log (CEL) on system %1 cleared by user %2. (%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem. ElementName; %2 = user ID)	Info	A user has cleared the IMM event log.	No action; information only.
The Chassis Event Log (CEL) on system %1 is 100% full. (%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem. ElementName)	Info	The IMM event log is full. When the log is full, older log entries are replaced by newer ones.	To avoid losing older log entries, save the log as a text file and clear the log.
The Chassis Event Log (CEL) on system %1 is 75% full. (%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem. ElementName)	Info	The IMM event log is 75% full. When the log is full, older log entries are replaced by newer ones.	To avoid losing older log entries, save the log as a text file and clear the log.
The Drive <i>n</i> Status has been disabled due to a detected fault. (<i>n</i> = hard disk drive number)	Error	A drive has been disabled because of a fault.	 Run the hard disk drive diagnostic test on drive n. Reseat the following components: a. Hard disk drive b. Cable from the system board to the backplane Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time: a. Hard disk drive b. Cable from the system board to the backplane c. Hard disk drive backplane (n = hard disk drive number)
The Drive <i>n</i> Status has been removed from unit Drive 0 Status. (<i>n</i> = hard disk drive number)	Error	A drive has been removed.	Reseat hard disk drive <i>n</i> . (<i>n</i> = hard disk drive number).

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
The Power Supply %1 has Failed. (%1 = CIM_PowerSupply. ElementName)	Error		(Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.
The Processor CPU n Status has a Configuration Mismatch. (n = microprocessor number)	Error	A processor configuration mismatch has occurred.	Make sure that the installed microprocessors are compatible with each other (see "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221 for information about microprocessor requirements). (Trained service technician only)
			Replace the incompatible microprocessor.
The Processor CPU n Status has Failed with FRB1/BIST condition. (n = microprocessor number)	Error	A processor failed - FRB1/BIST condition has occurred.	Check for a UEFI firmware update. Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.
			2. Make sure that the installed microprocessors are compatible with each other (see "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221 for information about microprocessor requirements).
			3. (Trained service technician only) Reseat microprocessor <i>n</i> .
			4. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor <i>n</i> .
			(n = microprocessor number)

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
The Processor CPU n Status has Failed with IERR. (n = microprocessor number)	Error	A processor failed - IERR condition has occurred.	 Make sure that the latest levels of firmware and device drivers are installed for all adapters and standard devices, such as Ethernet, SCSI, and SAS. Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code. Run the DSA program for the hard disk drives and other I/O devices. (Trained service technician only) Replace microprocessor n.
The System %1 encountered a POST Error. (%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem. ElementName)	Error	A POST error has occurred. (Sensor = Firmware Error)	1. Make sure the server meets the minimum configuration to start (see "Solving undetermined problems" on page 128). 2. Update the UEFI firmware on the primary page. Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code. 3. (Trained service technician only) Replace the system board.

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
The System %1 encountered a POST Error. (%1 = CIM_ComputerSystem. ElementName)	Error	A POST error has occurred. (Sensor = ABR Status)	Make sure the server meets the minimum configuration to start (see "Solving undetermined problems" on page 128).
			Recover the UEFI firmware from the backup page:
			a. Restart the server.
			b. At the prompt, press F3 to recover the firmware.
			3. Update the UEFI firmware to the latest level. Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.
Watchdog %1 Failed to Capture Screen.	Error	An operating-system error has occurred, and the screen capture failed.	Reconfigure the watchdog timer to a higher value.
(%1 = OS Watchdog or Loader Watchdog)			2. Make sure that the IMM Ethernet over USB interface is enabled.
			Reinstall the RNDIS or cdc_ether device driver for the operating system.
			4. Disable the watchdog.
			Check the integrity of the installed operating system.
			6. Update the IMM firmware. Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

Table 7. Integrated management module error messages (continued)

- · Follow the suggested actions in the order in which they are listed in the Action column until the problem is solved.
- · See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine which components are customer replaceable units (CRU) and which components are field replaceable units (FRU).
- If an action step is preceded by "(Trained service technician only)," that step must be performed only by a trained service technician.

Message	Severity	Description	Action
Watchdog %1 Screen Capture Occurred. (%1 = OS Watchdog or Loader Watchdog)	Error	An operating-system error has occurred, and the screen capture was successful.	Reconfigure the watchdog timer to a higher value. Make sure that the IMM The material LOD into feet in
			Ethernet over USB interface is enabled.
			Reinstall the RNDIS or cdc_ether device driver for the operating system.
			4. Disable the watchdog.
			Check the integrity of the installed operating system.
Invalid or Unsupported firmware or software was detected on System n. (n = system serial number)	Error	Error IMM firmware failover has occurred and IMM has reverted to a previous version of the firmware.	Check the IBM support website for an applicable firmware update that applies to the rack server.
			2. Reboot IMM and verify the IMM is running correct firmware level after firmware update.

Solving power problems

Power problems can be difficult to solve. For example, a short circuit can exist anywhere on any of the power distribution buses. Usually, a short circuit will cause the power subsystem to shut down because of an overcurrent condition. To diagnose a power problem, use the following general procedure:

- 1. Turn off the server and disconnect all power cords.
- 2. Check for loose cables in the power subsystem. Also check for short circuits, for example, if a loose screw is causing a short circuit on a circuit board.
- 3. If a power error LED on the system board is lit, complete the following steps; otherwise, go to step 5. See "System-board LEDs" on page 19 for the location of the power error LEDs.
 - a. Disconnect the cables and power cords to all internal and external devices (see "Internal cable routing and connectors" on page 141). Leave the power-supply cords connected.
 - b. Remove each component that is associated with the LED, one at a time, restarting the server each time, until the cause of the overcurrent condition is identified.

Important: Only a trained service technician should remove or replace a FRU, such as a microprocessor or the system board. See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine whether a component is a FRU.

- c. Replace the identified component.
- 4. If the system-error LED on the front panel is lit, complete the following steps:
 - a. Check the IMM-event log. To access the web interface, see "Logging on to the Web interface" on page 243).
 - b. If a log indicates that the power configuration is invalid, make sure that both power supplies installed in the server are of the same type.
- 5. Remove the adapters and disconnect the cables and power cords to all internal and external devices until the server is at the minimum configuration that is required for the server to start (see "Solving undetermined problems" on page 128 for the minimum configuration).
- 6. Reconnect all power cords and turn on the server. If the server starts successfully, replace the adapters and devices one at a time until the problem is isolated.

If the server does not start from the minimum configuration, replace the components in the minimum configuration one at a time until the problem is isolated.

Solving Ethernet controller problems

The method that you use to test the Ethernet controller depends on which operating system you are using. See the operating-system documentation for information about Ethernet controllers, and see the Ethernet controller device-driver readme file.

Try the following procedures:

- · Make sure that the correct and current device drivers and firmware, which come with the server, are installed and that they are at the latest level.
 - **Important:** Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.
- · Make sure that the Ethernet cable is installed correctly.

- The cable must be securely attached at all connections. If the cable is attached but the problem remains, try a different cable.
- You must use Category 5 cabling.
- Determine whether the hub supports auto-negotiation. If it does not, try configuring the integrated Ethernet controller manually to match the speed and duplex mode of the hub.
- Check the Ethernet controller LEDs on the rear panel of the server. These LEDs indicate whether there is a problem with the connector, cable, or hub.
 - The Ethernet link status LED is lit when the Ethernet controller receives a link pulse from the hub. If the LED is off, there might be a defective connector or cable or a problem with the hub.
 - The Ethernet transmit/receive activity LED is lit when the Ethernet controller sends or receives data over the Ethernet network. If the Ethernet transmit/receive activity light is off, make sure that the hub and network are operating and that the correct device drivers are installed.
- · Check the Ethernet activity LED on the rear of the server. The Ethernet activity LED is lit when data is active on the Ethernet network. If the Ethernet activity LED is off, make sure that the hub and network are operating and that the correct device drivers are installed.
- · Check for operating-system-specific causes of the problem.
- · Make sure that the device drivers on the client and server are using the same protocol.

If the Ethernet controller still cannot connect to the network but the hardware appears to be working, the network administrator must investigate other possible causes of the error.

Solving undetermined problems

If the diagnostic tests did not diagnose the failure or if the server is inoperative, use the information in this section.

If you suspect that a software problem is causing failures (continuous or intermittent), see "Software problems" on page 52.

Damaged data in CMOS memory or damaged server firmware can cause undetermined problems. To reset the CMOS data, use the CMOS switch to clear the CMOS memory; see "System-board jumpers" on page 17. If you suspect that the server firmware is damaged, see "Recovering the server firmware" on page 94.

Check the LEDs on all the power supplies (see "Power-supply LEDs" on page 56). If the LEDs indicate that the power supplies are working correctly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Turn off the server.
- 2. Make sure that the server is cabled correctly.
- 3. Remove or disconnect the following devices, one at a time, until you find the failure. Turn on the server and reconfigure it each time.
 - · Any external devices.
 - Surge-suppressor device (on the server).
 - Modem, printer, mouse, and non-IBM devices.
 - Each adapter.
 - · Hard disk drives.
 - · Memory modules. The minimum configuration requirement is 1 GB DIMM in connector 3 (see "System-board DIMM connectors" on page 15).

The following minimum configuration is required for the server to start:

• One microprocessor (slot 1)

- One 1 GB DIMM per installed microprocessor (slot 3 if only one microprocessor is installed)
- One power supply
- Power cord
- Four system fans
- 4. Turn on the server. If the problem remains, suspect the following components in the following order:
 - a. DIMM
 - b. System board
 - c. Microprocessor

If the problem is solved when you remove an adapter from the server but the problem recurs when you reinstall the same adapter, suspect the adapter; if the problem recurs when you replace the adapter with a different one, suspect the riser card.

If you suspect a networking problem and the server passes all the system tests, suspect a network cabling problem that is external to the server.

Problem determination tips

Because of the variety of hardware and software combinations that you can encounter, use the following information to assist you in problem determination. If possible, have this information available when you request assistance from IBM.

- · Machine type and model
- · Microprocessor and hard disk upgrades
- Failure symptom
 - Does the server fail the diagnostics tests?
 - What occurs? When? Where?
 - Does the failure occur on a single server or on multiple servers?
 - Is the failure repeatable?
 - Has this configuration ever worked?
 - What changes, if any, were made before the configuration failed?
 - Is this the original reported failure?
- · Diagnostics program type and version level
- Hardware configuration (print screen of the system summary)
- UEFI code level
- · Operating-system type and version level

You can solve some problems by comparing the configuration and software setups between working and nonworking servers. When you compare servers to each other for diagnostic purposes, consider them identical only if all the following factors are exactly the same in all the servers:

- · Machine type and model
- UEFI level
- · Adapters and attachments, in the same locations
- · Address jumpers, terminators, and cabling
- · Software versions and levels
- Diagnostic program type and version level
- · Setup utility settings

• Operating-system control-file setup

See Appendix A, "Getting help and technical assistance," on page 257 for information about calling IBM for service.

Chapter 4. Parts listing, Type 7376 server

The following replaceable components are available for all the Series x3620 M3 Type 7376 server models, except as specified otherwise in "Replaceable server components."

To check for an updated parts listing on the Web, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/.

Replaceable server components

Replaceable components are of four types:

- Consumable part: Purchase and replacement of consumable parts
 (components, such as batteries and printer cartridges, that have depletable life)
 is your responsibility. If IBM acquires or installs a consumable part at your
 request, you will be charged for the service.
- Tier 1 customer replaceable unit (CRU): Replacement of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If IBM installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request without a service contract, you will be charged for the installation.
- Tier 2 customer replaceable unit: You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request IBM to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.
- Field replaceable unit (FRU): FRUs must be installed only by trained service technicians.

For information about the terms of the warranty and getting service and assistance, see the printed *Warranty Information* document that comes with your server.

The following illustration shows the major components in the server. The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

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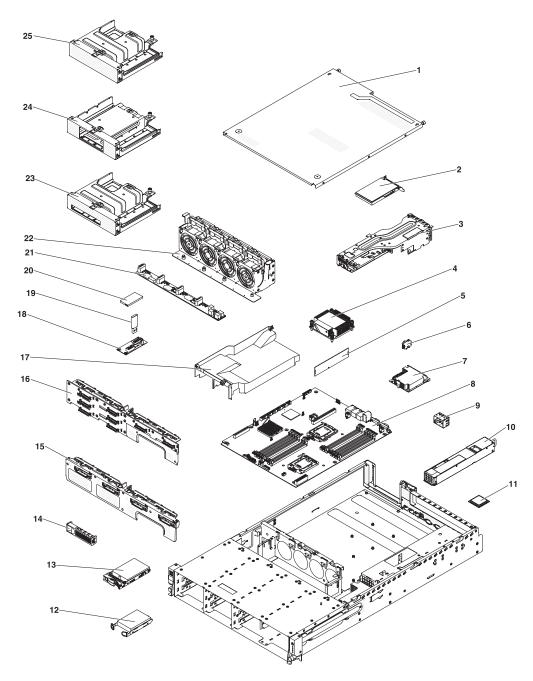


Table 8. Parts listing, Type 7376

Index	Description	CRU part number (Tier 1)	CRU part number (Tier 2)	FRU part number
1	Cover (all models)		69Y1048	
2	ServeRAID-M1015 SAS/SATA adapter		46M0861	
2	ServeRAID-M5015 SAS/SATA adapter (battery not included)		46M0851	
2	ServeRAID-M5014 SAS/SATA adapter		46M0918	
3	PCI riser-card assembly		69Y1053	
4	Heat sink			69Y4249

Table 8. Parts listing, Type 7376 (continued)

Index	Description	CRU part number (Tier 1)	CRU part number (Tier 2)	FRU part number
5	Memory, 1 GB single-rank DDR3-1333 LP RDIMM 1.5V		49Y1442	
5	Memory, 2 GB single-rank DDR3-1333 LP RDIMM 1.5V		49Y1444	
5	Memory, 2 GB single-rank PC3L-10600R-999 LP RDIMM 1.35V		49Y1410	
5	Memory, 2 GB single-rank PC3L-10600R-999 LP RDIMM 1.35V		49Y1423	
5	Memory, 2 GB dual-rank DDR3-1333 LP RDIMM 1.5V		49Y1443	
5	Memory, 4 GB single-rank PC3L-10600R-999 LP RDIMM 1.35V		49Y1424	
5	Memory, 4 GB dual-rank PC3L-10600R-999 LP RDIMM 1.35V		49Y1425	
5	Memory, 4 GB dual-rank DDR3-1333 LP RDIMM 1.5V		49Y1445	
5	Memory, 4 GB dual-rank DDR3-1333 RDIMM 1.35V		49Y1412	
5	Memory, 8 GB dual-rank DDR3-1333 LP RDIMM 1.5V		49Y1446	
5	Memory, 8 GB dual-rank PC3L-10600R-999 RDIMM 1.35V		49Y1415	
5	Memory, 8 GB dual-rank PC3L-8500R-777 RDIMM 1.35V		49Y1416	
5	Memory, 16 GB quad-rank PC3L-8500R-777 LP RDIMM 1.5V		49Y1418	
6	Virtual media key		46C7532	
7	Power-supply paddle card			94Y8063
8	System board			81Y6746
9	Power-supply bay filler	49Y4821		
10	Power supply, 675 W, ac	39Y7225		
10	Power supply, 675 W, ac	39Y7236		
10	Power supply, 675 W, ac	69Y5919		
10	Power supply, 675 W, ac	39Y7227		
10	Power supply, 675 W, ac	69Y5909		
10	Power supply, 675 W, high-efficiency	39Y7218		
10	Power supply, 675 W, high-efficiency	39Y7239		
10	Power supply, 675 W, high-efficiency	69Y5903		
10	Power supply, 675 W, high-efficiency	69Y5901		
10	Power supply, 460 W	39Y7229		
10	Power supply, 460 W	69Y5907		
10	Power supply, 460 W	39Y7231		
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon E5506 2.13 GHz, 4 MB, 80 W (quad core)			46D1270
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon X5670 2.93 GHz, 12 MB, 95 W (6 core)			49Y7038
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon X5660 2.80 GHz, 12 MB, 95 W (6 core)			49Y7039

Table 8. Parts listing, Type 7376 (continued)

Index	Description	CRU part number (Tier 1)	CRU part number (Tier 2)	FRU part number
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon X5650 2.66 GHz, 12 MB, 95 W (6 core)			49Y7040
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon E5640 2.66 GHz, 12 MB, 80 W (quad core)			49Y7051
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon E5630 2.53 GHz, 12 MB, 80 W (quad core)			49Y7052
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon E5620 2.40 GHz, 12 MB, 80 W (quad core)			49Y7053
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon L5640 2.26 GHz, 12 MB, 60 W (6 core)			49Y7054
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon L5630 2.13 GHz, 12 MB, 40 W (quad core)			59Y3691
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon E5507 2.26 GHz, 4 MB, 80 W (quad core)			69Y0782
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon L5609 1.86 GHz, 12 MB, 40 W (quad core)			69Y0783
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon E5645 2.40 GHz, 12 MB, 80 W (6 core)			69Y4714
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon E5603 1.60 GHz, 4 MB, 80 W (quad core)			81Y5952
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon E5606 2.13 GHz, 8 MB, 80 W (quad core)			81Y5953
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon E5607 2.26 GHz, 8 MB, 80 W (quad core)			81Y5954
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon E5649 2.53 GHz, 12 MB, 80 W (6 core)			81Y5955
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon X5672 3.20 GHz, 8 MB, 95 W (quad core)			81Y5957
11	Microprocessor, Intel Xeon X5675 3.06 GHz, 12 MB, 95 W (6 core)			81Y5958
12	Hard disk drive, simple-swap, 3.5-inch 2 TB SATA	42D0788		
12	Hard disk drive, simple-swap, 3.5-inch 1 TB SATA	43W7625		
13	Hard disk drive, hot-swap, 3.5-inch 2 TB SATA	42D0783		
13	Hard disk drive, hot-swap, 3.5-inch 500 GB SATA	39M4533		
13	Hard disk drive, hot-swap, 3.5-inch 250 GB SATA	40K6889		
13	Hard disk drive, hot-swap, 3.5-inch 300 GB SAS (14 K)	44W2235		
13	Hard disk drive, hot-swap, 3.5-inch 450 GB SAS (15 K)	44W2240		
13	Hard disk drive, hot-swap, 3.5-inch 600 GB SAS (15 K)	44W2245		
14	Filler, simple-swap hard disk drive	69Y1045		
14	Filler, hot-swap hard disk drive	42R7992		
15	Backplate, simple-swap hard disk drive, RAID upgrade			69Y1039
15	Backplate, simple-swap hard disk drive			69Y1038
16	Backplane, hot-swap hard disk drive			69Y1037

Table 8. Parts listing, Type 7376 (continued)

Index	Description	CRU part number (Tier 1)	CRU part number (Tier 2)	FRU part
17	Air baffle		69Y1055	
18	USB board		69Y1020	
19	USB hypervisor key		42D0545	
21	Fan board			69Y4246
22	Fan cage assembly			69Y1056
23	Optical drive cage assembly			69Y1040
24	Tape drive cage assembly			69Y1041
25	Drive filler cage		69Y1042	
	Battery, 3.0 volt	33F8354		
	Chassis		69Y1172	
	Heat sink bracket			46D1375
	DVD-ROM drive		44W3254	
	SATA multi-burner		44W3256	
	Fan, with cable			69Y1054
	Filler, power supply	49Y4821		
	Front IO assembly		69Y1050	
	Front USB board assembly		69Y1052	
	Cover, power supply			69Y1046
	Cover, front IO assembly		69Y1049	
	Cover, front USB		69Y1051	
	Operator information panel assembly		69Y1050	
	PCIe riser card (1 x 16 and 1 x 8)		69Y4243	
	PCIe riser card (1 x 4)		69Y4242	
	PCI bracket assembly		69Y1053	
	Cable, fan power		69Y4211	
	Cable, fan signal		69Y4213	
	Cable, 8 hard disk drives, configuration		69Y4222	
	Cable, 8 hard disk drives, power		69Y4221	
	Cable, 4 hard disk drives, power		69Y4219	
	Cable, SAS signal, 665 mm		49Y5398	
	Cable, SAS signal, 710 mm		46M6498	
	Cable, optical drive		69Y4214	
	Cable, SATA tape drive		69Y4217	
	Cable, interposer USB		69Y4212	
	Cable, USB tape drive, signal		69Y4216	
	Cable, USB tape drive, power		69Y4215	
	Cable, ServeRAID battery (with interposer card)		44E8844	
	NVIDIA FX 3800		43V5894	

Table 8. Parts listing, Type 7376 (continued)

Index	Description	CRU part number (Tier 1)	CRU part number (Tier 2)	FRU part number
	NVIDIA FX 1800		43V5886	
	NVIDIA FX 1700		43V5765	
	NVIDIA FX 580		43V5890	
	NVIDIA FX 570		43V5782	
	ServeRAID-BR10il v2 SAS/SATA adapter		49Y4737	
	ServeRAID M1000 series feature key		46M0864	
	ServeRAID M5000 series feature key		46M0931	
	Rail kit		69Y1044	
	Label kit		69Y1035	
	Miscellaneous kit			69Y1036
	Keyboard, USB, US English	42C0060		
	Keyboard, USB UltraNAV, US English	40K9400		
	Mouse, USB wheel, 2-button	39Y9875		
	Mouse, USB optical, 3-button	40K9203		
	Alcohol wipe	59P4739		

Consumable parts are not covered by the IBM Statement of Limited Warranty. The following consumable parts are available for purchase from the retail store.

Table 9. Consumable parts, Type 7376

Index	Description	Part number
20	ServeRAID M5000 series battery	43W4342

To order a consumable part, complete the following steps:

- 1. Go to http://www.ibm.com.
- From the Products menu, select Upgrades, accessories & parts.
- 3. Click Obtain maintenance parts; then, follow the instructions to order the part from the retail store.

If you need help with your order, call the toll-free number that is listed on the retail parts page, or contact your local IBM representative for assistance.

Power cords

For your safety, IBM provides a power cord with a grounded attachment plug to use with this IBM product. To avoid electrical shock, always use the power cord and plug with a properly grounded outlet.

IBM power cords used in the United States and Canada are listed by Underwriter's Laboratories (UL) and certified by the Canadian Standards Association (CSA).

For units intended to be operated at 115 volts: Use a UL-listed and CSA-certified cord set consisting of a minimum 18 AWG, Type SVT or SJT, three-conductor cord, a maximum of 15 feet in length and a parallel blade, grounding-type attachment plug rated 15 amperes, 125 volts.

For units intended to be operated at 230 volts (U.S. use): Use a UL-listed and CSA-certified cord set consisting of a minimum 18 AWG, Type SVT or SJT, three-conductor cord, a maximum of 15 feet in length and a tandem blade, grounding-type attachment plug rated 15 amperes, 250 volts.

For units intended to be operated at 230 volts (outside the U.S.): Use a cord set with a grounding-type attachment plug. The cord set should have the appropriate safety approvals for the country in which the equipment will be installed.

IBM power cords for a specific country or region are usually available only in that country or region.

IBM power cord part number	Used in these countries and regions
39M5206	China
39M5102	Australia, Fiji, Kiribati, Nauru, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea
39M5123	Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Angola, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo (Democratic Republic of), Congo (Republic of), Cote D'Ivoire (Ivory Coast), Croatia (Republic of), Czech Republic, Dahomey, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Estonia, Ethiopia, Finland, France, French Guyana, French Polynesia, Germany, Greece, Guadeloupe, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Laos (People's Democratic Republic of), Latvia, Lebanon, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macedonia (former Yugoslav Republic of), Madagascar, Mali, Martinique, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mayotte, Moldova (Republic of), Monaco, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Netherlands, New Caledonia, Niger, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Reunion, Romania, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia (Republic of), Somalia, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Tahiti, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Upper Volta, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Vietnam, Wallis and Futuna, Yugoslavia (Federal Republic of), Zaire
39M5130	Denmark
39M5144	Bangladesh, Lesotho, Macao, Maldives, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Samoa, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Swaziland, Uganda
39M5151	Abu Dhabi, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Channel Islands, China (Hong Kong S.A.R.), Cyprus, Dominica, Gambia, Ghana, Grenada, Iraq, Ireland, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Liberia, Malawi, Malaysia, Malta, Myanmar (Burma), Nigeria, Oman, Polynesia, Qatar, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sudan, Tanzania (United Republic of), Trinidad and Tobago, United Arab Emirates (Dubai), United Kingdom, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe
39M5158	Liechtenstein, Switzerland
39M5165	Chile, Italy, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya

IBM power cord part	
number	Used in these countries and regions
39M5172	Israel
39M5095	220 - 240 V Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Brazil, Caicos Islands, Canada, Cayman Islands, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guam, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Japan, Mexico, Micronesia (Federal States of), Netherlands Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Taiwan, United States of America, Venezuela
39M5081	110 - 120 V Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, Bolivia, Caicos Islands, Canada, Cayman Islands, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guam, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Micronesia (Federal States of), Netherlands Antilles, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Thailand, Taiwan, United States of America, Venezuela
39M5219	Korea (Democratic People's Republic of), Korea (Republic of)
39M5199	Japan
39M5068	Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay
39M5226	India
39M5233	Brazil

Chapter 5. Removing and replacing server components

See Chapter 4, "Parts listing, Type 7376 server," on page 131 to determine whether a component is a Tier 1 CRU, Tier 2 CRU, or FRU.

For information about the terms of the warranty, see the *Warranty Information* document that comes with the server.

For more information about getting service and assistance, see Appendix A, "Getting help and technical assistance," on page 257.

Installation guidelines

Before you remove or replace a component, read the following information:

- Read the safety information that begins on page vii, the guidelines in "Working inside the server with the power on" on page 140, and "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 141. This information will help you work safely.
- Make sure that the devices that you are installing are supported. For a list of supported optional devices for the server, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/info/ x86servers/serverproven/compat/us/.
- When you install your new server, take the opportunity to download and apply the most recent firmware updates.

Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code. This step will help to ensure that any known issues are addressed and that your server is ready to function at maximum levels of performance. To download firmware updates for your server, go to http://www.ibm.com/eserver/support/fixes/fixcentral/.

For additional information about tools for updating, managing, and deploying firmware, see the System x and BladeCenter Tools Center at http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolsctr/v1r0/index.jsp.

- Before you install optional hardware, make sure that the server is working correctly. Start the server, and make sure that the operating system starts, if an operating system is installed, or that a 19990305 error code is displayed, indicating that an operating system was not found but the server is otherwise working correctly. If the server is not working correctly, see Chapter 3, "Diagnostics," on page 21 for diagnostic information.
- Observe good housekeeping in the area where you are working. Place removed covers and other parts in a safe place.
- If you must start the server while the cover is removed, make sure that no one is near the server and that no tools or other objects have been left inside the server.
- Do not attempt to lift an object that you think is too heavy for you. If you have to lift a heavy object, observe the following precautions:
 - Make sure that you can stand safely without slipping.
 - Distribute the weight of the object equally between your feet.
 - Use a slow lifting force. Never move suddenly or twist when you lift a heavy object.
 - To avoid straining the muscles in your back, lift by standing or by pushing up with your leg muscles.

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- Make sure that you have an adequate number of properly grounded electrical outlets for the server, monitor, and other devices.
- Back up all important data before you make changes to disk drives.
- Have a small flat-blade screwdriver available.
- · To view the error LEDs on the system board and internal components, leave the server connected to power.
- · You do not have to turn off the server to install or replace redundant hot-swap ac power supplies or hot-plug Universal Serial Bus (USB) devices. However, you must turn off the server before you perform any steps that involve removing or installing adapter cables or non-hot-swap optional devices or components.
- Blue on a component indicates touch points, where you can grip the component to remove it from or install it in the server, open or close a latch, and so on. It also indicates a non-hot-swap component that requires you to turn off the server before you install or remove the component.
- Orange on a component or an orange label on or near a component indicates that the component can be hot-swapped, which means that if the server and operating system support hot-swap capability, you can remove or install the component while the server is running. (Orange can also indicate touch points on hot-swap components.) See the instructions for removing or installing a specific hot-swap component for any additional procedures that you might have to perform before you remove or install the component.
- · When you are finished working on the server, reinstall all safety shields, guards, labels, and ground wires.

System reliability guidelines

To help ensure proper cooling and system reliability, make sure that:

- Each of the drive bays has a drive or a filler panel and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) shield installed in it.
- If the server has redundant power, each of the power-supply bays has a power supply installed in it.
- There is adequate space around the server to allow the server cooling system to work properly. Leave approximately 50 mm (2.0 in.) of open space around the front and rear of the server. Do not place objects in front of the fans. For proper cooling and airflow, replace the server cover before turning on the server. Operating the server for extended periods of time (more than 30 minutes) with the server cover removed might damage server components.
- · You have followed the cabling instructions that come with optional adapters.
- You have replaced a failed fan within 48 hours.
- You have replaced a hot-swap drive within 2 minutes of removal.
- You do not operate the server without the air baffle installed. Operating the server without the air baffle might cause the microprocessor to overheat.

Working inside the server with the power on

Attention: Static electricity that is released to internal server components when the server is powered-on might cause the server to halt, which might result in the loss of data. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when you work inside the server with the power on.

The server supports hot-plug, hot-add, and hot-swap devices and is designed to operate safely while it is turned on and the cover is removed. Follow these guidelines when you work inside a server that is turned on:

- Avoid wearing loose-fitting clothing on your forearms. Button long-sleeved shirts before working inside the server; do not wear cuff links while you are working inside the server.
- Do not allow your necktie or scarf to hang inside the server.
- · Remove jewelry, such as bracelets, necklaces, rings, and loose-fitting wrist watches.
- · Remove items from your shirt pocket, such as pens and pencils, that could fall into the server as you lean over it.
- Avoid dropping any metallic objects, such as paper clips, hairpins, and screws, into the server.

Handling static-sensitive devices

Attention: Static electricity can damage the server and other electronic devices. To avoid damage, keep static-sensitive devices in their static-protective packages until you are ready to install them.

To reduce the possibility of damage from electrostatic discharge, observe the following precautions:

- · Limit your movement. Movement can cause static electricity to build up around
- The use of a grounding system is recommended. For example, wear an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap, if one is available. Always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system when working inside the server with the power on
- Handle the device carefully, holding it by its edges or its frame.
- Do not touch solder joints, pins, or exposed circuitry.
- · Do not leave the device where others can handle and damage it.
- · While the device is still in its static-protective package, touch it to an unpainted metal surface on the outside of the server for at least 2 seconds. This drains static electricity from the package and from your body.
- Remove the device from its package and install it directly into the server without setting down the device. If it is necessary to set down the device, put it back into its static-protective package. Do not place the device on the server cover or on a metal surface.
- Take additional care when handling devices during cold weather. Heating reduces indoor humidity and increases static electricity.

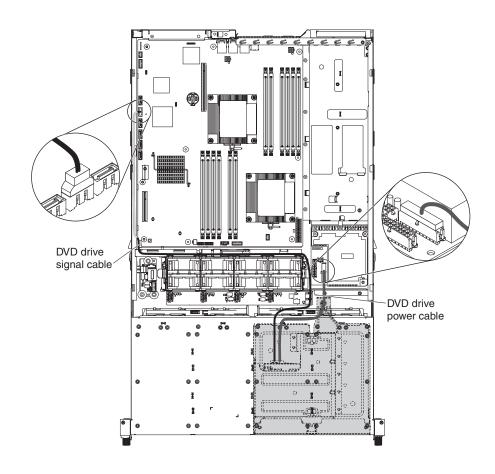
Returning a device or component

If you are instructed to return a device or component, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Internal cable routing and connectors

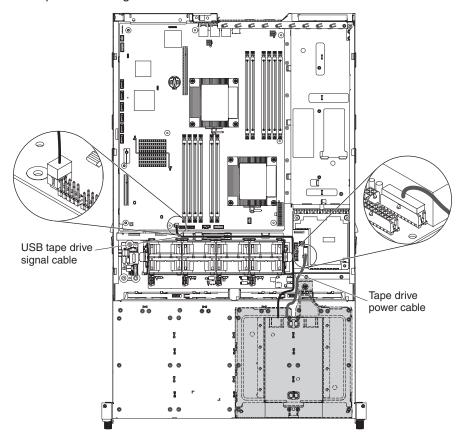
DVD drive cable connections

The DVD drive cable is a combination power and signal cable with a shared connector on one end. The following illustration shows the internal routing and connectors for the DVD cable.



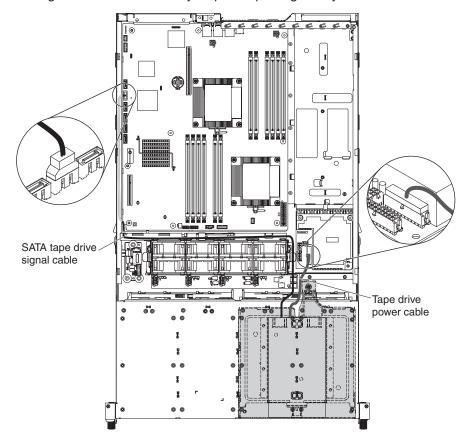
Tape drive cable connections

The following illustration shows the internal routing and connectors for the USB tape drive power and signal cables.



The SATA tape drive cable is a combination power and signal cable with a shared connector on one end. The following illustration shows the internal routing and connectors for the SATA tape drive cable.

Attention: To disconnect the optional optical drive cable, you must first press the connector release tab, and then disconnect the cable from the connector on the system board. Do not disconnect the cable by using excessive force. Failing to disconnect the cable properly may damage the connector on the system board. Any damage to the connector may require replacing the system board.

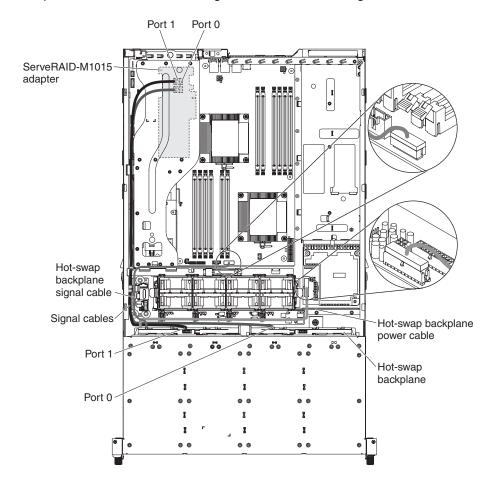


Hot-swap hard disk drive backplane cable connections

The following illustration shows the internal routing for the hot-swap hard disk drive backplane cables.

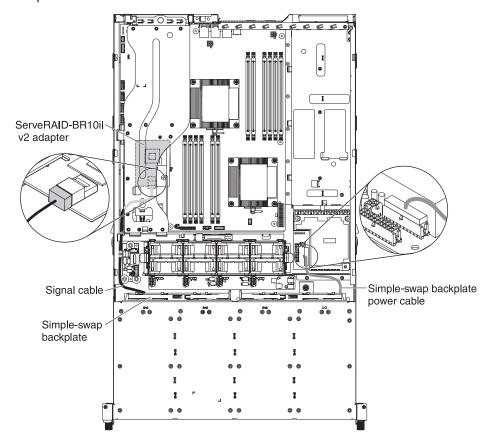
Notes:

- 1. To connect the SAS signal cables, make sure that you first connect the signal cable and the configuration cable, and then the power cable.
- 2. To disconnect the SAS signal cables, make sure that you first disconnect the power cable, and then the signal cable and the configuration cable.

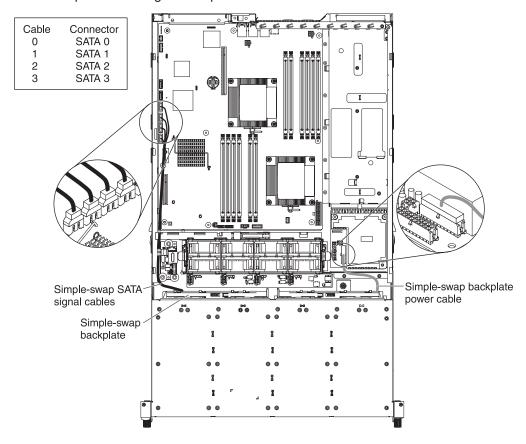


Simple-swap hard disk drive backplate cable connections

The following illustrations show the internal routing for the simple-swap hard disk drive backplate cables for serve models that come with a ServeRAID-BR10il v2 adapter.



The following illustrations show the internal routing for the simple-swap hard disk drive backplate SATA signal and power cables.

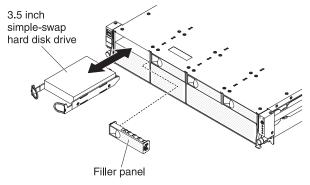


Removing and replacing consumable parts and Tier 1 CRUs

Replacement of consumable parts and Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If IBM installs a consumable part or Tier 1 CRU at your request, you will be charged for the installation.

The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

Removing a simple-swap hard disk drive



Attention: To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the server for more than 10 minutes without either a drive or a filler panel installed in each bay.

To remove a hard disk drive from a simple-swap bay, complete the following steps.

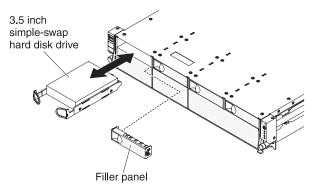
- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 141, and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and all attached devices; then, disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the drive filler panel from the front of the server.
- 4. Pull the round blue loops of the hard disk drive toward each other; then, pull the drive out of the bay.
- 5. If you are instructed to return the simple-swap drive, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a simple-swap hard disk drive

The following notes describe other information that you must consider when you install a drive.

- · To confirm that the server supports the hard disk drive that you are installing, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/info/x86servers/serverproven/compat/us/.
- Locate the documentation that comes with the hard disk drive and follow those instructions in addition to the instructions in this section.
- The simple-swap server model supports up to four 3.5-inch simple-swap SATA hard disk drives.

Important: Do not install a SCSI hard disk drive in this server.



To install a drive in a simple-swap bay, complete the following steps.

Attention: To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the server for more than 10 minutes without either a drive or a filler panel installed in each bay.

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 141, and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and all attached devices; then, disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Orient the drive as shown in the illustration.
- 4. Align the hard disk drive with the guide rails in the bay.
- 5. Pull the round blue loops of the hard disk drive toward each other; then, carefully slide the drive assembly into the drive bay until it stops, and release the loops.
- 6. Install the drive filler panel.
- 7. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

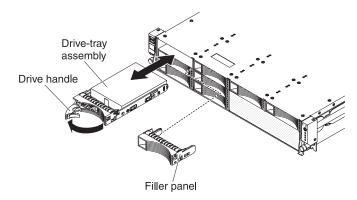
Note: You might have to reconfigure the disk arrays after you install hard disk drives. See the RAID documentation on the IBM *ServeRAID Support* CD for information about RAID controllers.

Removing a hot-swap hard disk drive

Attention: To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the server for more than 10 minutes without either a drive or a filler panel installed in each bay.

To remove a hard disk drive from a hot-swap bay, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 141, and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Press on the release latch on the drive front.



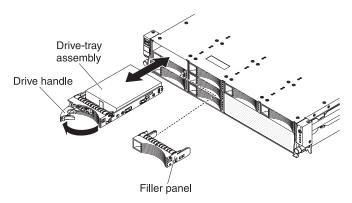
- 3. Rotate the handle on the drive to the open position.
- 4. Pull the hot-swap drive assembly out of the bay approximately 25 mm (1 inch). Wait approximately 45 seconds while the drive spins down before you remove the drive assembly completely from the bay.
- 5. If you are instructed to return the hot-swap drive, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a hot-swap hard disk drive

The following notes describe the type of hard disk drives that the server supports and other information that you must consider when you install a drive. For a list of supported drives, see http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/.

- To confirm that the server supports the hard disk drive that you are installing, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/info/x86servers/serverproven/compat/us/.
- Locate the documentation that comes with the hard disk drive and follow those instructions in addition to the instructions in this chapter.
- The server supports up to eight 3.5-inch hot-swap SAS/SATA hard disk drives.
- All hot-swap drives in the server should have the same throughput speed rating.
 Using hard disk drives with different speed ratings will cause all drives to operate at the throughput speed of the slowest drive.

Important: Do not install a SCSI hard disk drive in this server.



To install a drive in a hot-swap bay, complete the following steps.

Attention: To maintain proper system cooling, do not operate the server for more than 10 minutes without either a drive or a filler panel installed in each bay.

- 1. Orient the drive as shown in the illustration.
- 2. Make sure that the tray handle is open.
- 3. Align the drive assembly with the guide rails in the bay.
- 4. Gently push the drive assembly into the bay until the drive stops.
- 5. Push the tray handle to the closed (locked) position.
- 6. If the system is turned on, check the hard disk drive status LED to verify that the hard disk drive is operating correctly.

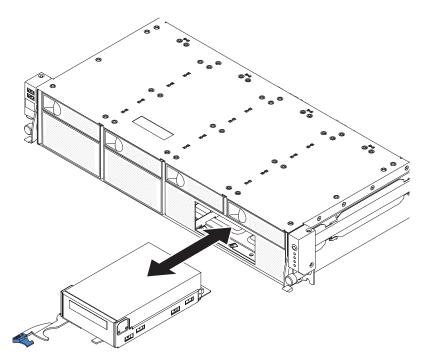
After you replace a failed hard disk drive, the green activity LED flashes as the disk spins up. The amber LED turns off after approximately 1 minute. If the new drive starts to rebuild, the amber LED flashes slowly, and the green activity LED remains lit during the rebuild process. If the amber LED remains lit, see "Hard disk drive problems" on page 39.

Note: If the server is configured for RAID operation using a ServeRAID adapter, you might have to reconfigure your disk arrays after you install drives. See the ServeRAID adapter documentation for additional information about RAID operation and complete instructions for using the ServeRAID adapter.

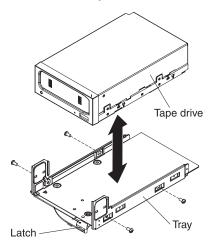
Removing an optional tape drive

To remove an optional tape drive from the server, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cords and all external cables.
- 3. Open the tape drive tray release latch and slightly slide the drive tray out of the bay.
- 4. Disconnect the cables from the rear of the tape drive.
- 5. Pull the drive completely out of the bay.



6. Remove the tape drive from the drive tray by removing the four screws on the sides of the tray.



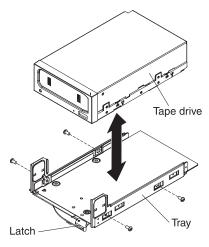
- 7. If you are not installing another drive in the bay, insert the tape drive filler panel into the empty tape drive bay.
- 8. If you are instructed to return the drive, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing an optional tape drive

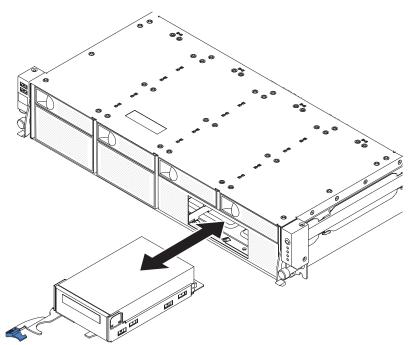
Note: If your server does not come with a tape-drive bay, install the optional tape drive cage (see "Installing an optional tape drive cage" on page 189).

To install an optional tape drive, complete the following steps:

- 1. If the tape drive came with metal spacers installed on the sides, remove the spacers.
- 2. Install the drive tray on the new tape drive as shown, using the four screws that you removed from the former drive.



- 3. Prepare the drive according to the instructions that come with the drive, setting any switches or jumpers.
- 4. Slide the tape-drive assembly most of the way into the tape-drive bay.
- 5. Using the cables from the former tape drive, connect the cables to the back of the tape drive.
- 6. Make sure all the cables are out of the way, and slide the tape-drive assembly the rest of the way into the tape-drive bay.
- 7. Push the tray handle to the closed (locked) position.



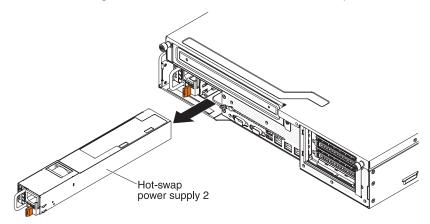
8. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing a hot-swap power supply

Important: If the server has two power supplies, and if you remove either of them, the server will not have redundant power.

To remove a power supply, complete the following steps.

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. If only one power supply is installed, turn off the server and peripheral devices.
- 3. Disconnect the power cord from the power supply that you are removing.
- 4. Grasp the power-supply handle.
- 5. Press the orange release latch to the left and hold it in place.



- 6. Pull the power supply part of the way out of the bay, then release the latch and support the power supply as you pull it the rest of the way out of the bay.
- 7. If you are instructed to return the power supply, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a hot-swap power supply

The following notes describe the type of power supply that the server supports and other information that you must consider when you install a power supply:

- To confirm that the server supports the power supply that you are installing, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/info/x86servers/serverproven/compat/us/.
- You cannot mix 460-watt and 675-watt power supplies, or high-efficiency and non-high-efficiency power supplies in the server.
- The server supports a maximum of two hot-swap ac power supplies.
- · You can order an optional power supply for redundancy.

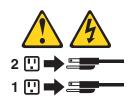
Statement 5:





CAUTION:

The power control button on the device and the power switch on the power supply do not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one power cord. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.



Statement 8:



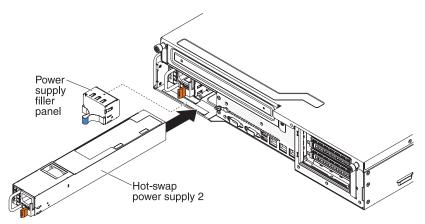


CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has the following label attached.



Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

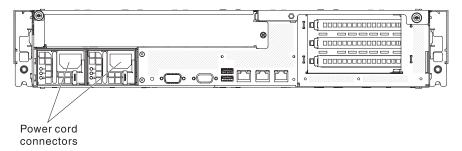


Attention: During normal operation, each power-supply bay must contain either a power supply or power-supply filler for proper cooling.

To install a power supply, complete the following steps:

- 1. Slide the power supply into the bay until the retention latch clicks into place.
- 2. Connect the power cord for the new power supply to the power-cord connector on the power supply.

The following illustration shows the power-cord connectors on the back of the server.



- 3. Route the power cord through the power-supply handle and through any cable clamps on the rear of the server, to prevent the power cord from being accidentally pulled out when you slide the server in and out of the rack.
- 4. Connect the power cord to a properly grounded electrical outlet.
- 5. Make sure that the error LED on the power supply is not lit, and that the dc power LED and ac power LED on the power supply are lit, indicating that the power supply is operating correctly.
- 6. If you are replacing a power supply with one of a different wattage, apply the power information label provided with the new power supply over the existing power information label on the server.



Removing the system battery

Statement 2:



CAUTION:

When replacing the lithium battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

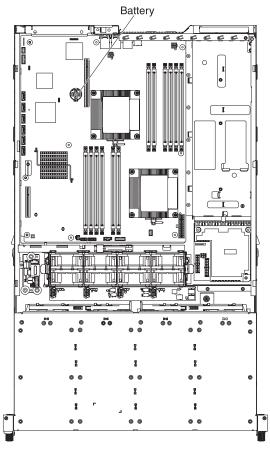
Do not:

- · Throw or immerse into water
- Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- · Repair or disassemble

Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

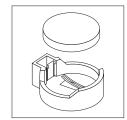
To remove the battery, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Follow any special handling and installation instructions that come with the battery.
- 3. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
- 4. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 5. Remove the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Removing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 162).
- 6. Locate the battery on the system board.



7. Use one finger to press the top of the battery clip away from the battery. The system battery pops up when it is released.





Attention: Neither tilt nor push the battery by using excessive force.

8. Use your thumb and index finger to lift the battery from the socket.

Attention: Do not lift the battery by using excessive force. Failing to remove the battery properly may damage the socket on the system board. Any damage to the socket may require replacing the system board.

9. Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations. See the *IBM Environmental Notices and User's Guide* on the IBM *Documentation* CD for more information.

Installing the system battery

The following notes describe information that you must consider when you replace the system battery in the server.

 You must replace the battery with a lithium battery of the same type from the same manufacturer.

- · After you replace the battery, you must reconfigure the server and reset the system date and time.
- To avoid possible danger, read and follow the following safety statement.
- To order replacement batteries, call 1-800-IBM-SERV within the United States, and 1-800-465-7999 or 1-800-465-6666 within Canada. Outside the U.S. and Canada, call your support center or business partner.

Statement 2:



CAUTION:

When replacing the lithium battery, use only IBM Part Number 33F8354 or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

Do not:

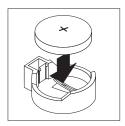
- · Throw or immerse into water
- Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- · Repair or disassemble

Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

See the IBM Environmental Notices and User's Guide on the IBM Documentation CD for more information.

To install the replacement battery, complete the following steps:

- 1. Follow any special handling and installation instructions that come with the replacement battery.
- 2. Tilt the battery so that you can insert it into the socket on the side opposite the battery clip.
- 3. Press the battery down into the socket until it clicks into place. Make sure that the battery clip holds the battery securely.





- 4. Install the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Installing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 163).
- 5. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 6. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Note: You must wait approximately 2.5 minutes after you connect the power cord of the server to an electrical outlet before the power-control button becomes active.

- 7. Start the Setup utility and reset the configuration.
 - · Set the system date and time.
 - · Set the power-on password.
 - · Reconfigure the server.

See Chapter 6, "Configuration information and instructions," on page 231 for details.

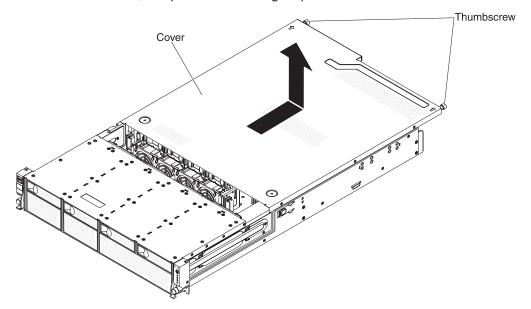
Removing and replacing Tier 2 CRUs

You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request IBM to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.

The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.

Removing the cover

To remove the cover, complete the following steps.



- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. If you are planning to view the error LEDs that are on the system board and components, leave the server connected to power and go directly to step 4.
- 3. If you are planning to install or remove a microprocessor, memory module, PCI adapter, battery, or other non-hot-swap optional device, turn off the server and all attached devices and disconnect all external cables and power cords.
- 4. If the server has been installed in a rack, loosen the two thumbscrews on the front of the server and remove the server out of the rack enclosure.

Attention: Two or more people are required to remove the system from a rack cabinet.

- 5. Loosen the two thumbscrews that secure the cover to the chassis.
- 6. Press on the two blue grip points and slide the cover toward the rear; then, lift the cover off the server. Set the cover aside.

Attention: For proper cooling and airflow, replace the cover before you turn on the server. Operating the server for extended periods of time (over 30 minutes) with the cover removed might damage server components.

7. If you are instructed to return the cover, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

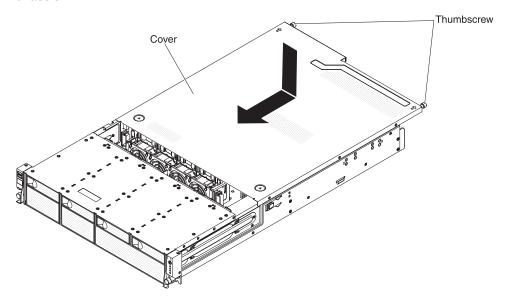
Installing the cover

To install the cover, complete the following steps:

- 1. Make sure that all internal cables are correctly routed (see "Internal cable routing and connectors" on page 141).
- 2. Align the cover over the server (toward the rear of the server) until the cover edges slip into position over the chassis.

Attention: Before sliding the cover forward, make sure that all the tabs on both the front, rear, and side of the cover engage the chassis correctly. If all the tabs do not engage the chassis correctly, it will be hard to remove the cover

- 3. Slide the cover forward toward the front of the server until the cover is completely closed.
- 4. Tighten the thumbscrews on the rear of the cover to secure the cover to the chassis.



5. Install the server into the rack enclosure and tighten the two front thumbscrews to secure the server in the rack.

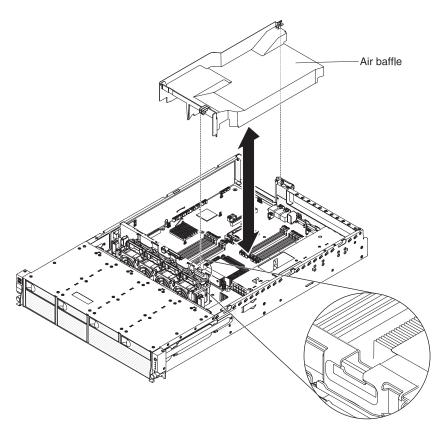
Attention: Two or more people are required to install the system in a rack cabinet.

6. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing the air baffle

When you work with some optional devices, you must first remove the air baffle to access certain components on the system board.

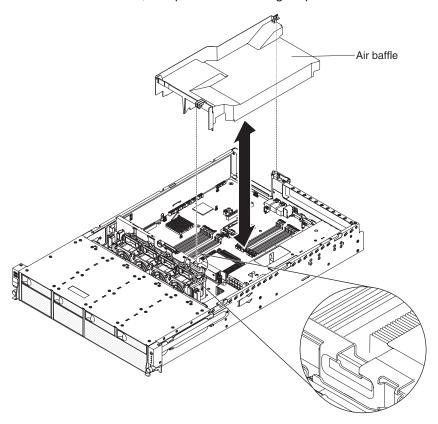
To remove the air baffle, complete the following steps.



- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Grasp the top of the air baffle and lift the air baffle out of the server.
 Attention: For proper cooling and airflow, replace the air baffle, making sure all cables are out of the way, before you turn on the server. Operating the server with the air baffle removed might damage server components.
- 5. If you are instructed to return the air baffle, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the air baffle

To install the air baffle, complete the following steps.



- 1. Align the tabs on the air baffle with the slots on the chassis.
- 2. Lower the air baffle into the server. Make sure that the tabs on the air baffle are inserted into the holes on the chassis (see the illustration).

Attention: For proper cooling and airflow, replace the air baffle before you turn on the server. Operating the server with the air baffle removed might damage server components.

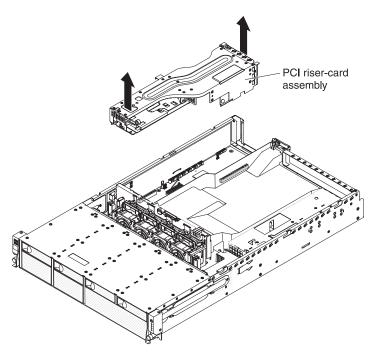
- 3. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 4. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing the PCI riser-card assembly

The server comes with one PCI riser-card assembly that contains two PCI Express Gen 2 x16 connectors and one PCI Express x8 connector.

To remove the PCI riser-card assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the server cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Grasp the PCI riser-card assembly at the front grip point and rear edge; then, lift to remove it from the server. Place the PCI riser-card assembly on a flat, static-protective surface.

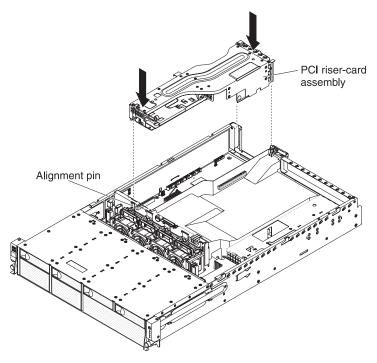


5. If you are instructed to return the PCI riser-card assembly, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the PCI riser-card assembly

To install the PCI riser-card assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Reinstall any adapters and reconnect any internal cables you might have removed in other procedures (see "Internal cable routing and connectors" on page 141).
- 2. Align the PCI riser-card assembly with the alignment pin and the guide rails on the chassis.



3. Press down on blue touch points on the PCI riser-card assembly to install the assembly in the server. Make sure that the PCI riser-card assembly is fully seated in the PCI connectors on the system board.

Attention: Make sure that the cables are not pinched.

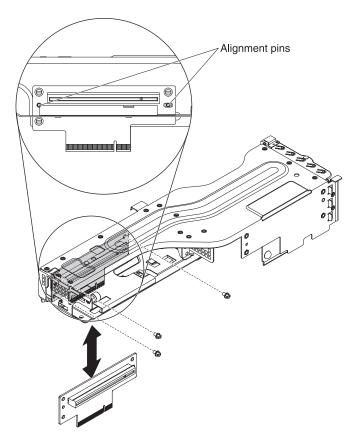
- 4. Install the server cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 5. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing a riser card on the PCI riser-card assembly

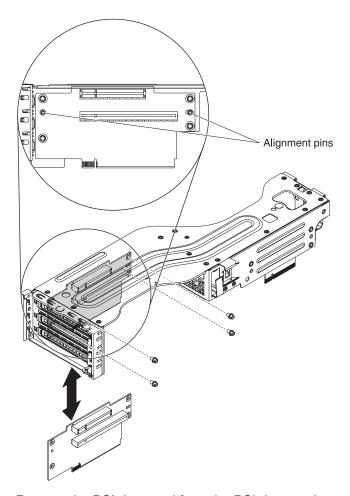
To remove a PCI riser card from the PCI riser-card assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the server cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Removing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 162).
- 5. Remove any adapter on the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Removing an adapter from the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 168).
- 6. If you are removing PCI riser card 2 that contains the PCI Express Gen 2 x8 connector, you may remove the remote battery trays to obtain more room (see step 5 on page 195 of the "Removing a ServeRAID controller battery from the remote battery tray" on page 195 procedure).
- 7. Loosen the screws that secure the PCI riser card to the PCI riser-card assembly.

The following illustration shows how to remove PCI riser card 1 from the PCI riser-card assembly:



The following illustration shows how to remove PCI riser card 2 from the PCI riser-card assembly:

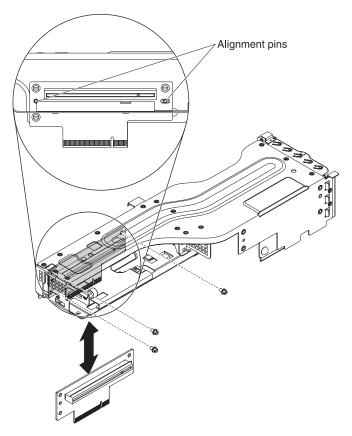


- 8. Remove the PCI riser card from the PCI riser-card assembly.
- If you are instructed to return the PCI riser card, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

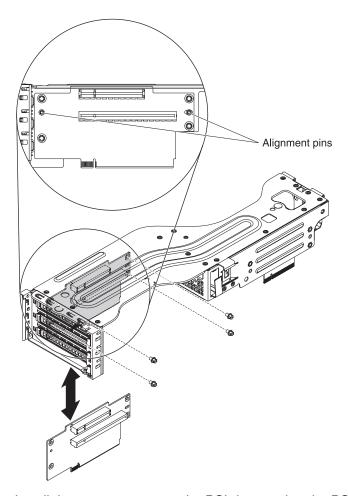
Installing a riser card in the PCI riser-card assembly

To install a PCI riser card, complete the following steps:

- Touch the static-protective package that contains the new PCI riser card to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the ServeRAID controller from the package.
- Align the screw holes on the PCI riser card with the screw holes on the PCI riser-card assembly. Make sure the locating pins engages the PCI riser card.
 The following illustration shows how to remove PCI riser card 1 on the PCI riser-card assembly:



The following illustration shows how to remove PCI riser card 2 on the PCI riser-card assembly:



- 3. Install the screws to secure the PCI riser card to the PCI riser-card assembly.
- 4. Install any adapter that you removed (see "Installing an adapter on the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 169).
- 5. Install the remote battery tray if you removed it (see step 4 on page 199 of the "Installing a ServeRAID controller battery on the remote battery tray" on page 197 procedure).
- 6. Install the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Installing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 163).
- 7. Install the server cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 8. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

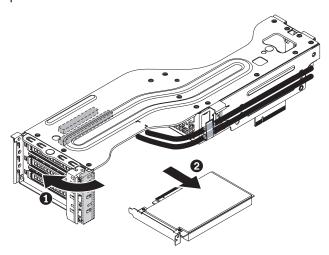
Removing an adapter from the PCI riser-card assembly

This topic describes removing an adapter from a PCI expansion slot in the PCI riser-card assembly. These instructions apply to PCI adapters such as video graphic adapters, and network adapters.

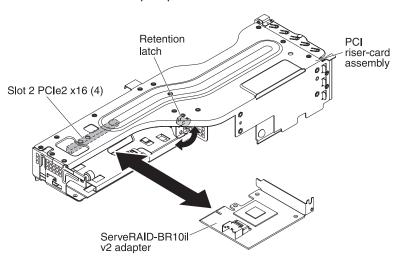
To remove an adapter from a PCI expansion slot, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).

- 4. Remove the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Removing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 162).
- 5. Disconnect any cables from the adapter (make note of the cable routing, in case you reinstall the adapter later).
- 6. Remove the adapter:
 - a. If you are removing an adapter from expansion slot 3 or 4, rotate the retention latch on the rear of the PCI riser-card assembly to the open position.



b. If you are removing an adapter from expansion slot 2, rotate the adapter retention latch to the open position.



- c. Carefully grasp the adapter by its top edge or upper corners, and pull the adapter from the expansion slot.
- 7. If you are instructed to return the adapter, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing an adapter on the PCI riser-card assembly

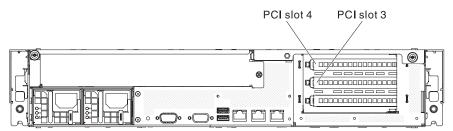
The following notes describe the types of adapters that the server supports and other information that you must consider when you install an adapter:

• To confirm that the server supports the adapter that you are installing, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/info/x86servers/serverproven/compat/us/.

- Locate the documentation that comes with the adapter and follow those instructions in addition to the instructions in this section. If you have to change switch settings or jumper settings on the adapter, follow the instructions that come with the adapter.
- The expansion slots in the PCI riser cards accommodate the various form factors of the non-hot-plug adapters as follows:
 - Expansion slot 2: Low-profile with 2U bracket
 - Expansion slot 3: Full-height, half-length
 - Expansion slot 4: Full-height, half-length
- · Some high performance video adapters are supported by your server. See http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/ for more information.
- The optional NVIDIA FX 580 video adapter must be installed in expansion slot 3 on the PCI riser-card assembly.
- The optional ServerRAID M1015 SAS/SATA adapter must be installed in expansion slot 3 on the PCI riser-card assembly if both VMware and ServerRAID M5025 SAS/SATA adapter are installed in the server.
- The optional ServeRAID-BR10il controller v2 must be installed in expansion slot 2 on the PCI riser-card assembly.

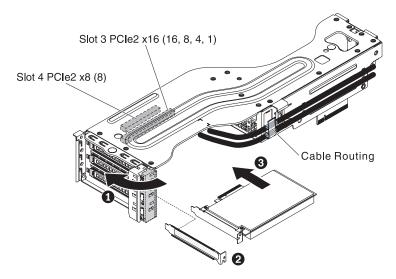
Attention: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

The following illustration shows the locations of the adapter expansion slots from the rear of the server.

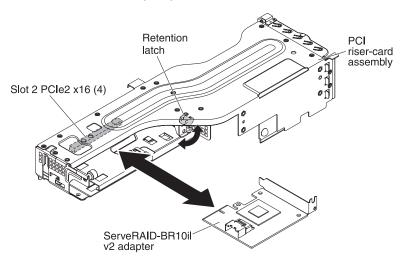


To install an adapter, complete the following steps:

- 1. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new adapter to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the adapter from the package.
- 2. Determine which expansion slot you will use for the adapter.
- 3. Install the adapter:
 - a. If you are installing an adapter in expansion slot 3 or 4, rotate the retention latch on the rear of the PCI riser-card assembly to the open position; then, slide the expansion-slot cover out of the expansion slot.



b. If you are installing an adapter in expansion slot 2, rotate the adapter retention latch to the open position.



- c. Align the adapter with the connector on the PCI riser card.
- d. Press the adapter firmly into the connector on the PCI riser card.
- 4. Connect any required cables to the adapter.

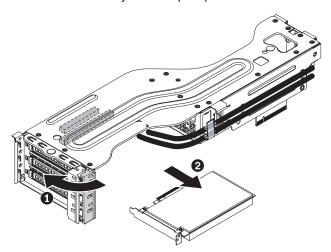
Attention:

- When you route cables, do not block any connectors or the ventilated space around any of the fans.
- Make sure that cables are not routed on top of components that are under the PCI riser-card assembly.
- Make sure that cables are not pinched by the server components.
- 5. Rotate the adapter retention latch to secure the adapter on the PCI riser-card assembly.
- 6. Install the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Installing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 163).
- 7. Perform any configuration tasks that are required for the adapter.
- 8. Install the server cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 9. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

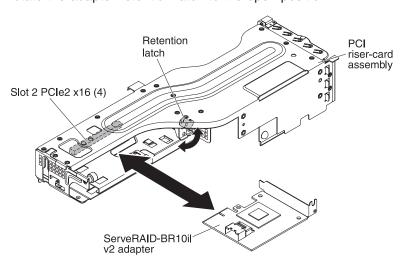
Removing a ServeRAID controller from the PCI riser-card assembly

To remove a ServeRAID controller from the PCI riser-card assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Removing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 162).
- 5. Disconnect the SAS signal cables from the connectors on the ServeRAID controller and note their locations.
- 6. Remove the ServeRAID controller:
 - a. If you are removing the ServeRAID controller from expansion slot 3 or 4 on the PCI-riser-card assembly, rotate the retention latch on the rear of the PCI riser-card assembly to the open position.



b. If you are removing a ServeRAID-BR10il v2 adapter from expansion slot 2, rotate the adapter retention latch to the open position.



c. Carefully grasp the ServeRAID controller by its top edge or upper corners, and pull the adapter from the expansion slot.

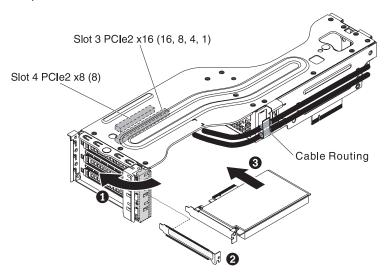
7. If you are instructed to return the ServeRAID controller, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a ServeRAID controller on the PCI riser-card assembly

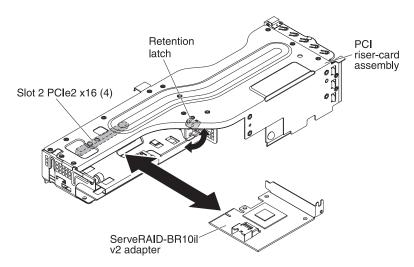
To install a ServeRAID controller on the PCI riser-card assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new ServeRAID controller to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the ServeRAID controller from the package.
- 2. If you are installing a new or replacement ServeRAID controller that uses a battery, complete the following steps:
 - a. Remove the battery from the ServeRAID controller package or the battery package.
 - b. Install the battery and connect the battery to the ServeRAID controller as instructed in the documentation that comes with the ServeRAID controller or the battery, or see "Installing a ServeRAID controller battery on the remote battery tray" on page 197.
- 3. Install the ServeRAID controller:
 - a. If you are installing the ServeRAID controller in expansion slot 3 or 4, rotate the retention latch on the rear of the PCI riser-card assembly to the open position; then, slide the expansion-slot cover out of the expansion slot.

Note: ServerRAID M1015 SAS/SATA adapter must be installed in expansion slot 3 if both VMware and ServerRAID M5025 SAS/SATA adapter are installed in the server.



b. If you are installing a ServeRAID-BR10il v2 adapter in expansion slot 2, rotate the adapter retention latch to the open position.



- c. Align the ServeRAID controller with the connector on the PCI riser card.
- d. Firmly press the ServeRAID controller into the connector on the PCI riser
- 4. Route the signal cables and connect the signal cables to the ServeRAID controller (see "Internal cable routing and connectors" on page 141).
- 5. Rotate the adapter retention latch back to secure the adapter on the PCI riser-card assembly.
- 6. Install the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Installing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 163).
- 7. Secure the signal cables with any retention clips.
- 8. Install the server cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 9. Reconnect the external cables: then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.
- 10. Perform any configuration tasks that are required for the ServeRAID controller.

Notes:

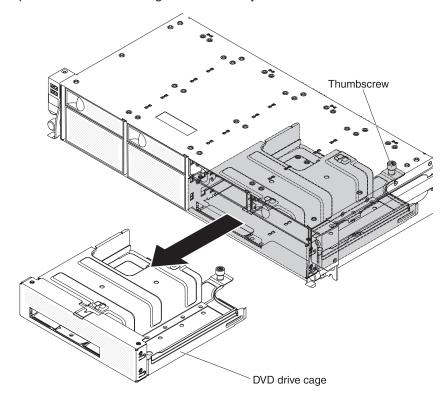
- 1. When you restart the server for the first time after you install a ServeRAID controller with a battery, the monitor screen remains blank while the controller initializes the battery. This might take a few minutes, after which the startup process continues. This is a one-time occurrence.
 - Important: You must allow the initialization process to be completed. If you do not, the battery pack will not work, and the server might not start.
 - The battery comes partially charged, at 30% or less of capacity. Run the server for 4 to 6 hours to fully charge the controller battery. The LED just above the battery on the controller remains lit until the battery is fully charged.
 - Until the battery is fully charged, the controller firmware sets the controller cache to write-through mode; after the battery is fully charged, the controller firmware re-enables write-back mode.
- 2. When you restart the server, you are given the opportunity to import the existing RAID configuration to the new ServeRAID controller.

Removing the optional DVD drive cage

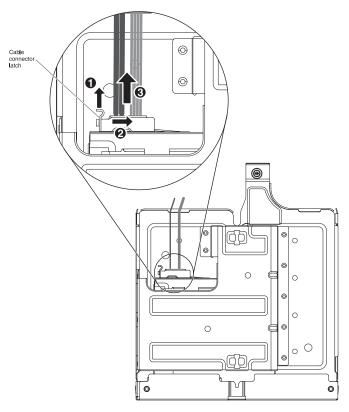
To remove the optional optical drive cage, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.

- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Removing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 162).
- 5. Remove the air baffle (see "Removing the air baffle" on page 160).
- 6. Disconnect the DVD drive signal cable to the system board and the power cable to the power-supply paddle card; then, disengage the cables from any retention clips.
- 7. Loosen the thumbscrew that secure the DVD drive cage to the chassis; then, push the DVD drive cage out of the bay to remove it from the server.



- 8. Remove the DVD drive (see "Removing an optional DVD drive" on page 178).
- 9. Remove the DVD cable. From the front of the server, press the cable connector latch and slide the DVD cable to the unlock position; then, pull out the DVD cable from the connector and set it aside.



10. If you are instructed to return the DVD drive cage, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing an optional DVD drive cage

The IBM System x3620 M3 DVD drive enablement kit is used to install an optical drive cage in an IBM System x3620 M3 server. See http://www.ibm.com/servers/ eserver/serverproven/compat/us/ for a list of supported optional devices. To order a DVD drive enablement kit, contact your IBM marketing representative or authorized reseller.

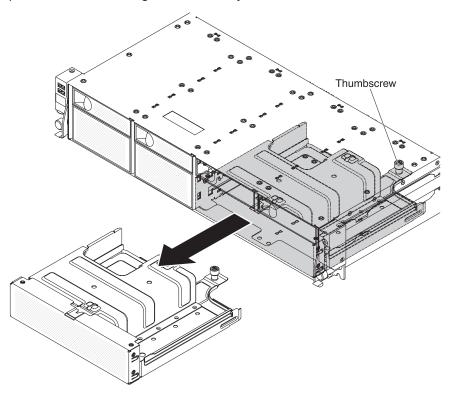
The IBM System x3620 M3 DVD drive enablement kit contains the following components:

- One DVD cable
- One optical drive cage
- · One retention bracket

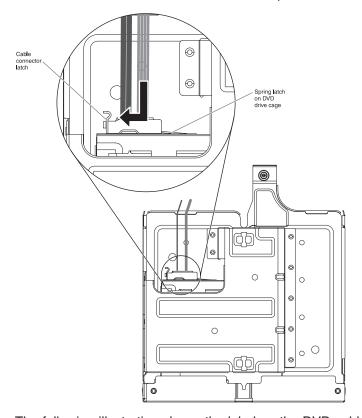
To install the optional DVD drive cage, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Removing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 162).
- 5. Remove the air baffle (see "Removing the air baffle" on page 160).

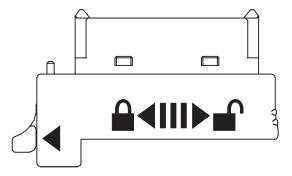
6. Loosen the thumbscrew that secure the drive filler cage to the chassis; then, push the drive filler cage out of the bay to remove it from the server.



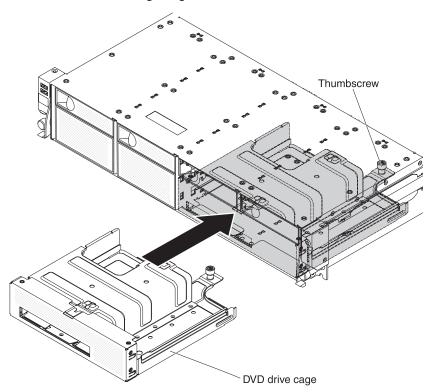
7. Insert the DVD cable into the connector on the DVD drive cage; then slide the cable connector to the left until it clicks into place.



The following illustration shows the label on the DVD cable.



- 8. Route the DVD cable through the cage hole on the chassis.
- 9. Connect the DVD drive signal cable to the system board and the power cable to the power-supply paddle card (see "Internal cable routing and connectors" on page 141); then, secure the cables with any retention clips.
- 10. Slide the DVD drive cage forward into the drive bay until the thumbscrew on the rear of the drive cage align with the screw hole on the chassis.

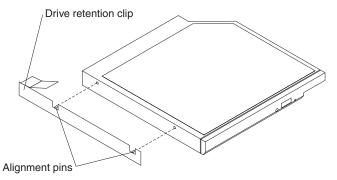


- 11. Tighten the thumbscrew to secure the DVD drive cage in the server.
- 12. Install the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Installing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 163).
- 13. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 14. Install the optional DVD drive (see "Installing an optional DVD drive" on page 179).
- 15. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing an optional DVD drive

To remove an optional DVD drive, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Loosen the thumbscrew that secure the DVD drive cage to the chassis; then, slide the drive cage slightly out of the server.
- 5. Press the release tab down to release the drive; then, while you press the tab, push the drive toward the front of the server.
- 6. From the front of the server, pull the drive out of the bay.
- 7. Remove the drive retention clip from the drive. Save the clip to use when you install the replacement drive or replace the DVD drive filler panel.



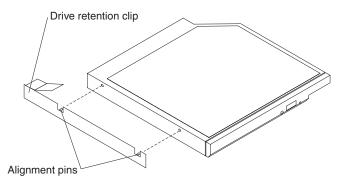
8. If you are instructed to return the DVD drive, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing an optional DVD drive

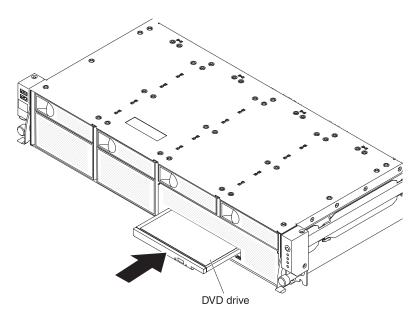
Note: If your server does not come with an optical drive bay, install the optional optical drive cage (see "Installing an optional DVD drive cage" on page 176).

To install an optional DVD drive, complete the following steps.

1. Attach the drive-retention clip to the side of the DVD drive.



2. Slide the drive into the DVD drive bay until the DVD drive clicks into place.



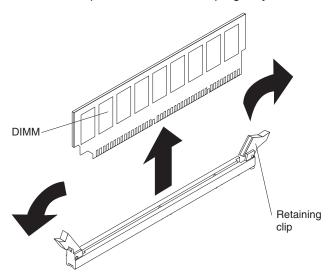
- 3. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 4. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing a memory module (DIMM)

To remove a DIMM, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the air baffle (see "Removing the air baffle" on page 160).
- 5. Open the retaining clip on each end of the DIMM connector and lift the DIMM from the connector.

Attention: To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connectors, open and close the clips gently.



6. If you are instructed to return the DIMM, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a memory module

The following notes describe the types of dual inline memory modules (DIMMs) that the server supports and other information that you must consider when you install DIMMs:

- To confirm that the server supports the DIMM that you are installing, see http://www.ibm.com/systems/info/x86servers/serverproven/compat/us/.
- When you install or remove DIMMs, the server configuration information changes. When you restart the server, the system displays a message that indicates that the memory configuration has changed.
- The server supports only industry-standard double-data-rate 3 (DDR3), 800, 1066, or 1333 MHz, PC3-10600R-999, synchronous dynamic random-access memory (SDRAM) registered dual inline memory modules (DIMMs) with error correcting code (ECC).
- The specifications of a DDR3 DIMM are on a label on the DIMM, in the following format.

```
ggg eRxff-PC3-wwwwwm-aa-bb-cc where:
```

ggg is the total capacity of the DIMM (for example, 1GB, 2GB, or 4GB) e is the number of ranks

1 = single-rank

2 = dual-rank

4 = quad-rank

ff is the device organization (bit width)

4 = x4 organization (4 DQ lines per SDRAM)

8 = x8 organization

16 = x16 organization

wwwww is the DIMM bandwidth, in MBps

6400 = 6.40 GBps (PC3-800 SDRAMs, 8-byte primary data bus)

8500 = 8.53 GBps (PC3-1066 SDRAMs, 8-byte primary data bus)

10600 = 10.66 GBps (PC3-1333 SDRAMs, 8-byte primary data bus)

12800 = 12.80 GBps PC3-1600 SDRAMs, 8-byte primary data bus)

m is the DIMM type

E = Unbuffered DIMM (UDIMM) with ECC (x72-bit module data bus)

R = Registered DIMM (RDIMM)

U = Unbuffered DIMM with no ECC (x64-bit primary data bus)

aa is the CAS latency, in clocks at maximum operating frequency

bb is the JEDEC SPD Revision Encoding and Additions level

cc is the reference design file for the design of the DIMM

- The maximum memory speed is determined by the combination of the microprocessor, DIMM speed, and the number of DIMMs installed in each channel.
- The following rules apply to DDR3 DIMM speed as it relates to the number of DIMMs in a channel:
 - When you install one DIMM single-rank or dual-rank per channel, the memory runs at 1333 MHz

- When you install two DIMMs single-rank or dual-rank per channel, the memory runs at 1066 MHz
- When you install two 1.35 V DIMMs in a channel, the memory runs at 800 MHz. The DIMMs still function at 1.35 V
- When you install quad-rank DIMMs with single-rank or dual-rank DIMMs in the same channel, the memory runs at 800 MHz
- All channels in a server run at the fastest common frequency
- · In two-DIMM-per-channel configuration, a server with an Intel Xeon X5600 series microprocessor automatically operates with a maximum memory speed of up to 1333 MHz when one of the following conditions is met:
 - Two 1.5 V single-rank or dual-rank RDIMMs are installed in the same channel. In the Setup utility, **Memory speed** is set to **Max performance** mode
 - Two 1.35 V single-rank or dual-ranl RDIMMs are installed in the same channel. In the Setup utility, Memory speed is set to Max performance and LV-DIMM power is set to Enhance performance mode. The 1.35 V RDIMMs will function at 1.5 V
- The server supports a maximum of 12 single-rank or dual-rank registered DIMMs (RDIMMs).
- The server supports three single-rank or dual-rank DIMMs per channel. The following table shows an example of the maximum amount of memory that you can install, using ranked RDIMMs.

	Table 10. N	<i>laximum memor</i>	v installation	usina	ranked F	RDIMMs
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DIMM type	Maximum number of DIMMs	DIMM size	Total memory
Single-rank	12	1 GB	12 GB
Singe-rank	12	2 GB	24 GB
Dual-rank	12	2 GB	24 GB
Dual-rank	12	4 GB	48 GB
Dual-rank	12	8 GB	96 GB

- The RDIMM options that are available for the server are 1 GB, 2 GB, 4 GB, and 8 GB. The server supports a minimum of 1 GB and a maximum of 96 GB of system memory.
 - For 32-bit operating systems only: Some memory is reserved for various system resources and is unavailable to the operating system. The amount of memory that is reserved for system resources depends on the operating system. the configuration of the server, and the configured PCI devices. To view the total amount of installed memory and the amount of configured memory, run the Setup utility. For additional information, see "Using the Setup utility" on page 233.
- · A minimum of one DIMM must be installed for each microprocessor. For example, you must install a minimum of two DIMMs if the server has two microprocessors. However, to improve system performance, install a minimum of three DIMMs for each microprocessor.

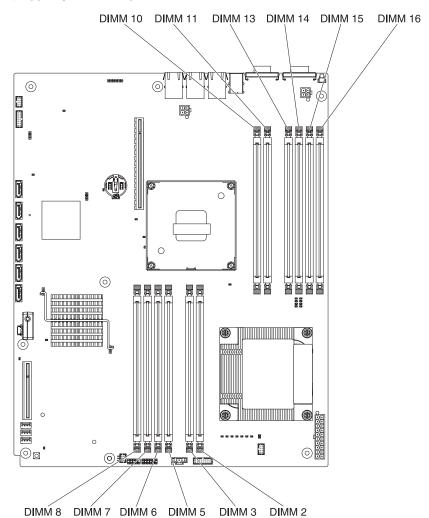
Note: You can install DIMMs for microprocessor 2 as soon as you install microprocessor 2; you do not have to wait until all of the DIMM connectors for microprocessor 1 are filled.

When you install one quad-rank RDIMM in a channel, install it in the DIMM connector furthest away from the microprocessor.

- Always install the highest-ranked DIMM in the DIMM connector furthest away
 from the microprocessor. For example, if you are installing a single-rank,
 dual-rank, and quad-rank DIMM in the server, install the quad-rank DIMM first in
 DIMM connector 8 (for microprocessor 1) or DIMM connector 16 (for
 microprocessor 2).
- 1.35V DIMMs are only supported on server models with an Intel Xeon[™] 5600 series microprocessor.
- Do not install 1.5V DIMMs and 1.35V DIMMs in the same server.
- If you install a ServeRAID-M1015 SAS/SATA adapter, make sure at least 2 GB of memory is installed in the server before you run DSA from a bootable CD.

DIMM installation sequence

The server requires at least one DIMM per microprocessor. Depending on the server models, the server may come with one 2 GB RDIMM or 4 GB RDIMM, or three 4 GB RDIMMs.



When you install additional DIMMs, install them in the order shown in "DIMM installation sequence," to maintain performance.

Table 11. Non-mirroring (normal) mode DIMM installation sequence

Microprocessors installed	DIMM connector population sequence
1	3, 6, 8, 2, 5, 7
2	3, 11, 6, 14, 8, 16, 2, 10, 5, 13, 7, 15,

The following table lists the DIMM connectors on each memory channel.

Table 12. Connectors on each memory channel

Memory channel	DIMM connectors
Channel 0	2, 3, 10, 11
Channel 1	5, 6, 13, 14
Channel 2	7, 8, 15, 16

Memory mirroring

Memory-mirroring mode replicates and stores data on two pairs of DIMMs within two channels simultaneously. If a failure occurs, the memory controller switches from the primary pair of memory DIMMs to the backup pair of DIMMs. You must enable memory mirroring through the Setup utility. For details about enabling memory mirroring, see "Using the Setup utility" on page 233. When you use the memory mirroring feature, consider the following information:

- · To support memory mirroring, the DIMMs in each pair must match but the pairs can be different from each other. For example, the first pair of DIMMs must match and the second pair of DIMMs must match; however, the DIMM type for the first and second pair of DIMMs can be different from each other.
- The maximum available memory is reduced to half of the installed memory when memory mirroring is enabled. For example, if you install 64 GB of memory, only 32 GB of addressable memory is available when you use memory mirroring.
- Channel 2 DIMM connectors 8, 7, 15, and 16 are not used in memory-mirroring mode.

The following table lists the installation sequence for installing DIMMs in memory-mirroring mode.

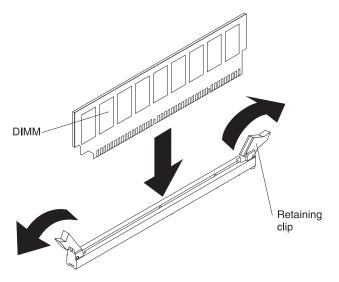
Table 13. Memory-mirroring mode DIMM population sequence

DIMMs	Number of installed microprocessors	DIMM connector		
First pair of DIMMs	1	3, 6		
Second pair of DIMMs	1	2, 5		
Fourth pair of DIMMs	2	14, 11		
Fifth pair of DIMMs	2	13, 10		
Note: DIMM connectors 7, 8, 15, and 16 are not used in memory-mirroring mode.				

To install a DIMM, complete the following steps:

1. Open the retaining clip on each end of the DIMM connector.

Attention: To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the DIMM connectors, open and close the clips gently.



- 2. Touch the static-protective package that contains the DIMM to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the DIMM from the package.
- 3. Turn the DIMM so that the DIMM keys align correctly with the connector.
- 4. Insert the DIMM into the connector by aligning the edges of the DIMM with the slots at the ends of the DIMM connector. Firmly press the DIMM straight down into the connector by applying pressure on both ends of the DIMM simultaneously. The retaining clips snap into the locked position when the DIMM is firmly seated in the connector.

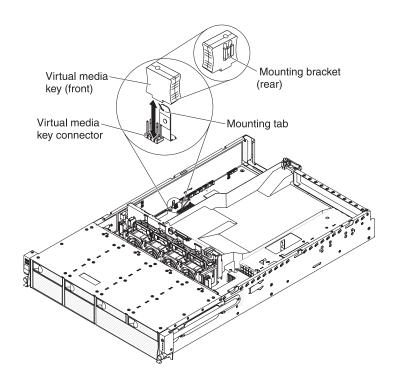
Attention: If there is a gap between the DIMM and the retaining clips, the DIMM has not been correctly inserted; open the retaining clips, remove the DIMM, and then reinsert it.

- 5. Repeat steps 2 through 4 until all the new or replacement DIMMs are installed.
- 6. Replace the air baffle (see "Installing the air baffle" on page 162), making sure all cables are out of the way.
- 7. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 8. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.
- 9. Go to the Setup utility and make sure all the installed DIMMs are present and enabled.

Removing an IBM virtual media key

To remove a virtual media key, complete the following steps:

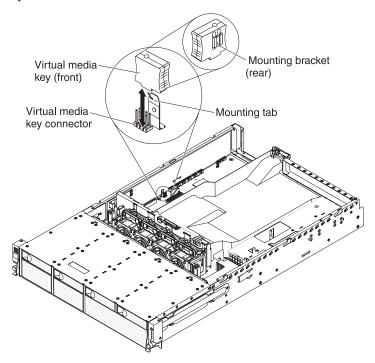
- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Removing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 162).
- 5. Locate the virtual media key on the system board. Grasp it and carefully pull it off the virtual media key connector pins.



Installing an IBM virtual media key

To install a virtual media key, complete the following steps:

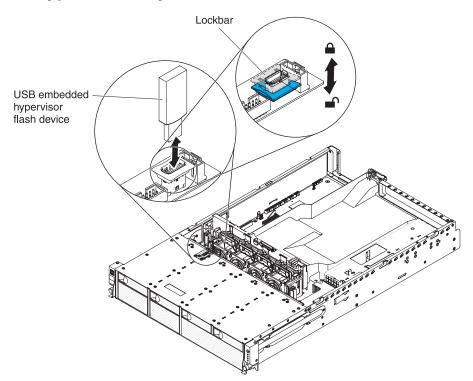
1. Align the virtual media key with the virtual media key connector pins on the system board as shown in the illustration.



- 2. Press the virtual media key down into the connector until it is firmly seated on the system board.
- 3. Install the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Installing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 163).
- 4. Install the server cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).

5. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing a USB hypervisor key

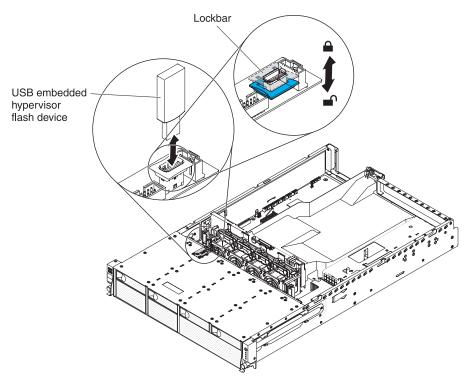


To remove a USB hypervisor key from the server, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Push down the blue locking collar on the USB hypervisor connector to unlock it from the connector.
- 5. Pull the hypervisor memory key out of the USB hypervisor connector.
- 6. If you are instructed to return the hypervisor memory key, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Note: You must configure the server not to look for the hypervisor USB drive. See "Configuring the server" on page 231 for information about disabling hypervisor support.

Installing a USB hypervisor key



To install a USB hypervisor memory key in the server, complete the following steps:

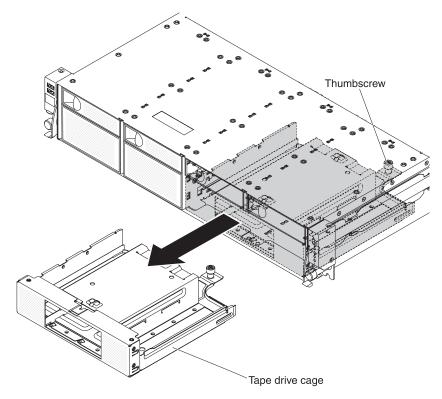
- 1. Locate the USB hypervisor connector on the USB connector board in the server.
- 2. Push down the blue locking collar on the USB hypervisor connector (the unlocked position).
- 3. Insert the hypervisor memory key into the USB hypervisor connector.
- 4. Pull up the blue lock on the USB hypervisor connector to the locked position, to secure the memory key in position.
- 5. Install the server cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 6. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Note: You will have to configure the server to boot from the hypervisor USB drive. See "Configuring the server" on page 231 for information about enabling the hypervisor memory key.

Removing the optional tape drive cage

To remove the optional tape drive cage, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Loosen the thumbscrew that secure the tape drive cage to the chassis; then, push the tape drive cage out of the bay to remove it from the server.



- 5. Disconnect any cables from the connectors on the rear of the tape drive.
- 6. Remove the tape drive (see "Installing an optional DVD drive" on page 179).
- 7. If you are instructed to return the optical drive cage, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing an optional tape drive cage

The IBM System x3620 M3 tape drive enablement kit is used to install an optional tape drive cage in an IBM System x3620 M3 server. See http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/serverproven/compat/us/ for a list of supported optional devices. To order a tape drive enablement kit, contact your IBM marketing representative or authorized reseller. The IBM System x3620 M3 tape drive enablement kit is compatible only with the following tape drives:

- IBM DDS Generation 5 (DDS/5) SATA tape drive
- IBM DDS Generation 6 (DDS/6) USB tape drive

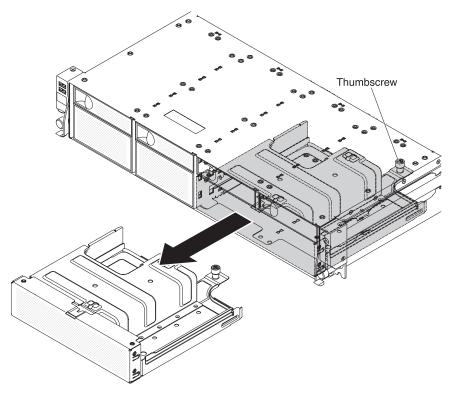
The IBM System x3620 M3 tape drive enablement kit contains the following components:

- One USB or SATA signal cable
- · One power cable
- · One tape drive cage

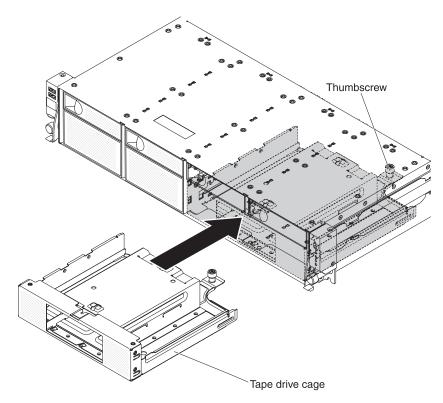
To install an optional tape drive cage, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).

- 4. If you are installing a SATA tape enablement kit, remove the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Removing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 162). If you are installing a USB tape enablement kit, remove the air baffle (see "Removing the air baffle" on page 160).
- 5. Loosen the thumbscrew that secure the drive filler cage to the chassis; then, push the drive filler cage out of the bay to remove it from the server.



- 6. Route the tape drive cables through the cage hole on the chassis (see "Internal cable routing and connectors" on page 141).
- 7. Connect the tape drive cables:
 - USB tape drive: connect the USB signal cable to the system board and the power cable to the power-supply paddle card
 - SATA tape drive: connect the SATA connector to the system board and the power cable to the power-supply paddle card
- 8. Slide the tape drive cage forward into the drive bay until the thumbscrew on the rear of the drive cage align with the screw hole on the chassis.

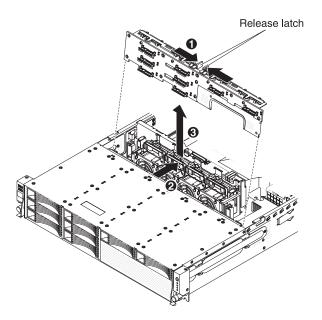


- 9. Tighten the thumbscrew to secure the tape drive cage in the server.
- 10. Install the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Installing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 163).
- 11. Install the air baffle (see "Installing the air baffle" on page 162).
- 12. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 13. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing the hot-swap disk drive backplane

To remove the hot-swap hard disk drive backplane, complete the following steps.

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
- 3. Remove all hot-swap hard disk drives (see "Removing a hot-swap hard disk drive" on page 149).
- 4. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 5. You may remove the system fan cage to obtain more room (see "Removing the system fan cage" on page 213).
- 6. Make note of where the cables are attached to the backplane; then, disconnect them.
- 7. Press the release latches and rotate out the top of the backplane; then, lift the backplane out of the server by pulling and lifting it up.



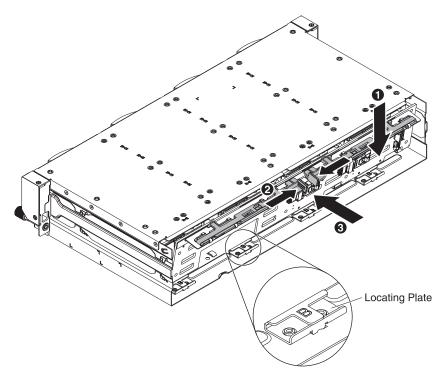
8. If you are instructed to return the backplane, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the hot-swap hard disk drive backplane

To install the replacement hot-swap hard disk drive backplane, complete the following steps.

- 1. Reconnect the cables to the backplane.
- 2. Align the backplane with the slot on the chassis.
- 3. Lower the backplane into the server. Make sure the locating plates securely engages the bottom of the backplane.
- 4. Press the release latches; then, rotate the top of the backplane toward the front of the server until it locks into place.

Note: Make sure the backplane is engaged into place by the locating plates and that it is securely installed in the server.

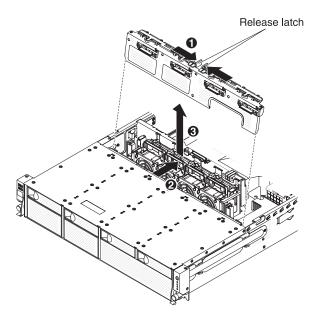


- 5. Replace the system fan cage if you removed it (see "Installing the system fan cage" on page 214).
- 6. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- Install the hot-swap hard disk drives (see "Installing a hot-swap hard disk drive" on page 149).
- 8. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing the simple-swap hard disk drive backplate

To remove the simple-swap hard disk drive backplate, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
- 3. Remove all simple-swap hard disk drives (see "Removing a simple-swap hard disk drive" on page 147).
- 4. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 5. You may remove the system fan cage to obtain more room (see "Removing the system fan cage" on page 213).
- 6. Make note of where the cables are attached to the backplate; then, disconnect them.
- 7. Press the release latches and rotate out the top of the backplate; then, lift the backplate out of the server by pulling and lifting it up.



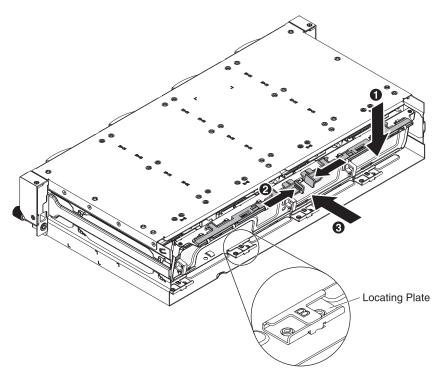
8. If you are instructed to return the backplane, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the simple-swap hard disk drive backplate

To install the replacement simple-swap hard disk drive backplate, complete the following steps.

- 1. Reconnect the cables to the backplate.
- 2. Align the backplate with the slot on the chassis; then, Lower the backplate into the server. Make sure the locating plates securely engages the bottom of the backplate.
- 3. Press the release latches; then, rotate the top of the backplate toward the front of the server until it locks into place.

Note: Make sure the backplate is engaged into place by the locating plates and that it is securely installed in the server.

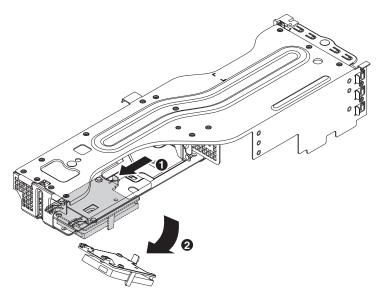


- 4. Connect the power cables and the signal cable; then, secure the cables with any retention clips.
- 5. Replace the system fan cage if you removed it (see "Installing the system fan cage" on page 214).
- 6. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 7. Install the simple-swap hard disk drives (see "Installing a simple-swap hard disk drive" on page 148).
- 8. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

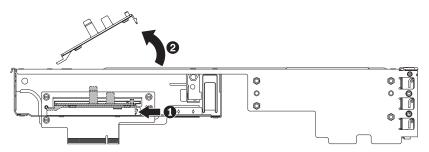
Removing a ServeRAID controller battery from the remote battery tray

To remove a ServeRAID controller battery from the remote battery tray, complete the following steps:

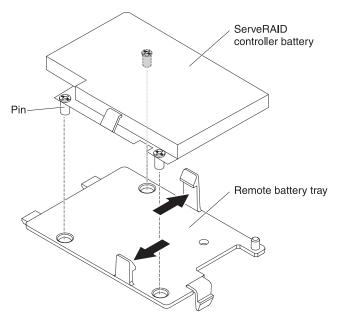
- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Removing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 162).
- 5. Remove the remote battery tray from the PCI riser-card assembly:
 - a. Carefully disconnect the remote battery cable from the battery.
 - Press the retention latch to disengage the remote battery tray.
 The following illustration shows how to remove the bottom remote battery tray.



The following illustration shows how to remove the top remote battery tray.



6. Slightly pull apart the clips on the side of the remote battery tray to remove the ServeRAID controller battery.



7. If you are instructed to return the ServeRAID controller battery, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a ServeRAID controller battery on the remote battery tray

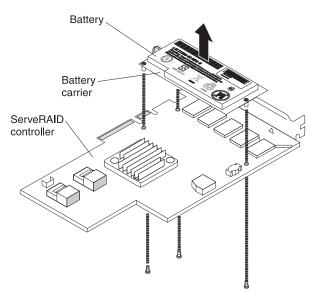
The Intelligent Battery Backup Unit (iBBU) is an optional battery for the ServeRAID adapter. It is referred to as the *battery* throughout this section. You must purchase the remote battery cable and install the battery at a distance from the ServeRAID adapter to avoid overheating.

You can install up to two batteries on the remote battery trays on the PC riser-card assembly.

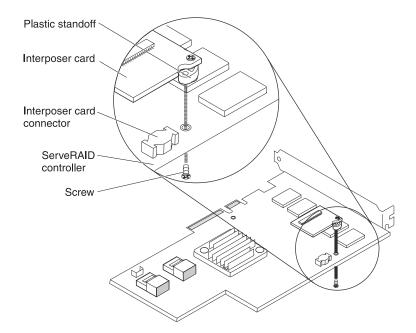
To install a ServeRAID controller battery on the remote battery tray, complete the following steps:

1. If a battery and battery carrier are attached to the SAS controller, remove the three screws that secure the battery carrier to the ServeRAID controller. Set the battery and battery carrier aside.

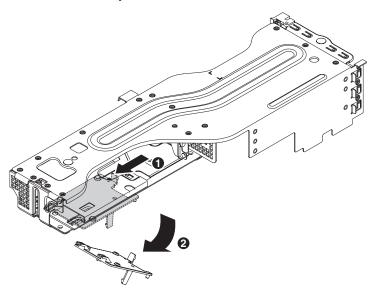
Note: The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from your hardware.



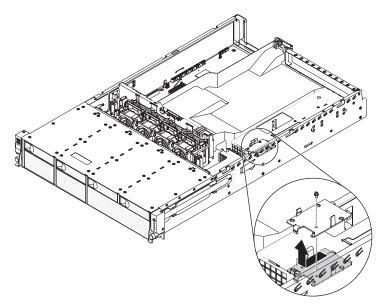
- 2. Install the interposer card on the interposer card connector on the ServeRAID controller:
 - a. Remove the interposer card and the loose screw from the bag.
 - Rotate the standoff so that it aligns with the hole in the ServeRAID controller, and position the interposer card connector over the ServeRAID controller connector.



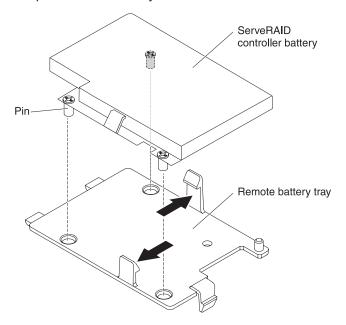
- c. Press the interposer card down onto the interposer card connector so that the interposer card is secured.
- d. From the other side of the ServeRAID controller, insert and tighten the screw to secure the interposer card to the ServeRAID controller.
- 3. Install the battery on the remote battery tray:
 - a. Press the retention latch to remove the remote battery tray from the PCI riser-card assembly.



If you are installing a second ServeRAID controller battery, remove the second remote battery tray from the power supply cage.

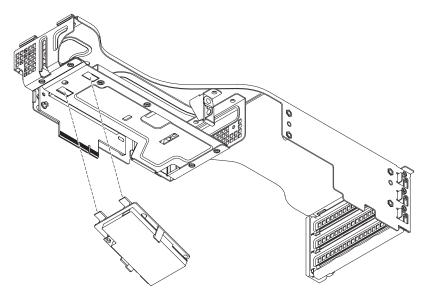


b. On the remote battery tray, find the pattern of recessed rings that matches the posts on the battery carrier.

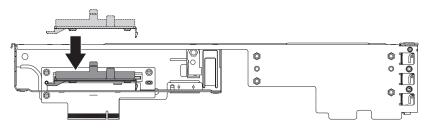


- c. Press the posts into the rings on the remote battery tray. Make sure the two retention clips secure the battery and battery carrier on the remote battery tray.
- 4. Align the two pins on the remote battery tray with the holes on the PCI riser-card assembly and press the retention latch into the slot to secure the remote battery tray on the PCI riser-card assembly.

The following illustration shows how to instal the bottom remote battery tray.

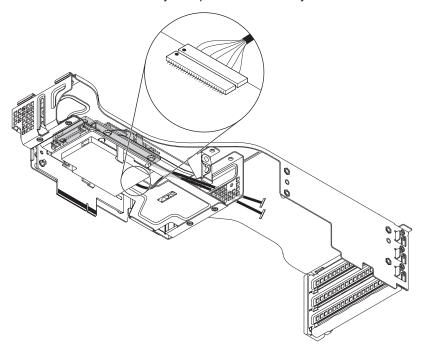


The following illustration shows how to install the top remote battery tray.



5. Route the remote battery cable through the cage hole on the PCI riser-card assembly.

Attention: Make sure that the cable is not pinched and does not cover any connectors or obstruct any components on the system board.

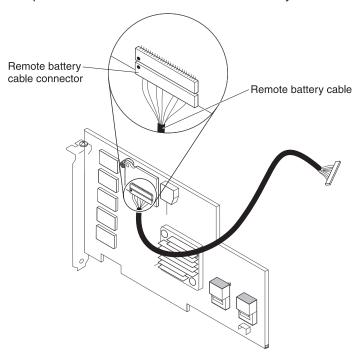


6. Connect the remote battery cable to the battery carrier.

Attention: To avoid damage to the hardware, make sure that you align the black dot on the cable connector with the black dot on the connector on the interposer card. Do not force the remote battery cable into the connector.

7. Connect the other end of the remote battery cable to the interposer card on the ServeRAID controller. Route the remote battery cable through the cage hole on the PCI riser-card assembly.

Attention: To avoid damage to the hardware, make sure that you align the black dot on the cable connector with the black dot on the connector on the interposer card. Do not force the remote battery cable into the connector.

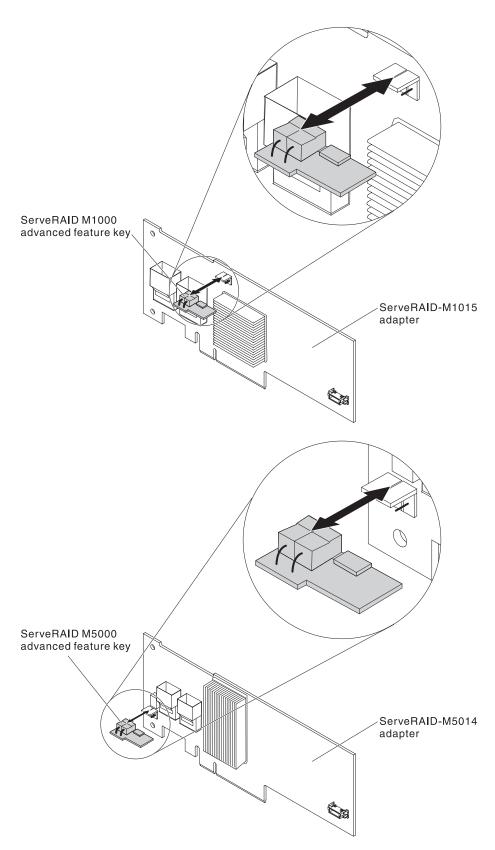


- 8. Install the ServeRAID controller on the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Installing a ServeRAID controller on the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 173).
- 9. Install the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Installing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 163).
- 10. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 11. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing an optional ServeRAID adapter advanced feature key

To remove an optional ServeRAID adapter advanced feature key, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Removing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 162).
- 5. Grasp the upgrade key and lift to remove it from connector on the ServeRAID adapter.

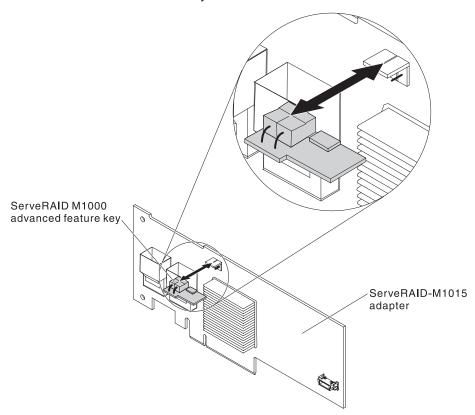


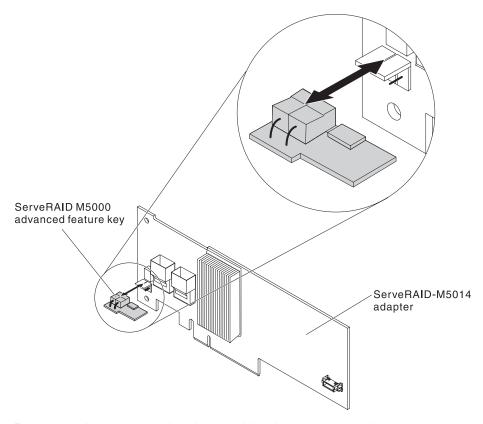
6. If you are instructed to return the flash device, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing an optional ServeRAID adapter advanced feature key

To install an optional ServeRAID adapter advanced feature key, complete the following steps:

1. Align the upgrade key with the connector on the ServeRAID adapter and push it into the connector until it is firmly seated.



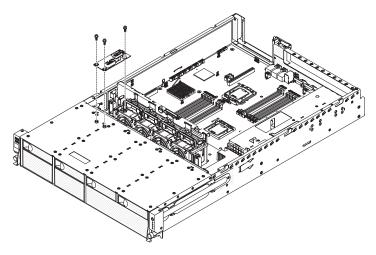


- 2. Reconnect the power cord and any cables that you removed.
- 3. Install the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Installing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 163).
- 4. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 5. Slide the server into the rack.
- 6. Turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing the USB board

To remove the USB board, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the screws that secure the USB board to the chassis.

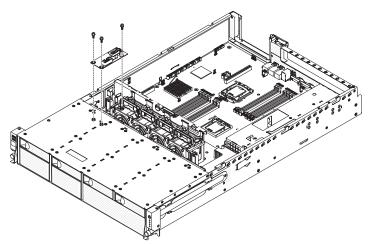


- 5. Lift the USB board out of the server.
- 6. Remove the USB hypervisor key if one is installed (see "Removing a USB hypervisor key" on page 187).
- 7. Make note of where the cables are attached to the USB board; then, disconnect them.
- 8. If you are instructed to return the USB board, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the USB board

To install the USB board, complete the following steps:

- 1. Touch the static-protective package that contains the USB board to any *unpainted* metal surface on the outside of the chassis; then, remove the USB board from the package.
- 2. Align the screw holes on the USB board with the screw holes on the chassis.

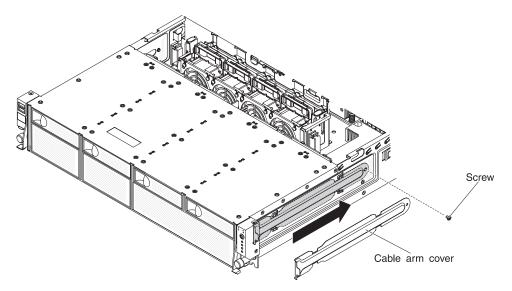


- 3. Install the USB hypervisor key if you removed it (see "Installing a USB hypervisor key" on page 188).
- 4. Install the screws to secure the USB board on the chassis.
- 5. Reconnect the USB board cables.
- 6. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 7. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

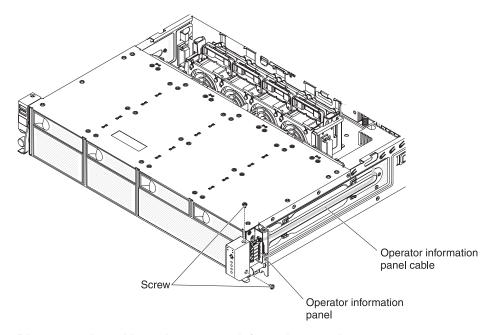
Removing the operator information panel

To remove the operator information panel, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the air baffle (see "Removing the air baffle" on page 160).
- 5. Remove the screw from the cable arm cover; then, slide the cable arm cover towards the rear of the server and set it aside.



6. Remove the screws from the bracket cover.



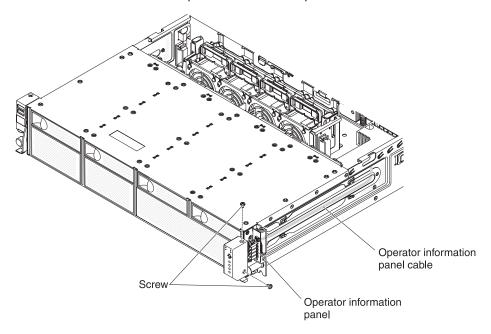
- 7. Disconnect the cable to the operator information panel.
- 8. Make note of where the cable is attached to the system board; then, disconnect it.

9. If you are instructed to return the operator information panel, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the operator information panel

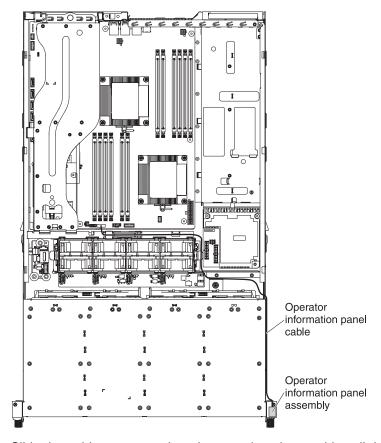
To install the operator information panel, complete the following steps:

- 1. Touch the static-protective package that contains the operator information panel to any unpainted metal surface on the outside of the chassis; then, remove the operator information panel from the package.
- 2. Reconnect the cable to the operator information panel.



- 3. Place the operator information panel in the bracket cover. Make sure it is securely seated inside the bracket cover.
- 4. Install the screws to secure the bracket cover to the server.
- 5. Connect the cable to the system board. The following illustration shows the internal cable routing and connector for the front operator information panel cable.

Note: The cable is routed on the outside of the chassis and connected to the system board. The cable must be protected by the cable cover on the side of the chassis.

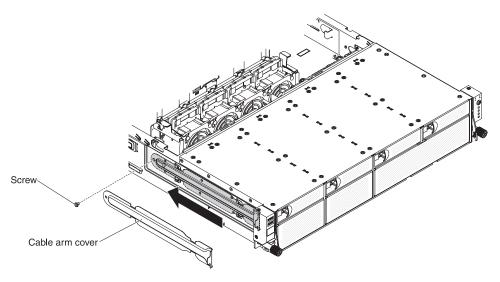


- 6. Slide the cable arm cover into the retention slots and install the screw to secure it on the side of the chassis.
- 7. Install the air baffle (see "Installing the air baffle" on page 162).
- 8. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 9. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

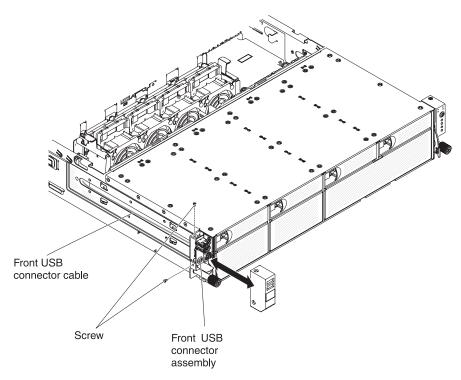
Removing the front USB connector assembly

To remove the front USB connector assembly, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the screw from the cable arm cover; then, slide the cable arm cover towards the rear of the server and set it aside.



5. Remove the screws from the bracket cover.

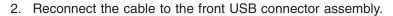


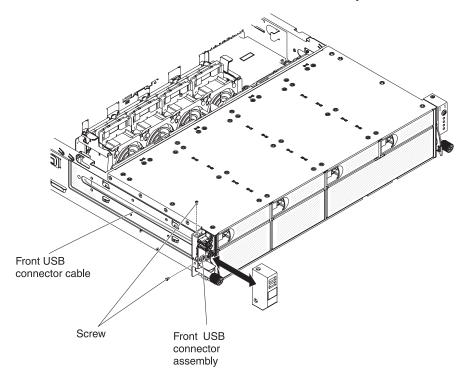
- 6. Disconnect the cable to the front USB connector assembly.
- 7. Make note of where the cable is attached to the system board; then, disconnect it
- 8. If you are instructed to return the front USB connector assembly, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the front USB connector assembly

To install the front USB connector assembly, complete the following steps:

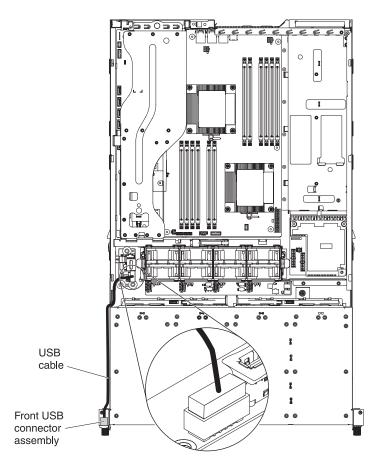
1. Touch the static-protective package that contains the front USB connector assembly to any *unpainted* metal surface on the outside of the chassis; then, remove the front USB connector assembly from the package.





- 3. Place the front USB connector assembly in the bracket cover. Make sure it is securely seated inside the bracket cover.
- 4. Install the screws to secure the bracket cover to the server.
- 5. Connect the cable to the USB board. The following illustration shows the internal cable routing and connector for the USB cable.

Note: The cable is routed on the outside of the chassis and connected to the USB connector board. The cable must be protected by the cable cover on the side of the chassis.



- 6. Slide the cable arm cover into the retention slots and install the screw to secure it on the side of the chassis.
- 7. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 8. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing and replacing FRUs

FRUs must be installed only by trained service technicians.

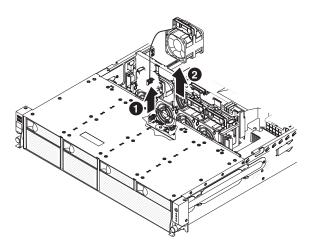
The illustrations in this document might differ slightly from the hardware.

Removing a system fan

Attention: To ensure proper server operation, if a fan fails, replace the fan immediately.

To remove a system fan, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the fan:



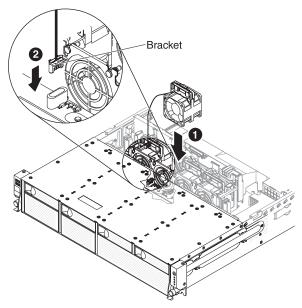
- a. Disconnect the system fan cable from the connector on the fan board.
- b. Pull the blue handle on the system fan; then, lift the system fan out of the server.
- 5. If you are instructed to return the fan, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a system fan

For proper cooling, the server requires that all fans in the system be operating at all times.

Attention: To ensure proper server operation, if a fan fails, replace the fan immediately.

See "System-board internal connectors" on page 14 for the locations of the fan cable connectors.



To install a system fan, complete the following steps:

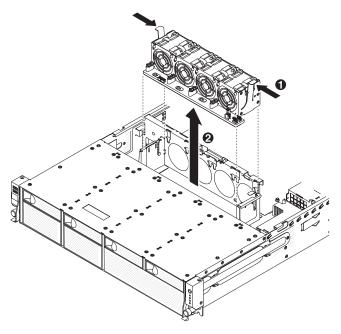
- 1. Orient the new system fan over its position in the fan bracket.
- 2. Lower the system fan until the system fan sits completely in the system fan cage.
- 3. Orient the system fan cable so that the bracket is on the side of the connector with the white rectangular marking on the fan board (see the illustration); then, connect the cable to the connector on the fan board (see "Fan board connectors" on page 20).
- 4. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 5. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing the system fan cage

Attention: To ensure proper server operation, if a fan fails, replace the fan immediately.

To remove the system fan cage, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Make a note of where cables are attached to the fan board; then, disconnect them from the connectors on the fan board.
- 5. Grasp the system fan cage by the blue grip points.
- 6. Press the retention latches toward each other; then, lift the system fan cage out of the server.



7. If you are instructed to return the system fan cage, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the system fan cage

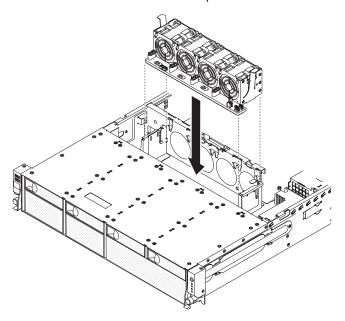
For proper cooling, the server requires that all fans in the server be operating at all times.

Attention: To ensure proper server operation, if a fan fails, replace the fan immediately.

To install the system fan cage, complete the following steps:

- 1. Align the system fan cage with the guide rails on the fan cage bracket.
- 2. Lower the system fan cage into the fan cage bracket until the system fan cage clicks into place.

Note: Make sure no cables are pinched.

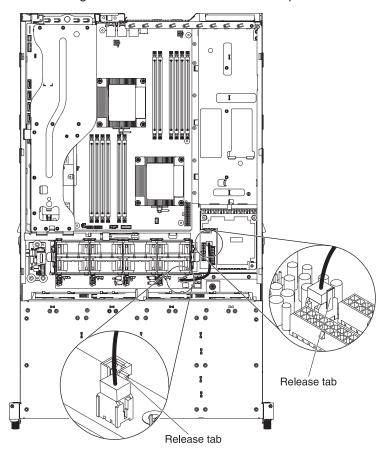


3. Reconnect the fan cables.

Attention: If the fan power cable is not connected correctly, the server will not start up when you turn on power.

- To connect the fan power cable on the fan board, orient the fan power connector so that the release tab faces the rear of the server; then, connect the cable to the connector on the system board.
- To connect the other end of the fan power cable on the power-supply paddle card, orient the fan power cable so that the release tab faces the front of the server; then, connect the cable to the connector on the power-supply paddle card.

The following illustration shows the correct fan power cable connections.

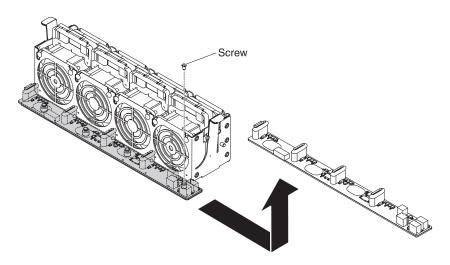


- 4. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 5. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing the fan board

To remove the fan board, complete the following steps:

- Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the system fan cage (see "Removing the system fan cage" on page 213).
- 5. Remove the screw that secures fan board to the fan cage.

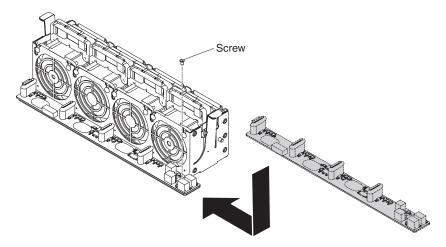


- 6. Pull to disengage the fan board from the locating pins; then, remove the fan board.
- 7. If you are instructed to return the fan board, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the fan board

To install the fan board, complete the following steps:

- 1. Touch the static-protective package that contains the fan board to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the fan board from the package.
- 2. Align the holes on the fan board with the locating pins on the fan cage.



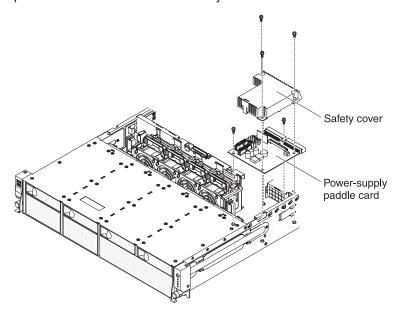
- 3. Slide the fan board until the locating pins securely engage the fan board.
- 4. Install the screw to secure the fan board on the system fan cage.
- 5. Install the system fan cage (see "Installing the system fan cage" on page 214).
- 6. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 7. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing the power-supply paddle card

To remove a power-supply paddle card, complete the following steps:

1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.

- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices, and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the air baffle (see "Removing the air baffle" on page 160).
- 5. Remove the power supplies (see "Removing a hot-swap power supply" on page 152).
- 6. Make a note of where cables are attached to the power-supply paddle card; then, disconnect them from the connectors on the system board.
- 7. Remove the three screws that secure the safety cover to the power-supply paddle card and remove the safety cover.

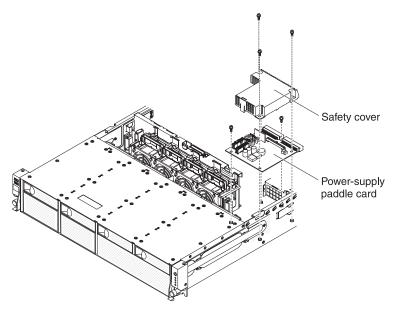


- 8. Remove the remaining two screws that secure the power-supply paddle card to the chassis.
- 9. Lift the power-supply paddle card out of the server.
- 10. If you are instructed to return the power-supply paddle card, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the power-supply paddle card

To install the power-supply paddle card, complete the following steps:

- 1. Touch the static-protective package that contains the power-supply paddle card to any unpainted metal surface on the outside of the chassis; then, remove the power-supply paddle card from the package.
- 2. Place the power-supply paddle card on the mounting studs on the chassis and install the two screws.



- 3. Align the screw holes on the safety cover with the screw holes on the power-supply paddle card.
- 4. Install the screws to secure the safety cover on the power-supply paddle card.
- 5. Reconnect the power-supply paddle card cables.
- 6. Install the air baffle (see "Installing the air baffle" on page 162).
- 7. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 8. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Removing a microprocessor and heat sink

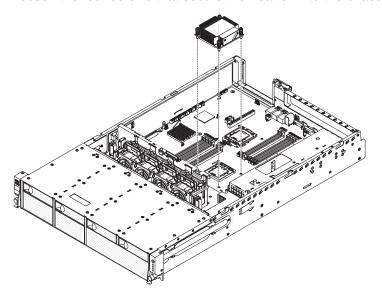
Attention:

- Microprocessors are to be removed only by trained service technicians.
- Always use the microprocessor installation tool to remove a microprocessor. Failing to use the microprocessor installation tool may damage the microprocessor sockets on the system board. Any damage to the microprocessor sockets may require replacing the system board.
- · Do not allow the thermal grease on the microprocessor and heat sink to come in contact with anything. Contact with any surface can compromise the thermal grease and the microprocessor socket.
- Dropping the microprocessor during installation or removal can damage the contacts.
- · Do not touch the microprocessor contacts; handle the microprocessor by the edges only. Contaminants on the microprocessor contacts, such as oil from your skin, can cause connection failures between the contacts and the socket.

To remove a microprocessor and heat sink, complete the following steps:

- 1. Read the safety information that begins on page vii, "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 141, and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server and peripheral devices and disconnect the power cord and all external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the air baffle (see "Removing the air baffle" on page 160).

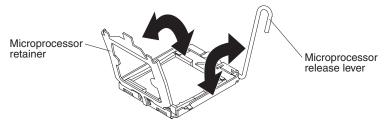
5. Loosen the four screws that secure the heat sink to the chassis.



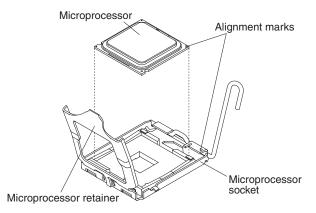
6. Lift the heat sink out of the server. If the heat sink sticks to the microprocessor, slightly twist the heat sink back and forth to break the seal. After removal, place the heat sink on its side on a clean, flat surface.

Attention: Do not touch the thermal material on the bottom of the heat sink. Touching the thermal material will contaminate it. If the thermal material on the microprocessor or heat sink becomes contaminated, you must replace it.

7. Release the microprocessor retention latch by pressing down on the end, moving it to the side, and releasing it to the open (up) position.

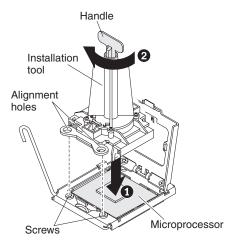


8. Open the microprocessor bracket frame by lifting up the tab on the top edge. Keep the bracket frame in the open position.

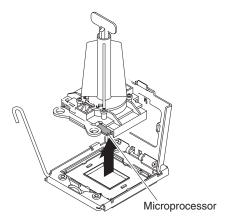


- 9. Locate the microprocessor installation tool that comes with the new microprocessor.
- 10. Align the holes on the installation tool with the screws on the microprocessor bracket, then place the microprocessor installation tool down over the

microprocessor. Twist the handle clockwise to attach the tool to the microprocessor. You can pick up or release the microprocessor by twisting the microprocessor installation tool handle.



11. Carefully lift the microprocessor straight up and out of the socket, and place it on a static-protective surface. Remove the microprocessor from the installation tool by twisting the handle counterclockwise.



- 12. If you do not intend to install a microprocessor in the socket, install the socket dust cover that you removed in step 2 on page 222 on the socket.
 - **Attention:** The pins on the socket are fragile. Any damage to the pins may require replacing the system board.
- 13. If you are instructed to return the microprocessor, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing a microprocessor and heat sink

For information about the type of microprocessor that the server supports and other information that you must consider when you install a microprocessor, see the *Installation and User's Guide* on the IBM *Documentation* CD.

Read the documentation that comes with the microprocessor to determine whether you must update the IBM System x Server Firmware.

Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code

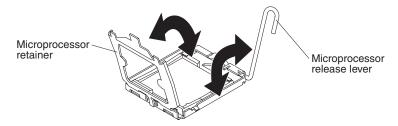
is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code. To download the most current level of server firmware, go to http://www.ibm.com/ systems/support/.

Important:

- Microprocessors are to be installed only by trained service technicians.
- Always use the microprocessor installation tool to install a microprocessor. Failing to use the microprocessor installation tool may damage the microprocessor sockets on the system board. Any damage to the microprocessor sockets may require replacing the system board.
- A startup (boot) microprocessor must always be installed in microprocessor connector 1 on the system board.
- · To ensure correct server operation, make sure that you use microprocessors that are compatible and you have installed an additional DIMM for microprocessor 2. Compatible microprocessors must have the same QuickPath Interconnect (QPI) link speed, integrated memory controller frequency, core frequency, power segment, cache size, and type.
- Microprocessors with different stepping levels are supported in this server. If you install microprocessors with different stepping levels, it does not matter which microprocessor is installed in microprocessor connector 1 or connector 2.
- Do not install an Intel Xeon[™] 5500 series microprocessor and an Xeon[™] 5600 series microprocessor in the same server.
- If you are installing a microprocessor that has been removed, make sure that it is paired with its original heat sink or a new replacement heat sink. Do not reuse a heat sink from another microprocessor; the thermal grease distribution might be different and might affect conductivity.
- If you are installing a new heat sink, remove the protective backing from the thermal material that is on the underside of the new heat sink.
- If you are installing a new heat-sink assembly that did not come with thermal grease, see "Thermal grease" on page 226 for instructions for applying thermal grease.
- · If you are installing a heat sink that has contaminated thermal grease, see "Thermal grease" on page 226 for instructions for replacing the thermal grease.

To install a new or replacement microprocessor, complete the following steps. The following illustration shows how to install a microprocessor on the system board.

- 1. Locate the second microprocessor socket on the system board.
- 2. Remove the microprocessor socket dust cover from the surface of the microprocessor socket, if one is present. Store the dust cover in a safe place.
- 3. Install the microprocessor:
 - a. Rotate the microprocessor release lever on the socket from its closed and locked position until it stops in the fully open position.

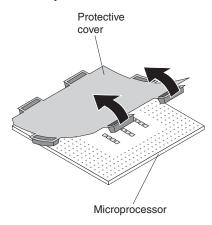


b. Rotate the hinged microprocessor bracket frame into the open position.

c. Touch the static-protective package that contains the microprocessor to any unpainted metal surface on the server. Then, remove the microprocessor from the package.

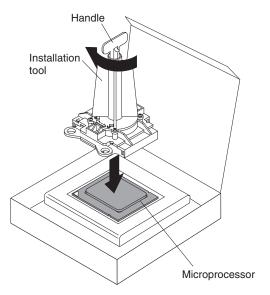
Attention:

- Do not touch the microprocessor contacts; handle the microprocessor by the edges only. Contaminants on the microprocessor contacts, such as oil from your skin, can cause connection failures between the contacts and the socket.
- Handle the microprocessor carefully. Dropping the microprocessor during installation or removal can damage the contacts.
- Do not use excessive force when you press the microprocessor into the socket.
- Make sure that the microprocessor is oriented and aligned and positioned in the socket before you try to close the lever.
- d. If there is a plastic protective cover on the bottom of the microprocessor, carefully remove it.



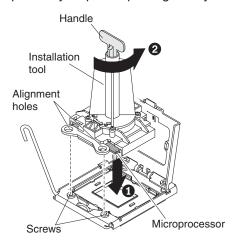
- e. Locate the microprocessor installation tool that comes with the new microprocessor.
- f. Twist the handle of the installation tool counterclockwise so that it is in the open position.
- g. Align the triangle alignment mark on the microprocessor installation tool with the triangle alignment mark on the microprocessor, then place the microprocessor on the underside of the tool so that the tool can grasp the microprocessor correctly onto the bottom of the installation tool.
- h. Twist the handle of the installation tool clockwise to secure the microprocessor in the tool.

Note: You can pick up or release the microprocessor by twisting the microprocessor installation tool handle.



 Carefully align the microprocessor installation tool over the microprocessor socket. Twist the handle of the microprocessor tool counterclockwise to insert the microprocessor into the socket.

Attention: The microprocessor fits only one way on the socket. You must place a microprocessor straight down on the socket to avoid damaging the pins on the socket. The pins on the socket are fragile. Any damage to the pins may require replacing the system board.



- j. Close the microprocessor bracket frame.
- k. Carefully close the microprocessor release lever to secure the microprocessor in the socket.

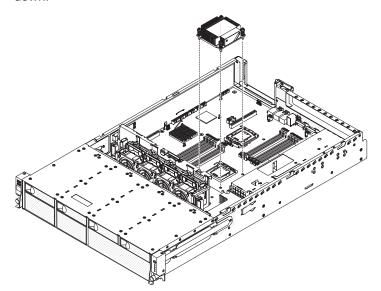
4. Install a heat sink on the microprocessor.

Attention: Do not touch the thermal grease on the bottom of the heat sink or set down the heat sink after you remove the plastic cover. Touching the thermal grease will contaminate it.

- a. Remove the plastic protective cover from the bottom of the heat sink.
- b. If the new heat sink did not come with thermal grease, apply thermal grease on the microprocessor before you install the heat sink (see "Thermal grease" on page 226).
- c. Align the heat sink so that the arrows on the label point toward the system fans and place the heat sink on top of the microprocessor, thermal material side down.



d. Align the screw holes on the heat sink with the holes on the system board; then, place the heat sink on the microprocessor with the thermal-grease side down.



- e. Tighten the screws with a screwdriver, alternating among the screws until they are tight. If possible, each screw should be rotated two full rotations at a time. Repeat until the screws are tight. Do not overtighten the screws by using excessive force.
- 5. Install the air baffle (see "Installing the air baffle" on page 162).
- 6. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 7. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Thermal grease

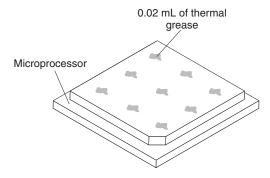
The thermal grease must be replaced whenever the heat sink has been removed from the top of the microprocessor and is going to be reused or when debris is found in the grease.

To replace damaged or contaminated thermal grease on the microprocessor and heat exchanger, complete the following steps:

- 1. Place the heat-sink assembly on a clean work surface.
- 2. Remove the cleaning pad from its package and unfold it completely.
- 3. Use the cleaning pad to wipe the thermal grease from the bottom of the heat exchanger.

Note: Make sure that all of the thermal grease is removed.

 Use a clean area of the cleaning pad to wipe the thermal grease from the microprocessor; then, dispose of the cleaning pad after all of the thermal grease is removed.



Use the thermal-grease syringe to place nine uniformly spaced dots of 0.02 mL each on the top of the microprocessor.



Note: 0.01mL is one tick mark on the syringe. If the grease is properly applied, approximately half (0.22 mL) of the grease will remain in the syringe.

6. Continue with step4c on page 225 of the "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221 procedure.

Removing the system board

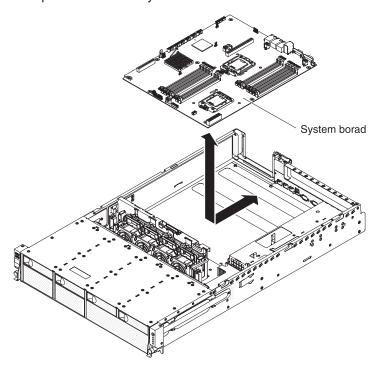
To remove the system board, complete the following steps.

- Read the safety information that begins on page vii and "Installation guidelines" on page 139.
- 2. Turn off the server, and disconnect all power cords and external cables.
- 3. Remove the cover (see "Removing the cover" on page 159).
- 4. Remove the air baffle (see "Removing the air baffle" on page 160).
- Remove the PCI riser-card assembly with adapters (see "Removing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 162) and place it on a static-protective surface for reinstallation.

- 6. If a virtual media key is installed in the server, remove it (see "Removing an IBM virtual media key" on page 185 for instructions).
- Remove all DIMMs, and place them on a static-protective surface for reinstallation (see "Removing a memory module (DIMM)" on page 180).
 Important: Before you remove the DIMMs, note which DIMMs are in which connectors. You must install them in the same configuration on the replacement system board.
- 8. Disconnect all cables from the system board, note the cable routing and connectors (see "Internal cable routing and connectors" on page 141).
 Important: Pay special attention while you are removing the power cable of the Power Management Bus (PM Bus) from the connector. Make sure that you press the locking of the power cable first. Then, pull the cable out of the connector vertically so the housing of the connector still remains on the system board.

Attention:

- In the following step, do not allow the thermal grease to come in contact
 with anything, and keep each heat sink paired with its microprocessor for
 reinstallation. Contact with any surface can compromise the thermal grease
 and the microprocessor socket; a mismatch between the microprocessor
 and its original heat sink can require the installation of a new heat sink.
- Disengage all latches, release tabs or locks on cable connectors when you
 disconnect all cables from the system board. Please refer to "Internal cable
 routing and connectors" on page 141 for more information. Failing to release
 them before removing the cables will damage the cable sockets on the
 system board. The cable sockets on the system board are fragile. Any
 damage to the cable sockets may require replacing the system board.
- 9. (Trained service technician only) Remove each microprocessor heat sink and microprocessor; then, place them on a static-protective surface for reinstallation (see "Removing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 219).
- 10. Remove the screws that secure the system board to the chassis.
- 11. Lift up to remove the system board out of the server.



12. If you are instructed to return the system board, remove the socket covers from the microprocessor sockets on the new system board and place them on the microprocessor sockets of the system board you are removing; then, follow all packaging instructions, and use any packaging materials for shipping that are supplied to you.

Installing the system board

Notes:

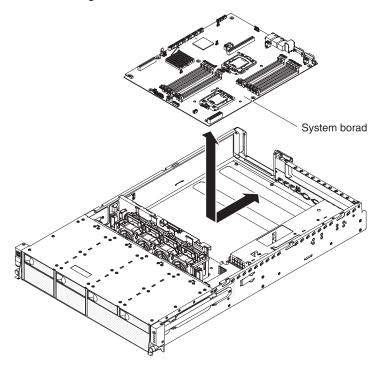
- 1. When you reassemble the components in the server, be sure to route all cables carefully so that they are not exposed to excessive pressure (see "Internal cable routing and connectors" on page 141).
- 2. When you replace the system board, you must either update the server with the latest firmware or restore the pre-existing firmware that the customer provides on a diskette or CD image. Make sure that you have the latest firmware or a copy of the pre-existing firmware before you proceed. See "Updating the firmware" on page 231, "Updating the Universal Unique Identifier (UUID)" on page 250, and "Updating the DMI/SMBIOS data" on page 252 for more information.

Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

3. Update the vital product data (VPD) through the server firmware update procedure.

To reinstall the system board, complete the following steps:

1. Align the screw holes on the system board with the screw holes on the chassis; then, lower it into the server. Make sure that the rear connectors extend through the rear of the chassis.



- 2. Reconnect to the system board the cables that you disconnected in step 8 of "Removing the system board" on page 226 (see "Internal cable routing and connectors" on page 141).
- 3. (Trained service technician only) Install each microprocessor with its matching heat sink (see "Installing a microprocessor and heat sink" on page 221).
- 4. Install the DIMMs (see "Installing a memory module" on page 181).
- 5. If necessary, install the virtual media key (see "Installing an IBM virtual media key" on page 186).
- 6. Install the air baffle ("Installing the air baffle" on page 162), making sure that all cables are out of the way.
- 7. Install the PCI riser-card assembly (see "Installing the PCI riser-card assembly" on page 163), making sure that all cables are out of the way.
- 8. Install the cover (see "Installing the cover" on page 160).
- 9. Push the power supplies back into the server.
- 10. Reconnect the external cables; then, reconnect the power cords and turn on the peripheral devices and the server.

Important: Perform the following updates:

- Start the Setup utility and reset the configuration.
 - Set the system date and time
 - Set the power-on password
 - Reconfigure the server

See "Using the Setup utility" on page 233.

- Either update the server with the latest firmware or restore the pre-existing firmware that the customer provides on a diskette or CD image. See "Updating the firmware" on page 231, "Updating the Universal Unique Identifier (UUID)" on page 250, and "Updating the DMI/SMBIOS data" on page 252 for more information.
- Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

Chapter 6. Configuration information and instructions

This chapter provides information about updating the firmware and using the configuration utilities.

Updating the firmware

Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

The firmware for the server is periodically updated and is available for download from the Web. To check for the latest level of firmware, such as server firmware, vital product data (VPD) code, device drivers, and service processor firmware, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/.

Download the latest firmware for the server; then, install the firmware, using the instructions that are included with the downloaded files.

When you replace a device in the server, you might have to either update the firmware that is stored in memory on the device or restore the pre-existing firmware from a diskette or CD image.

- UEFI code is stored in ROM on the system board.
- IMM firmware is stored in ROM on the IMM on the system board.
- · Ethernet firmware is stored in ROM on the Ethernet controller.
- · ServeRAID firmware is stored in ROM on the ServeRAID adapter.
- SATA firmware is stored in ROM on the integrated SATA controller.
- SAS/SATA firmware is stored in ROM on the SAS/SATA controller on the system board.

The following items are downloadable at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/:

- · Diagnostics programs
- IMM firmware
- · Ethernet firmware

Important: To avoid problems and to maintain proper system performance, always make sure that the UEFI code, service processor, and other firmware levels are consistent for all System x3620 M3 servers.

Configuring the server

The following configuration programs come with the server:

Setup utility

The Setup utility (formerly called the Configuration/Setup Utility program) is part of the IBM System x Server Firmware. Use it to change interrupt request (IRQ) settings, change the startup-device sequence, set the date and time, and set passwords. For information about using this program, see "Using the Setup utility" on page 233.

Boot Menu program

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The Boot Menu program is part of the server firmware. Use it to override the startup sequence that is set in the Setup utility and temporarily assign a device to be first in the startup sequence.

IBM ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD

The ServerGuide program provides software-setup tools and installation tools that are designed for the server. Use this CD during the installation of the server to configure basic hardware features, such as an integrated SAS controller with RAID capabilities, and to simplify the installation of your operating system. For information about obtaining and using this CD, see "Using the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD" on page 238.

Integrated management module

Use the integrated management module (IMM) for configuration, to update the firmware and sensor data record/field replaceable unit (SDR/FRU) data, and to remotely manage a network. For information about using the IMM, see "Using the integrated management module" on page 240.

VMware embedded USB hypervisor

The VMware embedded USB hypervisor is available on the server models that come with an installed IBM USB Memory Key for VMware hypervisor. The USB memory key is installed in the USB connector on the SAS riser card. Hypervisor is virtualization software that enables multiple operating systems to run on a host computer at the same time. For more information about using the embedded hypervisor, see "Using the USB memory key for VMware hypervisor" on page 243.

· Remote presence capability and blue-screen capture

The remote presence and blue-screen capture feature are integrated into the integrated management module (IMM). The virtual media key is required to enable these features. When the optional virtual media key is installed in the server, it activates the remote presence functions. Without the virtual media key, you will not be able to access the network remotely to mount or unmount drives or images on the client system. However, you will still be able to access the host graphical user interface through the Web interface without the virtual media key. You can order an optional IBM Virtual Media Key, if one did not come with your server. For more information about how to enable the remote presence function, see "Using the remote presence capability and blue-screen capture" on page 241.

Ethernet controller configuration

For information about configuring the Ethernet controller, see "Configuring the Gigabit Ethernet controller" on page 244.

LSI Configuration Utility program

Use the LSI Configuration Utility program to configure the integrated SAS/SATA controller with RAID capabilities and the devices that are attached to it. For information about using this program, see "Using the Setup utility."

The following table lists the different server configurations and the applications that are available for configuring and managing RAID arrays.

Table 14. Server configuration and applications for configuring and managing RAID arrays

Server configuration	RAID array configuration (before operating system is installed)	RAID array management (after operating system is installed)
ServeRAID-BR10il v2 adapter (LSI 1064E)	LSI Utility (Setup utility, press Ctrl+C), ServerGuide	MegaRAID Storage Manager (MSM), Director
ServeRAID-M5014 adapter (LSI SAS2108)	MegaRAID BIOS Configuration Utility, ServerGuide	MegaRAID Storage Manager (MSM), Director
ServeRAID-M5015 adapter (LSI SAS2108)	MegaRAID BIOS Configuration Utility, ServerGuide	MegaRAID Storage Manager (MSM), Director
ServeRAID-M1015 adapter (LSI SAS2008)	MegaRAID BIOS Configuration Utility, ServerGuide	MegaRAID Storage Manager (MSM), Director

IBM Advanced Settings Utility (ASU) program

Use this program as an alternative to the Setup utility for modifying server firmware settings and IMM settings. Use the ASU program online or out of band to modify server firmware settings from the command line without the need to restart the server to access the Setup utility. For more information about using this program, see "IBM Advanced Settings Utility program" on page 249.

Using the Setup utility

Use the Setup utility, formerly called the Configuration/Setup Utility program, to perform the following tasks:

- View configuration information
- View and change assignments for devices and I/O ports
- Set the date and time
- Set the startup characteristics of the server and the order of startup devices
- · Set and change settings for advanced hardware features
- · View, set, and change settings for power-management features
- · View and clear error logs
- · Resolve configuration conflicts

Starting the Setup utility

To start the Setup utility, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.

Note: Approximately 40 seconds after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active.

2. When the prompt <F1> Setup is displayed, press F1. If you have set an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to access the full Setup utility menu. If you do not type the administrator password, a limited Setup utility menu is available.

3. Select the settings to view or change.

Setup utility menu choices

The following choices are on the Setup utility main menu. Depending on the version of the firmware, some menu choices might differ slightly from these descriptions.

System Information

Select this choice to view information about the server. When you make changes through other choices in the Setup utility, some of those changes are reflected in the system information; you cannot change settings directly in the system information.

System Summary

Select this choice to view configuration information, including the ID, speed, and cache size of the microprocessors, machine type and model of the server, the serial number, the system UUID, and the amount of installed memory. When you make configuration changes through other options in the Setup utility, the changes are reflected in the system summary; you cannot change settings directly in the system summary.

Product Data

Select this choice to view the system-board identifier, and the revision level or issue date of the integrated management module firmware and diagnostics code.

System Settings

Select this choice to view or change the server component settings.

Processors

Select this choice to view or change the processor settings.

- Memory

Select this choice to view or change the memory settings. To configure memory mirroring, select System Settings > Memory, and then select Memory Channel Mode → Mirroring.

Devices and I/O Ports

Select this choice to view or change assignments for devices and input/output (I/O) ports. You can configure the serial ports; configure remote console redirection; enable or disable integrated Ethernet controllers, the SAS/SATA controller, SATA optical drive channels, and PCI slots; and view the system Ethernet MAC addresses. If you disable a device, it cannot be configured, and the operating system will not be able to detect it (this is equivalent to disconnecting the device).

Power

Select this choice to view or change power capping to control consumption, processors, and performance states.

Operating Modes

Select this choice to view or change the operating profile (performance and power utilization).

Note: When you change from Custom Mode to Performance Mode and back to Custom Mode again, the Turbo Mode field still displays in the screen. You cannot configure Turbo Mode settings in Custom Mode. To have this screen display configurable fields properly, you may restore the Setup utility to the factory default settings.

Integrated Management Module

Select this choice to view or change the settings for the integrated management module.

- POST Watchdog Timer

Select this choice to view or enable the POST watchdog timer.

POST Watchdog Timer Value

Select this choice to view or set the POST loader watchdog timer value.

Reboot System on NMI

Enable or disable restarting the system whenever a nonmaskable interrupt (NMI) occurs. **Disabled** is the default.

Commands on USB Interface Preference

Select this choice to enable or disable the Ethernet over USB interface on IMM.

- Network Configuration

Select this choice to view the system management network interface port, the IMM MAC address, the current IMM IP address, and host name; define the static IMM IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address; specify whether to use the static IP address or have DHCP assign the IMM IP address; save the network changes; and reset the IMM.

Note: Ignore the IMM IP address displayed before getting the IP from the DHCP server. You will see the correct IMM IP address after IMM gets the IP from the DHCP server.

- Reset IMM to Defaults

Select this choice to view or reset IMM to the default settings.

- Reset IMM

Select this choice to reset IMM.

Legacy Support

Select this choice to view or set legacy support.

- Force Legacy Video on Boot

Select this choice to force INT video support, if the operating system does not support UEFI Video Output Standards.

Rehook INT 19h

Select this choice to enable or disable devices from taking control of the boot process. The default is **Disable**.

- Legacy Thunk Support

Select this choice to enable or disable legacy thunk support.

Adapters and UEFI Drivers

Select this choice to view information about the adapters and UEFI drivers in the server. You can also select an adapter that you want to configure and start a configuration program.

Network

Select this choice to see all of the device options, such as the iSCSI, PXE, and Ethernet parameters.

Date and Time

Select this choice to set the date and time in the server, in 24-hour format (hour.minute:second).

Start Options

Select this choice to view or change the start options, including the startup sequence, keyboard NumLock state, PXE boot option, and PCI device boot priority. Changes in the startup options take effect when you start the server.

The startup sequence specifies the order in which the server checks devices to find a boot record. The server starts from the first boot record that it finds. If the server has Wake on LAN hardware and software and the operating system supports Wake on LAN functions, you can specify a startup sequence for the Wake on LAN functions. For example, you can define a startup sequence that checks for a disc in the CD-RW/DVD drive, then checks the hard disk drive, and then checks a network adapter.

This choice is on the full Setup utility menu only.

Boot Manager

Select this choice to view, add, or change the device boot priority, boot from a file, select a one-time boot, or reset the boot order to the default setting.

Notes:

- 1. To have the server boot from a floppy disk, you must select Legacy Only as the first option in the boot sequence.
- 2. When the server is unable to boot from a bootable device using the default boot sequence, the server will automatically boot from a connected hypervisor key or from an iSCSI source (if the server is connected to a target iSCSI server) even when the hypervisor key and iSCSI options are not included in the default boot sequence.

System Event Logs

Select this choice to enter the System Event Manager, where you can view the error messages in the system event logs. You can use the arrow keys to move between pages in the event log.

The system event logs contain all event and error messages that have been generated during POST, by the systems-management interface handler, and by the system service processor. Run the diagnostic programs to get more information about error codes that occur. See "Dynamic System Analysis" on page 57 for more information.

Important: If the system-error LED on the front of the server is lit but there are no other error indications, clear the system-event log. Also, after you complete a repair or correct an error, clear the system-event log to turn off the system-error LED on the front of the server.

POST Event Viewer

Select this choice to view the error messages in the POST event viewer.

System Event Log

Select this choice to view the error messages in the system-event log.

Clear System Event Log

Select this choice to clear the system-event log.

User Security

Select this choice to set, change, or clear passwords. See "Passwords" on page 237 for more information.

This choice is on the full and limited Setup utility menu.

Set Power-on Password

Select this choice to set or change a power-on password. For more information, see "Power-on password" on page 237.

Clear Power-on Password

Select this choice to clear a power-on password. For more information, see "Power-on password."

Set Admin Password

Select this choice to set or change an administrator password. An administrator password is intended to be used by a system administrator; it limits access to the full Setup utility menu. If an administrator password is set, the full Setup utility menu is available only if you type the administrator password at the password prompt. For more information, see "Administrator password" on page 238.

Clear Admin Password

Select this choice to clear an administrator password. For more information, see "Administrator password" on page 238.

Save Settings

Select this choice to save the changes that you have made in the settings.

Restore Settings

Select this choice to cancel the changes that you have made in the settings and restore the previous settings.

Load Default Settings

Select this choice to cancel the changes that you have made in the settings and restore the factory settings.

Exit Setup

Select this choice to exit from the Setup utility. If you have not saved the changes that you have made in the settings, you are asked whether you want to save the changes or exit without saving them.

Passwords

From the User Security menu choice, you can set, change, and delete a power-on password and an administrator password. The User Security choice is on the full Setup utility menu only.

If you set only a power-on password, you must type the power-on password to complete the system startup and to have access to the full Setup utility menu.

An administrator password is intended to be used by a system administrator; it limits access to the full Setup utility menu. If you set only an administrator password, you do not have to type a password to complete the system startup, but you must type the administrator password to access the Setup utility menu.

If you set a power-on password for a user and an administrator password for a system administrator, you must type the power-on password to complete the system startup. A system administrator who types the administrator password has access to the full Setup utility menu; the system administrator can give the user authority to set, change, and delete the power-on password. A user who types the power-on password has access to only the limited Setup utility menu; the user can set, change, and delete the power-on password, if the system administrator has given the user that authority.

Power-on password: If a power-on password is set, when you turn on the server, you must type the power-on password to complete the system startup. You can use any combination of 6 - 20 printable ASCII characters for the password.

When a power-on password is set, you can enable the Unattended Start mode, in which the keyboard and mouse remain locked but the operating system can start. You can unlock the keyboard and mouse by typing the power-on password.

If you forget the power-on password, you can regain access to the server in any of the following ways:

- Clear the password by clearing CMOS memory.
- · Remove the battery from the server and then reinstall it. (See "Removing the system battery" on page 156 and "Installing the system battery" on page 157 for more information.)

Administrator password: An administrator password is intended to be used by a system administrator; it limits access to the full Setup utility menu.

If an administrator password is set, you must type the administrator password for access to the full Setup utility menu. You can use any combination of 6 - 20 printable ASCII characters for the password.

Attention: If you set an administrator password and then forget it, there is no way to change, override, or remove it. You must replace the system board.

Using the Boot Selection Menu program

The Boot Selection Menu is used to temporarily redefine the first startup device without changing boot options or settings in the Setup utility.

To use the Boot Selection Menu program, complete the following steps:

- 1. Turn off the server.
- Restart the server.
- 3. Press F12 (**Select Boot Device**). If a bootable USB mass storage device is installed, a submenu item (USB Key/Disk) is displayed.
- 4. Use the Up Arrow and Down Arrow keys to select an item from the **Boot** Selection Menu and press Enter.

The next time the server starts, it returns to the startup sequence that is set in the Setup utility.

Starting the backup server firmware

The system board contains a backup copy area for the server firmware. This is a secondary copy of server firmware that you update only during the process of updating server firmware. If the primary copy of the server firmware becomes damaged, use this backup copy.

To force the server to start from the backup copy, turn off the server; then, place the UEFI boot recovery jumper in the backup position (pins 2 and 3).

Use the backup copy of the server firmware until the primary copy is restored. After the primary copy is restored, turn off the server; then, move the UEFI boot recovery jumper back to the primary position (pins 1 and 2).

Using the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD

The ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD contains a setup and installation program that is designed for your server. The ServerGuide program detects the server model and optional hardware devices that are installed and uses that

information during setup to configure the hardware. The ServerGuide program simplifies operating-system installations by providing updated device drivers and, in some cases, installing them automatically.

You can download a free image of the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD or purchase the CD from the ServerGuide fulfillment Web site at http://www.ibm.com/ systems/management/serverguide/sub.html. To download the free image, click IBM Service and Support Site.

Note: Changes are made periodically to the IBM Web site. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

The ServerGuide program has the following features:

- · An easy-to-use interface
- Diskette-free setup, and configuration programs that are based on detected hardware
- ServeRAID Manager program, which configures your ServeRAID adapter or integrated SCSI controller with RAID capabilities
- · Device drivers that are provided for the server model and detected hardware
- Operating-system partition size and file-system type that are selectable during setup

ServerGuide features

Features and functions can vary slightly with different versions of the ServerGuide program. To learn more about the version that you have, start the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD and view the online overview. Not all features are supported on all server models.

The ServerGuide program requires a supported IBM server with an enabled startable (bootable) CD drive. In addition to the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD, you must have your operating-system CD to install the operating system.

The ServerGuide program performs the following tasks:

- · Sets system date and time
- Detects the RAID adapter or controller and runs the SAS RAID configuration program (with LSI chip sets for ServeRAID adapters only)
- · Checks the microcode (firmware) levels of a ServeRAID adapter and determines whether a later level is available from the CD
- Detects installed optional hardware devices and provides updated device drivers for most adapters and devices
- Provides diskette-free installation for supported Windows operating systems
- · Includes an online readme file with links to tips for hardware and operating-system installation

Setup and configuration overview

When you use the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD, you do not need setup diskettes. You can use the CD to configure any supported IBM server model. The setup program provides a list of tasks that are required to set up your server model. On a server with a ServeRAID adapter or integrated SCSI controller with RAID capabilities, you can run the SCSI RAID configuration program to create logical drives.

Note: Features and functions can vary slightly with different versions of the ServerGuide program.

When you start the ServerGuide Setup and Installation CD, the program prompts you to complete the following tasks:

- · Select your language.
- · Select your keyboard layout and country.
- View the overview to learn about ServerGuide features.
- View the readme file to review installation tips for your operating system and adapter.
- Start the operating-system installation. You will need your operating-system CD.

Typical operating-system installation

The ServerGuide program can reduce the time it takes to install an operating system. It provides the device drivers that are required for your hardware and for the operating system that you are installing. This section describes a typical ServerGuide operating-system installation.

Note: Features and functions can vary slightly with different versions of the ServerGuide program.

- 1. After you have completed the setup process, the operating-system installation program starts. (You will need your operating-system CD to complete the installation.)
- 2. The ServerGuide program stores information about the server model, service processor, hard disk drive controllers, and network adapters. Then, the program checks the CD for newer device drivers. This information is stored and then passed to the operating-system installation program.
- 3. The ServerGuide program presents operating-system partition options that are based on your operating-system selection and the installed hard disk drives.
- 4. The ServerGuide program prompts you to insert your operating-system CD and restart the server. At this point, the installation program for the operating system takes control to complete the installation.

Installing your operating system without using ServerGuide

If you have already configured the server hardware and you are not using the ServerGuide program to install your operating system, you can download operating-system installation instructions for the server from http://www.ibm.com/ systems/support/.

Using the integrated management module

The integrated management module (IMM) is a second generation of the functions that were formerly provided by the baseboard management controller hardware. It combines service processor functions, video controller, and (when an optional virtual media key is installed) remote presence function in a single chip.

The IMM supports the following basic systems-management features:

- Environmental monitor with fan speed control for temperature, voltages, fan failure, and power supply failure.
- Light path diagnostics LEDs to report errors that occur with fans, power supplies, microprocessor, hard disk drives, and system errors.
- DIMM error assistance. The IBM System x Server Firmware disables a failing DIMM that is detected during POST, and the IMM lights the associated system-error LED and the failing DIMM error LED.
- System-event log.
- · ROM-based IMM firmware flash updates.

- Auto Boot Failure Recovery.
- A virtual media key, which enables full systems-management support (remote video, remote keyboard/mouse, and remote storage).
- When one of the two microprocessors reports an internal error, the server disables the defective microprocessor and restarts with the one good microprocessor.
- NMI detection and reporting.
- Automatic Server Restart (ASR) when POST is not complete or the operating system hangs and the OS watchdog timer times out. The IMM might be configured to watch for the OS watchdog timer and restart the server after a timeout, if the ASR feature is enabled. Otherwise, the IMM allows the administrator to generate an NMI by pressing an NMI button on the rear of the server for an operating-system memory dump. ASR is supported by IPMI.
- Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) Specification V2.0 and Intelligent Platform Management Bus (IPMB) support.
- · Serial redirect.
- · Serial over LAN (SOL).
- · Active Energy Manager.
- Query power-supply input power.
- · PECI 2 support.
- · Power/reset control (power-on, hard and soft shutdown, hard and soft reset, schedule power control).
- · Alerts (in-band and out-of-band alerting, PET traps IPMI style, SNMP, e-mail).
- · Operating-system failure blue screen capture.
- Command-line interface.
- Configuration save and restore.
- PCI configuration data.
- Boot sequence manipulation.

The IMM also provides the following remote server management capabilities through the OSA SMBridge management utility program:

Command-line interface (IPMI Shell)

The command-line interface provides direct access to server management functions through the IPMI 2.0 protocol. Use the command-line interface to issue commands to control the server power, view system information, and identify the server. You can also save one or more commands as a text file and run the file as a script.

Serial over LAN

Establish a Serial over LAN (SOL) connection to manage servers from a remote location. You can remotely view and change the server firmware settings, restart the server, identify the server, and perform other management functions. Any standard Telnet client application can access the SOL connection.

Using the remote presence capability and blue-screen capture

The remote presence and blue-screen capture features are integrated functions of the integrated management module (IMM). When an optional virtual media key is installed in the server, it activates full systems-management functions. The virtual media key is required to enable the integrated remote presence and blue-screen

capture features. Without the virtual media key, you cannot remotely mount or unmount drives or images on the client system. However, you still can access the Web interface without the key.

After the virtual media key is installed in the server, it is authenticated to determine whether it is valid. If the key is not valid, you receive a message from the Web interface (when you attempt to start the remote presence feature) indicating that the hardware key is required to use the remote presence feature.

The virtual media key has an LED. When this LED is lit and green, it indicates that the key is installed and functioning correctly.

The remote presence feature provides the following functions:

- Remotely viewing video with graphics resolutions up to 1600 x 1200 at 85 Hz, regardless of the system state
- · Remotely accessing the server, using the keyboard and mouse from a remote
- Mapping the CD or DVD drive, diskette drive, and USB flash drive on a remote client, and mapping ISO and diskette image files as virtual drives that are available for use by the server
- Uploading a diskette image to the IMM memory and mapping it to the server as a virtual drive

The blue-screen capture feature captures the video display contents before the IMM restarts the server when the IMM detects an operating-system hang condition. A system administrator can use the blue-screen capture to assist in determining the cause of the hang condition.

Enabling the remote presence feature

To enable the remote presence feature, complete the following steps:

- 1. Install the virtual media key into the dedicated slot on the system board (see "Installing an IBM virtual media key" on page 186).
- 2. Turn on the server.

Note: Approximately 40 seconds after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active.

Obtaining the IP address for the Web interface access

To access the Web interface and use the remote presence feature, you need the IP address for the IMM. You can obtain the IMM IP address through the Setup utility. To locate the IP address, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.

Note: Approximately 40 seconds after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active.

- 2. When the prompt F1 Setup is displayed, press <F1>. If you have set both a power-on password and an administrator password, you must type the administrator password to access the full Setup utility menu.
- 3. From the Setup utility main menu, select System Settings.
- 4. On the next screen, select **Integrated Management Module**.
- 5. On the next screen, select **Network Configuration**.
- 6. Find the IP address and write it down.
- 7. Exit from the Setup utility.

Logging on to the Web interface

To log on to the Web interface to use the remote presence functions, complete the following steps:

1. Open a Web browser on a computer that connects to the server and in the Address or URL field, type the IP address or host name of the IMM to which you want to connect.

Notes:

- a. If you are logging in to the IMM for the first time after installation, the IMM defaults to DHCP. If a DHCP host is not available, the IMM uses the default static IP address 192.168.70.125.
- b. You can obtain the DHCP-assigned IP address or the static IP address from the server firmware or from your network administrator.

The Login page is displayed.

2. Type the user name and password. If you are using the IMM for the first time, you can obtain the user name and password from your system administrator. All login attempts are documented in the event log. A welcome page opens in the browser.

Note: The IMM is set initially with a user name of USERID and password of PASSWORD (passw0rd with a zero, not the letter O). You have read/write access. For enhanced security, change this default password during the initial configuration.

- 3. On the Welcome page, type a timeout value (in minutes) in the field that is provided. The IMM will log you off the Web interface if your browser is inactive for the number of minutes that you entered for the timeout value.
- 4. Click Continue to start the session. The browser opens the System Status page, which displays the server status and the server health summary.

Using the USB memory key for VMware hypervisor

The VMware hypervisor is available on server models that come with an installed IBM USB Memory Key for VMware Hypervisor. The USB memory key installs in the USB hypervisor connector on the system daughter board. Hypervisor is virtualization software that enables multiple operating systems to run on a host computer at the same time. The USB memory key is required to activate the hypervisor functions.

Note: VMware 4.0 U1 does not support JBOD (Just a Bunch of Disks) hard disk drives in a server with ServeRAID M1015 SAS/SATA adapter installed.

To start using the embedded hypervisor functions, you must add the USB memory key to the startup sequence in the Setup utility.

To add the USB hypervisor memory key to the boot order, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.

Note: Approximately 40 seconds after the server is connected to ac power, the power-control button becomes active.

- 2. When the prompt F1 Setup is displayed, press F1.
- 3. From the Setup utility main menu, select **Boot Manager**.
- 4. Select Add Boot Option; then, select Hypervisor. Press Enter, and then press Esc.

- 5. Select Change Boot Order and then select Commit Changes; then, press Enter.
- Select Save Settings and then select Exit Setup.

For additional information and instructions, see the ESXi Embedded and vCenter Server Setup Guide at http://www.vmware.com/pdf/vsphere4/r40_u1/ vsp_40_u1_esxi_e_vc_setup_guide.pdf.

Configuring the Gigabit Ethernet controller

The Ethernet controllers are integrated on the system board. They provide an interface for connecting to a 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1 Gbps network and provide full-duplex (FDX) capability, which enables simultaneous transmission and reception of data on the network. If the Ethernet ports in the server support auto-negotiation, the controllers detect the data-transfer rate (10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-T) and duplex mode (full-duplex or half-duplex) of the network and automatically operate at that rate and mode.

You do not have to set any jumpers or configure the controllers. However, you must install a device driver to enable the operating system to address the controllers.

Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

To find device drivers and information about configuring the Ethernet controllers, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/.

Notes:

- 1. The integrated Ethernet controllers on the system board do not support Intel I/O Acceleration Technology (I/OAT).
- 2. Changes are made periodically to the IBM Web site. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

Enabling and configuring Serial over LAN (SOL)

Establish a Serial over LAN (SOL) connection to manage servers from a remote location. You can remotely view and change the BIOS settings, restart the server, identify the server, and perform other management functions. Any standard Telnet client application can access the SOL connection.

To enable and configure the server for SOL, you must update and configure the UEFI code; update and configure the integrated management module (IMM) firmware; update and configure the Ethernet controller firmware; and enable the operating system for an SOL connection.

UEFI update and configuration

To update and configure the UEFI code to enable SOL, complete the following steps:

- 1. Update the UEFI code:
 - a. Download the latest version of the UEFI code from http://www.ibm.com/ systems/support/.
 - b. Update the UEFI code, following the instructions that come with the update file that you downloaded.
- 2. Update the IMM firmware:
 - a. Download the latest version of the IMM firmware from http://www.ibm.com/ systems/support/.

- b. Update the IMM firmware, following the instructions that come with the update file that you downloaded.
- 3. Configure the UEFI settings:
 - a. When you are prompted to start the Configuration/Setup Utility program. restart the server and press F1.
 - b. Select System Settings → Devices and I/O Ports.
 - c. Select Console Redirection Settings; then, make sure that the values are set as follows:

COM Port 1: Enable

Remote Console: Enable

Serial Port Sharing: Enable

Serial Port Access Mode: Dedicated COM1 Settings

• Baud Rate: 115200

• Data Bits: 8

· Parity: None Stop

• Bits: 1

 Thermal Emulation: ANSI · Active After Boot: Enable Flow Control: Hardware

- d. Press Esc twice to exit the Devices and I/O Ports section of the Configuration/Setup Utility program.
- e. Select Save Settings; then, press Enter.
- f. Press Enter to confirm.
- g. Select Exit Setup; then, press Enter.
- h. Make sure that Yes, exit the Setup Utility is selected; then, press Enter.

Using the LSI Logic Configuration Utility program

Use the information in this section to configure an optional LSI RAID controller. If you need to configure an optional ServeRAID controller, see "Configuring a ServeRAID controller" on page 247. You can also select System Settings and Adapters and UEFI Drivers on the Setup utility to view a list of UEFI device drivers that support configuration; then, select the adapter that you want to configure to start a configuration program (see "Using the Setup utility" on page 233).

Use the LSI Logic Configuration Utility program to configure and manage redundant array of independent disks (RAID) arrays. Be sure to use the program as described in this document. Use the LSI Logic Configuration Utility program to perform the following tasks:

- · Perform a low-level format of a hard disk drive
- View or change IDs for attached devices
- · Set device scan order
- · Set protocol parameters on hard disk drives
- Configure arrays
- View your RAID configuration and associated devices
- Monitor operation of your RAID controllers
- · Create a mirrored pair of hard disk drives with or without a hot-spare drive

You can download an LSI command-line configuration program (CFG1030) from http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/. For more information about the RAID controller, go to http://www-304.ibm.com/jct01004c/systems/support/supportsite.wss/ docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-65723&brandind=5000008.

When you use the LSI Logic Configuration Utility program to configure and manage arrays, review the following information:

- When you create a RAID level-1 (mirrored) pair, all drives must be on the same channel.
- Hard disk drive capacities affect how you create arrays. The drives in an array can have different capacities, but the RAID controller treats them as if they all have the capacity of the smallest hard disk drive.
- You can set up a mirror after the operating system is installed on the primary drive only if you are using an integrated SAS/SATA controller with RAID capabilities. You must make sure that the primary drive has the lower RAID ID (for example, 0).

Important: If you use an integrated SAS/SATA controller with RAID capabilities to configure a RAID level-1 (mirrored) array after you have installed the operating system, you will lose access to any data or applications that were previously stored on the secondary drive of the mirrored pair.

· If you install a different type of RAID controller, follow the instructions in the documentation that comes with the controller to view or change RAID settings for attached devices.

The following sections provide instructions for starting the LSI Logic Configuration Utility program and performing selected functions.

Starting the LSI Logic Configuration Utility program

To start the LSI Logic Configuration Utility program, complete the following steps:

- 1. Turn on the server.
- 2. When the prompt <<< Press <CTRL><C> to start LSI Logic Configuration Utility >>> is displayed, press Ctrl+C. If you have set an administrator password, you are prompted to type the password.
- 3. To select a controller (channel) from the list of adapters, use the arrow keys and press Enter.
- 4. To change the settings of the selected items, follow the instructions on the screen. If you select **Device Properties** or **Mirroring Properties**, additional screens are displayed.

When you have finished changing settings, press Esc to exit from the program; select **Save** to save the settings that you have changed.

Formatting a hard disk drive

Low-level formatting removes all data from the hard disk. If there is data on the disk that you want to save, back up the hard disk before you perform this procedure.

Note: Before you format a hard disk, make sure that the disk is not part of a mirrored pair. From the list of adapters, select the controller (channel) for the drive that you want to format. Select Mirroring Properties and make sure that the mirroring value for the drive is None.

To format a drive, complete the following steps:

- 1. From the list of adapters, select the controller (channel) for the drive that you want to format.
- Select Device Properties.
- 3. To highlight the drive that you want to format, use the Up Arrow and Down Arrow keys. To scroll left and right, use the Left Arrow and Right Arrow keys or the End key.
- 4. To start the low-level formatting operation, select **Format** and press Enter.

Creating a mirrored pair of hard disk drives

To create a mirrored pair of hard disk drives, complete the following steps:

- 1. From the list of adapters, select the controller (channel) for the drives that you want to mirror.
- 2. Select Mirroring Properties.
- 3. Use the arrow keys to highlight the first drive in the pair; then, press the Minus key to change the mirroring value to **Primary**.
- 4. Use the arrow keys to highlight the second drive in the pair; then, press the Minus key to change the mirroring value to **Secondary**.
- 5. To establish a third drive that will take over the function of either mirrored drive in the event of a failure, use the arrow keys to highlight the drive that you want to use for that purpose; then, press the Minus key to change the mirroring value to Hot Spare.

Configuring a ServeRAID controller

Use the information in this section to configure an optional ServeRAID controller. If you need to configure an optional LSI RAID controller, see "Using the LSI Logic Configuration Utility program" on page 245. You can also select System Settings and Adapters and UEFI Drivers on the Setup utility to view a list of UEFI device drivers that support configuration; then, select the adapter that you want to configure to start a configuration program (see "Using the Setup utility" on page 233).

Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

To update the firmware and server firmware for an optional ServeRAID controller, you must use the IBM ServeRAID Support CD that comes with the controller.

For more information about the ServeRAID controller, go to http://www-304.ibm.com/jct01004c/systems/support/supportsite.www/docdisplay?Indocid=MIGR-4JTS2T&brandind=5000008.

Starting the Intel Matrix Storage Manager option ROM program

The system firmware provides software RAID capabilities that supports RAID levels 0 and 1 on simple-swap models. The following describes the information you must consider when you configure software RAID:

- Software RAID is only supported on servers running Windows Server 2008 R2.
- When you enable software RAID on simple-swap models of the server, you will no longer be able to use the IBM Director, Dynamic System Analysis (DSA), and ServerGuide tools to configure, diagnose, or update hard drives on simple-swap models. However, you will still be able to use these tools to configure or diagnose other simple-swap server model features and components.

 When configuring software RAID, do not install a hard disk drive or create a boot volume that is bigger than 2 TB.

To start the Intel Matrix Storage Manager option ROM program, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the server.

Note: If you are connecting the server to an ac power source for the first time, do not press the power-control button until the power LED flashes.

- 2. When the prompt <F1> Setup is displayed, press F1. If you have set an administrator password, you are prompted to type the password.
- 3. Select System Settings -> Devices and IO ports.
- 4. In Configure SATA as, select RAID.



- 5. Save the changes and exit Setup utility.
- 6. When the prompt Press <CTRL>-I to enter Configuration Utility .. displays, press Ctrl+I.
- 7. Follow the instruction on the screen to configure RAID.

```
Intel(R) Matrix Storage Manager option ROM v8.8.0.1009 ICH10R/DO wRAID5
Copyright(C) 2003-09 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.
                                      =[ MAIN MENU ]=
3.
                                                        Reset Disks to Non-RAID
                                                        Recovery Volume Options
              Delete RAID Volume
                                            Exit.
                             =[ DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION ]=
                                                                   * = Data is Encrypted
RAID Unlumes:
None defined.
Physical Disks:
Port Drive Model
                          Serial #
                                                                    Type/Status(Vol ID)
                                                         Size
                                                         149.0GB
74.5GB
     Maxtor 6Y160M0
                           Y48E6R0E
                                                                    Non-RAID Disk
     Maxtor 6Y080M0
                                                                    Non-RAID Disk
         [11]-Select
                                   [ESC]-Exit
                                                             [ENTER1-Select Menu
```

IBM Advanced Settings Utility program

The IBM Advanced Settings Utility (ASU) program is an alternative to the Setup utility for modifying server firmware settings. Use the ASU program online or out-of-band to modify server firmware settings from the command line without the need to restart the server to access the Setup utility.

You can also use the ASU program to configure the optional remote presence features or other IMM settings. The remote presence features provide enhanced systems-management capabilities.

In addition, the ASU program provides limited settings for configuring the IPMI function in the IMM through the command-line interface.

Use the command-line interface to issue setup commands. You can save any of the settings as a file and run the file as a script. The ASU program supports scripting environments through a batch-processing mode.

For more information and to download the ASU program, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/.

Updating IBM Systems Director

If you plan to use IBM Systems Director to manage the server, you must check for the latest applicable IBM Systems Director updates and interim fixes.

To install the IBM Systems Director updates and any other applicable updates and interim fixes, complete the following steps.

Note: Changes are made periodically to the IBM Web site. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

To locate and install a newer version of IBM Systems Director, complete the following steps:

- Check for the latest version of IBM Systems Director.
 - a. Go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/management/director/downloads.html.

- b. If a newer version of IBM Systems Director than what comes with the server is shown in the drop-down list, follow the instructions on the Web page to download the latest version.
- Install IBM Systems Director program.

If your management server is connected to the Internet, to locate and install updates and interim fixes, complete the following steps:

- 1. Make sure that you have run the Discovery and Inventory collection tasks.
- On the Welcome page of the IBM Systems Director Web interface, click View updates.
- 3. Click **Check for updates**. The available updates are displayed in a table.
- Select the updates that you want to install, and click **Install** to start the installation wizard.

If your management server is not connected to the Internet, to locate and install updates and interim fixes, complete the following steps:

- 1. Make sure that you have run the Discovery and Inventory collection tasks.
- 2. On a system that is connected to the Internet, go to http://www.ibm.com/eserver/support/fixes/fixcentral/.
- 3. From the Product family list, select IBM Systems Director.
- 4. From the Product list, select IBM Systems Director.
- 5. From the **Installed version** list, select the latest version, and click **Continue**.
- 6. Download the available updates.
- 7. Copy the downloaded files to the management server.
- 8. On the management server, on the Welcome page of the IBM Systems Director Web interface, click the **Manage** tab, and click **Update Manage**.
- 9. Click **Import updates** and specify the location of the downloaded files that you copied to the management server.
- 10. Return to the Welcome page of the Web interface, and click View updates.
- 11. Select the updates that you want to install, and click **Install** to start the installation wizard.

Updating the Universal Unique Identifier (UUID)

The Universal Unique Identifier (UUID) must be updated when the system board is replaced. Use the Advanced Settings Utility to update the UUID in the UEFI-based server. The ASU is an online tool that supports several operating systems. Make sure that you download the version for your operating system. You can download the ASU from the IBM Web site. To download the ASU and update the UUID, complete the following steps.

Note: Changes are made periodically to the IBM Web site. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

- 1. To download the Advanced Settings Utility (ASU), go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/.
- 2. ASU sets the UUID in the Integrated Management Module (IMM). Select one of the following methods to access the Integrated Management Module (IMM) to set the UUID:
 - Online from the target system (LAN or keyboard console style (KCS) access)
 - Remote access to the target system (LAN based)

- Bootable media containing ASU (LAN or KCS, depending upon the bootable media)
- 3. Copy and unpack the ASU package, which also includes other required files, to the server. Make sure that you unpack the ASU and the required files to the same directory. In addition to the application executable (asu or asu64), the following files are required:
 - · For Windows based operating systems:
 - ibm_rndis_server_os.inf
 - device.cat
 - · For Linux based operating systems:
 - cdc_interface.sh
- 4. After you install ASU, use the following command syntax to set the UUID: asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid value> [access method] Where:

<uuid value>

Up to 16-byte hexadecimal value assigned by you.

[access method]

The access method that you selected to use from the following methods:

Online authenticated LAN access, type the command:

[host <imm_internal_ip>] [user <imm_user_id>][password <imm password>]

Where:

imm internal ip

The IMM internal LAN/USB IP address. The default value is 169.254.95.118.

imm_user_id

The IMM account (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

imm_password

The IMM account password (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is PASSW0RD (with a zero 0 not an O).

Note: If you do not specify any of these parameters, ASU will use the default values. When the default values are used and ASU is unable to access the IMM using the online authenticated LAN access method, ASU will automatically use the unauthenticated KCS access method.

The following commands are examples of using the userid and password default values and not using the default values:

Example that does not use the userid and password default values: asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid value> user <user id> password <password>

Example that does use the userid and password default values: asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid value>

Online KCS access (unauthenticated and user restricted):

You do not need to specify a value for access method when you use this access method.

Example:

asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid value>

The KCS access method uses the IPMI/KCS interface. This method requires that the IPMI driver be installed. Some operating systems have the IPMI driver installed by default. ASU provides the corresponding mapping layer. See the Advanced Settings Utility Users Guide for more details. You can access the ASU Users Guide from the IBM Web site.

Remote LAN access, type the command:

Note: When using the remote LAN access method to access IMM using the LAN from a client, the host and the imm external ip address are required parameters.

host <imm external ip> [user <imm user id>[[password <imm password>] Where:

imm external ip

The external IMM LAN IP address. There is no default value. This parameter is required.

imm_user_id

The IMM account (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

imm password

The IMM account password (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is PASSW0RD (with a zero 0 not an O).

The following commands are examples of using the userid and password default values and not using the default values:

Example that does not use the userid and password default values: asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid value> host <imm ip> user <user id> password <password>

Example that does use the userid and password default values: asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoUUID <uuid value> host <imm ip>

Bootable media:

You can also build a bootable media using the applications available through the Tools Center Web site at http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolsctr/ v1r0/index.jsp. From the left pane, click IBM System x and BladeCenter Tools Center, then click Tool reference for the available tools.

Restart the server.

Updating the DMI/SMBIOS data

The Desktop Management Interface (DMI) must be updated when the system board is replaced. Use the Advanced Settings Utility to update the DMI in the UEFI-based server. The ASU is an online tool that supports several operating systems. Make sure that you download the version for your operating system. You can download the ASU from the IBM Web site. To download the ASU and update the DMI, complete the following steps.

Note: Changes are made periodically to the IBM Web site. The actual procedure might vary slightly from what is described in this document.

 To download the Advanced Settings Utility (ASU), go to http://www.ibm.com/ systems/support/.

- 2. ASU sets the DMI in the Integrated Management Module (IMM). Select one of the following methods to access the Integrated Management Module (IMM) to set the DMI:
 - Online from the target system (LAN or keyboard console style (KCS) access)
 - Remote access to the target system (LAN based)
 - Bootable media containing ASU (LAN or KCS, depending upon the bootable media)
- 3. Copy and unpack the ASU package, which also includes other required files, to the server. Make sure that you unpack the ASU and the required files to the same directory. In addition to the application executable (asu or asu64), the following files are required:
 - For Windows based operating systems:
 - ibm_rndis_server_os.inf
 - device.cat
 - For Linux based operating systems:
 - cdc interface.sh
- 4. After you install ASU, type the following commands to set the DMI:

```
asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t model> [access method]
asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoProdIdentifier <system model> [access method]
asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> [access method]
asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset tag> [access method]
Where:
```

<m/t model>

The server machine type and model number. Type mtm xxxxyy, where xxxx is the machine type and yyy is the server model number.

< system model>

The system model. Type system yyyyyyy, where yyyyyyy is the product identifier such as x3620M3.

The serial number on the server. Type sn zzzzzzz, where zzzzzzz is the <s/n> serial number.

<asset method>

The server asset tag number. Type asset aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa, where aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa is the asset tag number.

[access method]

The access method that you select to use from the following methods:

Online authenticated LAN access, type the command:

```
[host <imm internal ip>] [user <imm user id>][password
<imm password>]
```

Where:

imm internal ip

The IMM internal LAN/USB IP address. The default value is 169.254.95.118.

imm user id

The IMM account (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

imm_password

The IMM account password (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is PASSW0RD (with a zero 0 not an O).

Note: If you do not specify any of these parameters, ASU will use the default values. When the default values are used and ASU is unable to access the IMM using the online authenticated LAN access method, ASU will automatically use the following unauthenticated KCS access method.

The following commands are examples of using the userid and password default values and not using the default values:

```
Examples that do not use the userid and password default values:
asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t model> user
<imm user id> password <imm password>
asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoProdIdentifier <system model>
--user <imm user id> --password <imm password>
asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> user
<imm user id> password <imm password>
asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset tag> user
<imm user id> password <imm password>
```

Examples that do use the userid and password default values: asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t model> asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoProdIdentifier <system model> asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset tag>

Online KCS access (unauthenticated and user restricted):

You do not need to specify a value for access_method when you use this access method.

The KCS access method uses the IPMI/KCS interface. This method requires that the IPMI driver be installed. Some operating systems have the IPMI driver installed by default. ASU provides the corresponding mapping layer. See the Advanced Settings Utility Users Guide at http:://www-947.ibm.com/ systems/support/supportsite.wss/docdisplay?brandind=5000008 &Indocid=MIGR-55021 for more details.

The following commands are examples of using the userid and password default values and not using the default values:

```
Examples that do not use the userid and password default values:
asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t model>
asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoProdIdentifier <system model>
asu set SYSTEM_PROD DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n>
asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset tag>
```

Remote LAN access, type the command:

Note: When using the remote LAN access method to access IMM using the LAN from a client, the *host* and the *imm_external_ip* address are required parameters.

```
host <imm external ip> [user <imm user id>[[password <imm password>]
Where:
```

```
imm_external_ip
```

The external IMM LAN IP address. There is no default value. This parameter is required.

imm_user_id

The IMM account (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

imm_password

The IMM account password (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is PASSW0RD (with a zero 0 not an O).

The following commands are examples of using the userid and password default values and not using the default values:

Examples that do not use the userid and password default values: asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t model> host <imm ip> user <imm user id> password <imm password> asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoProdIdentifier <system model> host <imm ip> user <imm_user_id> password <imm_password> asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> host <imm ip> user <imm user id> password <imm password> asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset tag> host <imm ip> user <imm_user_id> password <imm_password>

Examples that do use the userid and password default values: asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t model> host <imm ip> asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoProdIdentifier <system model> host <imm ip> asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> host <imm ip> asu set SYSTEM PROD DATA.SysEncloseAssetTag <asset tag> host <imm ip>

· Bootable media:

You can also build a bootable media using the applications available through the Tools Center Web site at http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/toolsctr/ v1r0/index.jsp. From the left pane, click IBM System x and BladeCenter Tools Center, then click Tool reference for the available tools.

5. Restart the server.

Appendix A. Getting help and technical assistance

If you need help, service, or technical assistance or just want more information about IBM products, you will find a wide variety of sources available from IBM to assist you. This section contains information about where to go for additional information about IBM and IBM products, what to do if you experience a problem with your system, and whom to call for service, if it is necessary.

Before you call

Before you call, make sure that you have taken these steps to try to solve the problem yourself:

- Check all cables to make sure that they are connected.
- Check the power switches to make sure that the system and any optional devices are turned on.
- Use the troubleshooting information in your system documentation, and use the
 diagnostic tools that come with your system. Information about diagnostic tools is
 in the *Problem Determination and Service Guide* on the IBM *Documentation* CD
 that comes with your system.
- Go to the IBM support Web site at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ to check for technical information, hints, tips, and new device drivers or to submit a request for information.

You can solve many problems without outside assistance by following the troubleshooting procedures that IBM provides in the online help or in the documentation that is provided with your IBM product. The documentation that comes with IBM systems also describes the diagnostic tests that you can perform. Most systems, operating systems, and programs come with documentation that contains troubleshooting procedures and explanations of error messages and error codes. If you suspect a software problem, see the documentation for the operating system or program.

Using the documentation

Information about your IBM system and preinstalled software, if any, or optional device is available in the documentation that comes with the product. That documentation can include printed documents, online documents, readme files, and help files. See the troubleshooting information in your system documentation for instructions for using the diagnostic programs. The troubleshooting information or the diagnostic programs might tell you that you need additional or updated device drivers or other software. IBM maintains pages on the World Wide Web where you can get the latest technical information and download device drivers and updates. To access these pages, go to http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/ and follow the instructions. Also, some documents are available through the IBM Publications Center at http://www.ibm.com/shop/publications/order/.

Getting help and information from the World Wide Web

On the World Wide Web, the IBM Web site has up-to-date information about IBM systems, optional devices, services, and support. The address for IBM System $x^{(0)}$ and xSeries information is http://www.ibm.com/systems/x/. The address for IBM BladeCenter information is http://www.ibm.com/systems/bladecenter/. The address for IBM IntelliStation information is http://www.ibm.com/intellistation/.

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You can find service information for IBM systems and optional devices at http://www.ibm.com/systems/support/.

Software service and support

Through IBM Support Line, you can get telephone assistance, for a fee, with usage, configuration, and software problems with System x and xSeries servers, BladeCenter products, IntelliStation workstations, and appliances. For information about which products are supported by Support Line in your country or region, see http://www.ibm.com/services/sl/products/.

For more information about Support Line and other IBM services, see http://www.ibm.com/services/, or see http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/ for support telephone numbers. In the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-IBM-SERV (1-800-426-7378).

Hardware service and support

You can receive hardware service through your IBM reseller or IBM Services. To locate a reseller authorized by IBM to provide warranty service, go to http://www.ibm.com/partnerworld/ and click **Find a Business Partner** on the right side of the page. For IBM support telephone numbers, see http://www.ibm.com/planetwide/. In the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-IBM-SERV (1-800-426-7378).

In the U.S. and Canada, hardware service and support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. In the U.K., these services are available Monday through Friday, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

IBM Taiwan product service

台灣IBM產品服務聯絡方式: 台灣國際商業機器股份有限公司 台北市松仁路7號3樓 電話:0800-016-888

IBM Taiwan product service contact information:
IBM Taiwan Corporation
3F, No 7, Song Ren Rd.
Taipei, Taiwan
Telephone: 0800-016-888

....

Appendix B. Notices

This information was developed for products and services offered in the U.S.A.

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Java and all Java-based trademarks and logos are trademarks or registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds in the United States, other countries, or both.

Microsoft, Windows, and Windows NT are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group in the United States and other countries.

Important notes

Processor speed indicates the internal clock speed of the microprocessor; other factors also affect application performance.

CD or DVD drive speed is the variable read rate. Actual speeds vary and are often less than the possible maximum.

When referring to processor storage, real and virtual storage, or channel volume, KB stands for 1024 bytes, MB stands for 1,048,576 bytes, and GB stands for 1,073,741,824 bytes.

When referring to hard disk drive capacity or communications volume, MB stands for 1,000,000 bytes, and GB stands for 1,000,000 bytes. Total user-accessible capacity can vary depending on operating environments.

Maximum internal hard disk drive capacities assume the replacement of any standard hard disk drives and population of all hard disk drive bays with the largest currently supported drives that are available from IBM.

Maximum memory might require replacement of the standard memory with an optional memory module.

IBM makes no representation or warranties regarding non-IBM products and services that are ServerProven[®], including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. These products are offered and warranted solely by third parties.

IBM makes no representations or warranties with respect to non-IBM products. Support (if any) for the non-IBM products is provided by the third party, not IBM.

Some software might differ from its retail version (if available) and might not include user manuals or all program functionality.

Particulate contamination

Attention: Airborne particulates (including metal flakes or particles) and reactive gases acting alone or in combination with other environmental factors such as humidity or temperature might pose a risk to the server that is described in this document. Risks that are posed by the presence of excessive particulate levels or concentrations of harmful gases include damage that might cause the server to malfunction or cease functioning altogether. This specification sets forth limits for particulates and gases that are intended to avoid such damage. The limits must not be viewed or used as definitive limits, because numerous other factors, such as temperature or moisture content of the air, can influence the impact of particulates or environmental corrosives and gaseous contaminant transfer. In the absence of specific limits that are set forth in this document, you must implement practices that maintain particulate and gas levels that are consistent with the protection of human health and safety. If IBM determines that the levels of particulates or gases in your environment have caused damage to the server, IBM may condition provision of repair or replacement of servers or parts on implementation of appropriate remedial measures to mitigate such environmental contamination. Implementation of such remedial measures is a customer responsibility.

Table 15. Limits for particulates and gases

Contaminant	Limits
Particulate	 The room air must be continuously filtered with 40% atmospheric dust spot efficiency (MERV 9) according to ASHRAE Standard 52.2¹. Air that enters a data center must be filtered to 99.97% efficiency or greater, using high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters that meet MIL-STD-282. The deliquescent relative humidity of the particulate contamination must be more than 60%². The room must be free of conductive contamination such as zinc whiskers.
Gaseous	 Copper: Class G1 as per ANSI/ISA 71.04-1985³ Silver: Corrosion rate of less than 300 Å in 30 days

¹ ASHRAE 52.2-2008 - Method of Testing General Ventilation Air-Cleaning Devices for Removal Efficiency by Particle Size. Atlanta: American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc.

Documentation format

The publications for this product are in Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) and should be compliant with accessibility standards. If you experience difficulties when you use the PDF files and want to request a Web-based format or accessible PDF document for a publication, direct your mail to the following address:

Information Development IBM Corporation 205/A015 3039 E. Cornwallis Road P.O. Box 12195 Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709-2195

² The deliquescent relative humidity of particulate contamination is the relative humidity at which the dust absorbs enough water to become wet and promote ionic conduction.

³ ANSI/ISA-71.04-1985. Environmental conditions for process measurement and control systems: Airborne contaminants. Instrument Society of America, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, U.S.A.

U.S.A.

In the request, be sure to include the publication part number and title.

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Telecommunication regulatory statement

This product is not intended to be connected directly or indirectly by any means whatsoever to interfaces of public telecommunications networks, nor is it intended to be used in a public services network.

Electronic emission notices

When you attach a monitor to the equipment, you must use the designated monitor cable and any interference suppression devices that are supplied with the monitor.

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) statement

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Properly shielded and grounded cables and connectors must be used in order to meet FCC emission limits. IBM is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by using other than recommended cables and connectors or by unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment. Unauthorized changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Industry Canada Class A emission compliance statement

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Avis de conformité à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

Australia and New Zealand Class A statement

Attention: This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

European Union EMC Directive conformance statement

This product is in conformity with the protection requirements of EU Council Directive 2004/108/EC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility. IBM cannot accept responsibility for any failure to satisfy the protection requirements resulting from a nonrecommended modification of the product, including the fitting of non-IBM option cards.

Attention: This is an EN 55022 Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Responsible manufacturer:

International Business Machines Corp. New Orchard Road Armonk, New York 10504 914-499-1900

European Community contact:

IBM Technical Regulations, Department M456 IBM-Allee 1, 71137 Ehningen, Germany Telephone: +49 7032 15-2937

E-mail: tjahn@de.ibm.com

Germany Class A statement

Deutschsprachiger EU Hinweis:

Hinweis für Geräte der Klasse A EU-Richtlinie zur Elektromagnetischen Verträglichkeit

Dieses Produkt entspricht den Schutzanforderungen der EU-Richtlinie 2004/108/EG zur Angleichung der Rechtsvorschriften über die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit in den EU-Mitgliedsstaaten und hält die Grenzwerte der EN 55022 Klasse A ein.

Um dieses sicherzustellen, sind die Geräte wie in den Handbüchern beschrieben zu installieren und zu betreiben. Des Weiteren dürfen auch nur von der IBM empfohlene Kabel angeschlossen werden. IBM übernimmt keine Verantwortung für die Einhaltung der Schutzanforderungen, wenn das Produkt ohne Zustimmung der IBM verändert bzw. wenn Erweiterungskomponenten von Fremdherstellern ohne Empfehlung der IBM gesteckt/eingebaut werden.

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Deutschland: Einhaltung des Gesetzes über die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit von Geräten

Dieses Produkt entspricht dem "Gesetz über die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit von Geräten (EMVG)". Dies ist die Umsetzung der EU-Richtlinie 2004/108/EG in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland.

Zulassungsbescheinigung laut dem Deutschen Gesetz über die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit von Geräten (EMVG) (bzw. der EMC EG Richtlinie 2004/108/EG) für Geräte der Klasse A

Dieses Gerät ist berechtigt, in Übereinstimmung mit dem Deutschen EMVG das EG-Konformitätszeichen - CE - zu führen.

Verantwortlich für die Einhaltung der EMV Vorschriften ist der Hersteller:

International Business Machines Corp. New Orchard Road Armonk, New York 10504 914-499-1900

Der verantwortliche Ansprechpartner des Herstellers in der EU ist:

IBM Deutschland Technical Regulations, Department M456 IBM-Allee 1, 71137 Ehningen, Germany Telephone: +49 7032 15-2937

E-mail: tjahn@de.ibm.com

Generelle Informationen:

Das Gerät erfüllt die Schutzanforderungen nach EN 55024 und EN 55022 Klasse A.

Japan VCCI Class A statement

この装置は、クラス A 情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用する と電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策 を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。 VCCI-A

This is a Class A product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI). If this equipment is used in a domestic environment, radio interference may occur, in which case the user may be required to take corrective actions.

Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association (JEITA) statement

高調波ガイドライン適合品

Japanese Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association (JEITA) Confirmed Harmonics Guideline (products less than or equal to 20 A per phase)

Korea Communications Commission (KCC) statement

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This is electromagnetic wave compatibility equipment for business (Type A). Sellers and users need to pay attention to it. This is for any areas other than home.

Russia Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) Class A statement

ВНИМАНИЕ! Настоящее изделие относится к классу А. В жилых помещениях оно может создавать радиопомехи, для снижения которых необходимы дополнительные меры

People's Republic of China Class A electronic emission statement

中华人民共和国"A类"警告声明

此为A级产品,在生活环境中,该产品可能会造成无线电干扰。在这种情况下,可能需要用户对其干扰采取切实可行的措施。

Taiwan Class A compliance statement

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